





CCAPP Grad Student 2015-21 & Postdoc 2021-23

Towards New Cosmic Ray and Neutrino Measurements with Balloon-Borne Detectors

Keith McBride

University of Chicago

Grainger Fellow

My introduction to Prof Jim Beatty's lab

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- Jim designs cosmic ray detectors that fly on balloons...



My introduction to Prof Jim Beatty's lab

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Cosmic radiation, 1912



Credit: NY Times

My introduction to Prof Jim Beatty's lab

ANtarctic Impulsive Transient Antenna (ANITA -IV)

- Jim designs cosmic ray detectors that fly on balloons...
- 100 years later, still use balloon-borne experiments



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ANITA searches for ultrahigh energy ($>10^{18}$ eV) neutrinos in the Antarctic ice

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- Some things are different
 - We don't put people on the balloons anymore
 - Helium gas instead of Hydrogen



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- Jim designs cosmic ray detectors that fly on balloons...
 - 100 years later, still use balloon-borne experiments
 - Some things are different
 - We don't put people on the balloons anymore
 - Helium gas instead of Hydrogen
- Jim said "Keith, take some shifts monitoring the payload while its in the air"



Launched Dec 2016

ANITA searches for ultrahigh energy ($>10^{18}$ eV) neutrinos in the Antarctic ice

I learned things like

I learned things like

Voltage on the solar panels never changed

Science TM Display 675N Comm1 TDRSS 18:45:44

PV_V_MEAS (Analog #1):	66.16	VOLTS
PV_I_MEAS (Analog #2):	6.08	AMPS
+24V_V_MEAS (Analog #3):	26.35	VOLTS
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Writing data to hard drives was important to everybody

December 8th, 2016

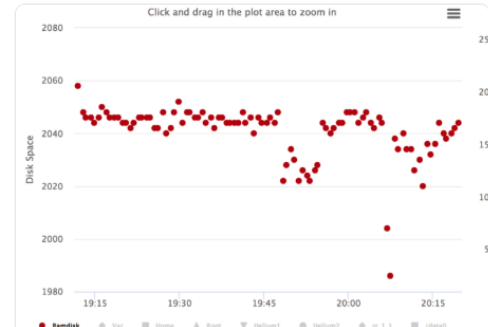
Amy Connolly 3:08 PM
the other day the ramdisk space did a little jump down and back up about 2.5 hours before it suddenly filled up

Jacob Gordon 3:08 PM
I am not sure, but seeing that happen on those scales is not uncommon.

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not sure if it was related or not

Jacob Gordon 3:10 PM
Well, it did do a little jump down and then back up.
and I guess its more like a 20Mb drop, not 10 (edited)

eric oberla 3:26 PM
[@eric o](#) uploaded a file: [ramDisk_run121.png](#)
ramDisk_run121.png



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Prof Amy Connolly



Dr. Patrick Allison



Keith McBride - University of Chicago

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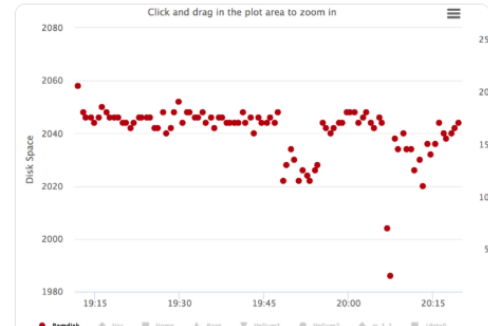
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The scatter plot shows 'Disk Space' on the y-axis (ranging from 1980 to 2080) and time on the x-axis (ranging from 19:15 to 20:15). Red dots represent data points. The plot shows a general downward trend from approximately 2060 at 19:15 to 2020 at 19:45, followed by a sharp drop to around 2000 at 20:00, and then a recovery to about 2040 by 20:15. A legend at the bottom indicates 'Ramdisk' with a red dot.

I learned things like

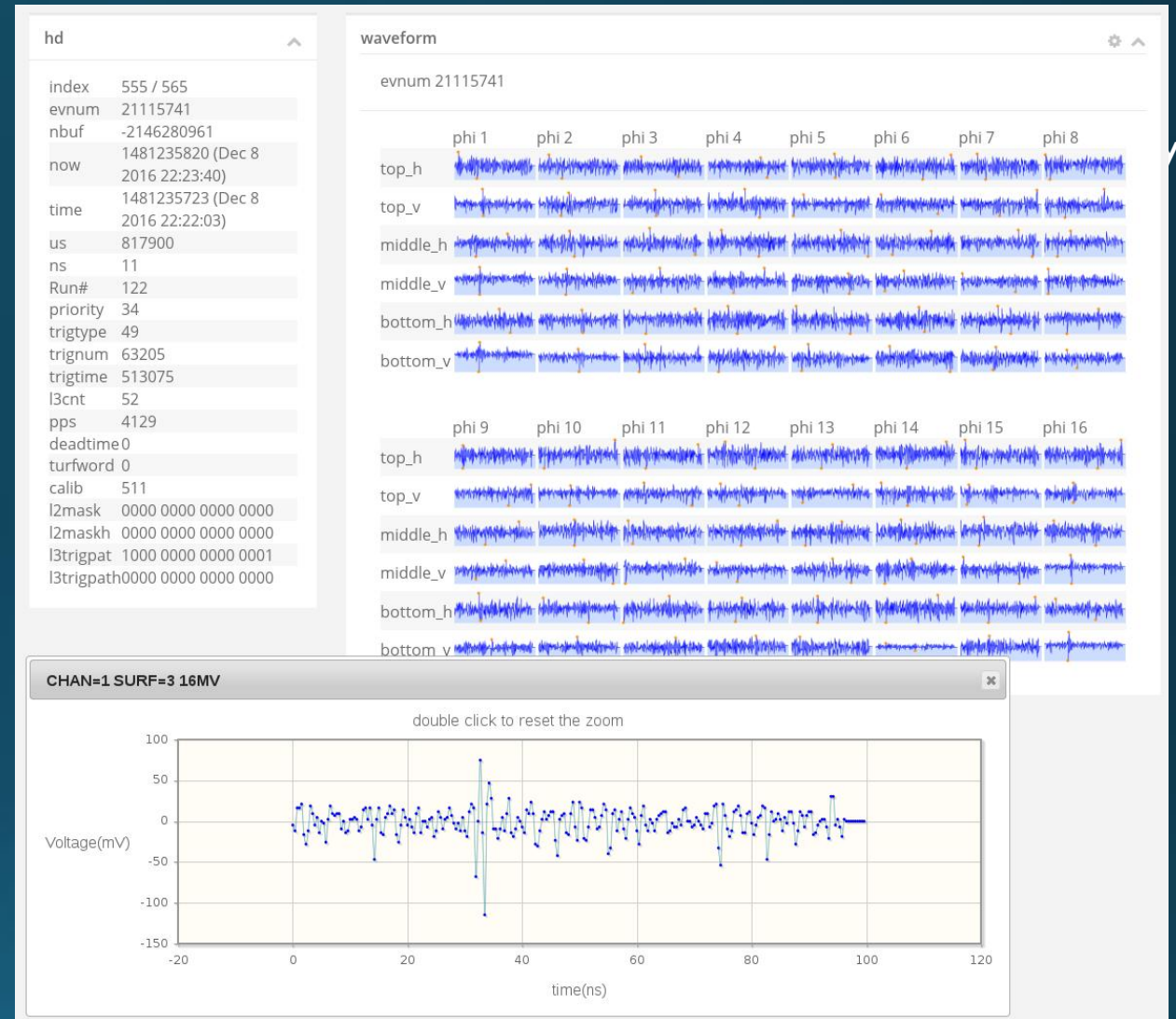
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Dr. Patrick Allison



After looking at ~20 events of waveforms/radio data, I found no neutrinos.

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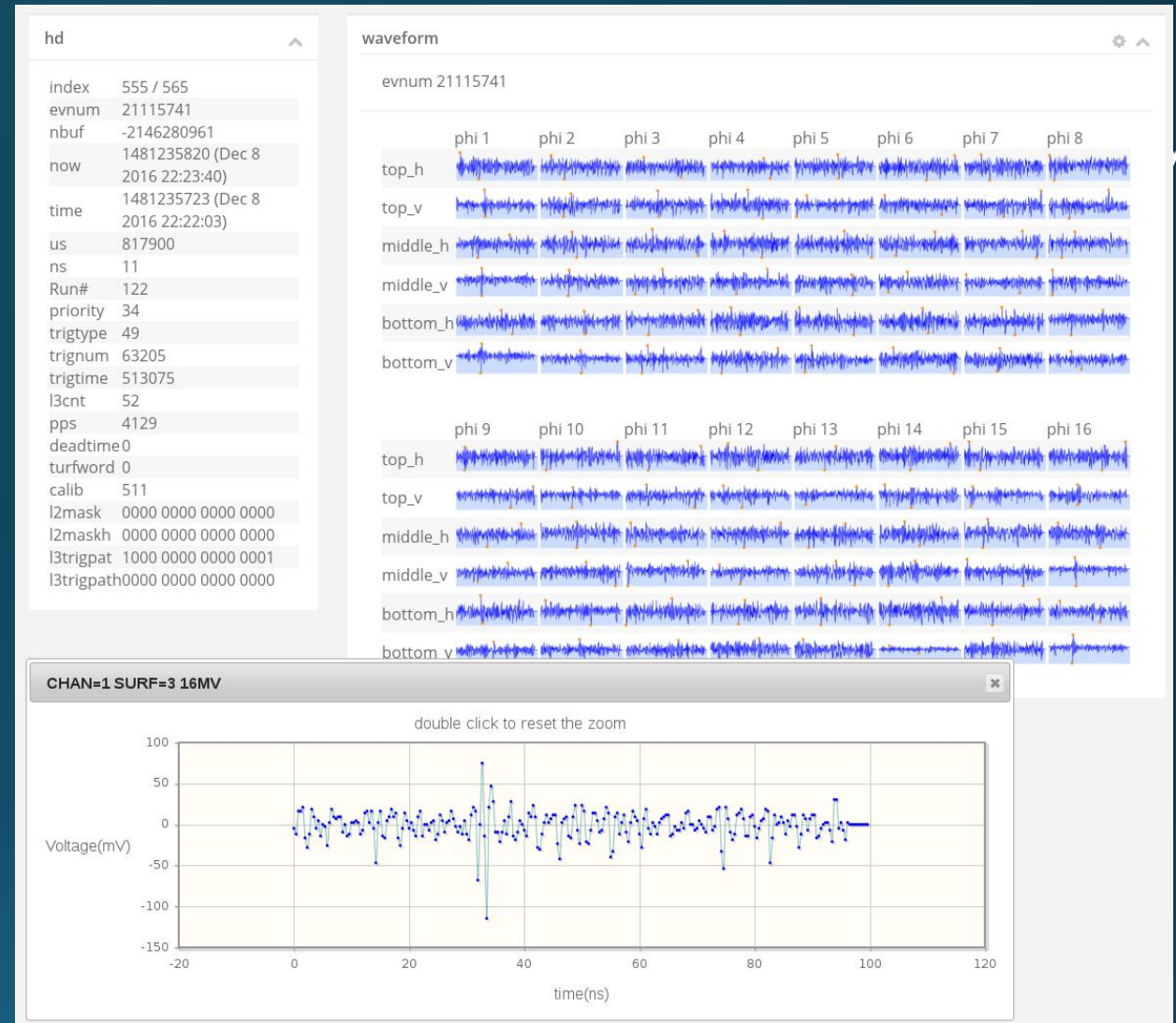
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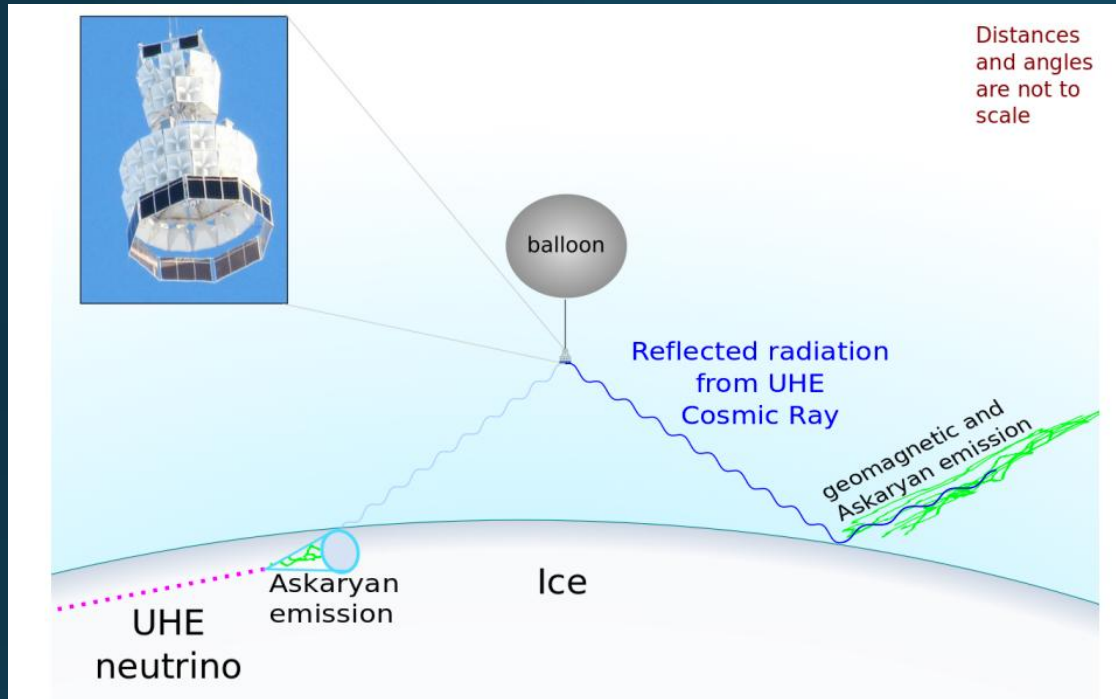
Dr. Patrick Allison



After looking at ~20 events of waveforms/radio data, I found no neutrinos. There were ~100 million triggers...

Early grad student project

Early grad student project



Early grad student project

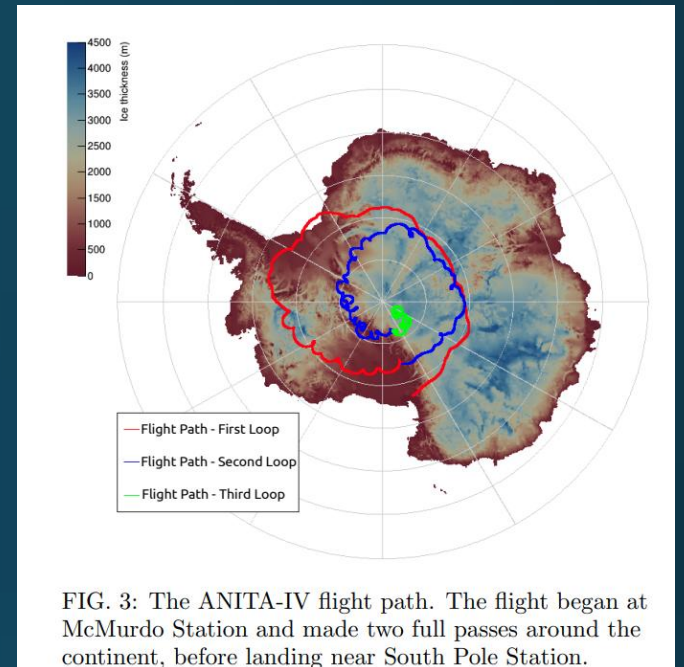
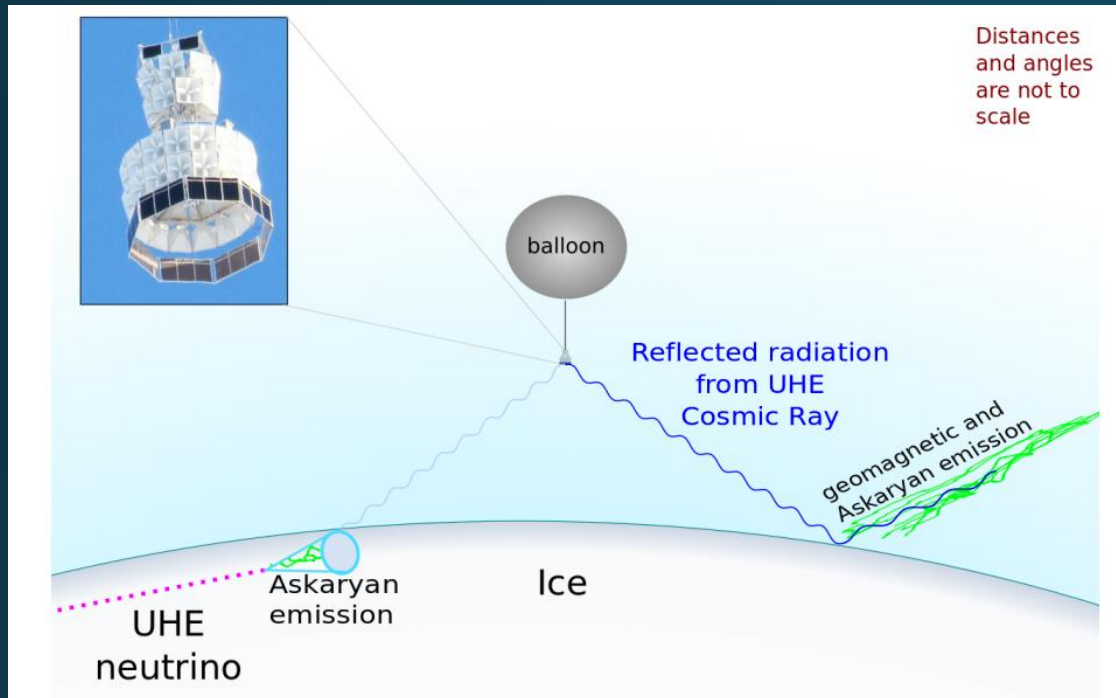
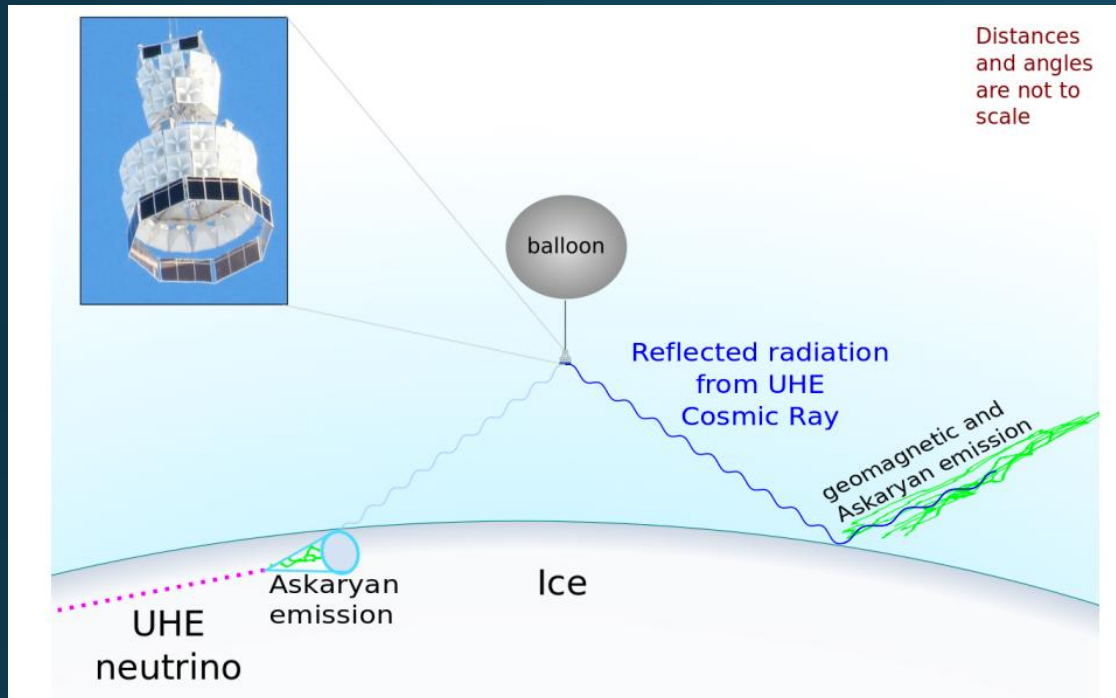


FIG. 3: The ANITA-IV flight path. The flight began at McMurdo Station and made two full passes around the continent, before landing near South Pole Station.

Early grad student project



Dr. Oindree Banerjee

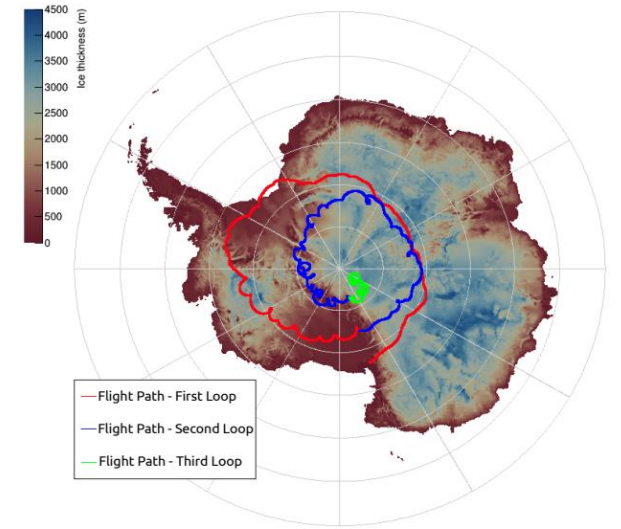
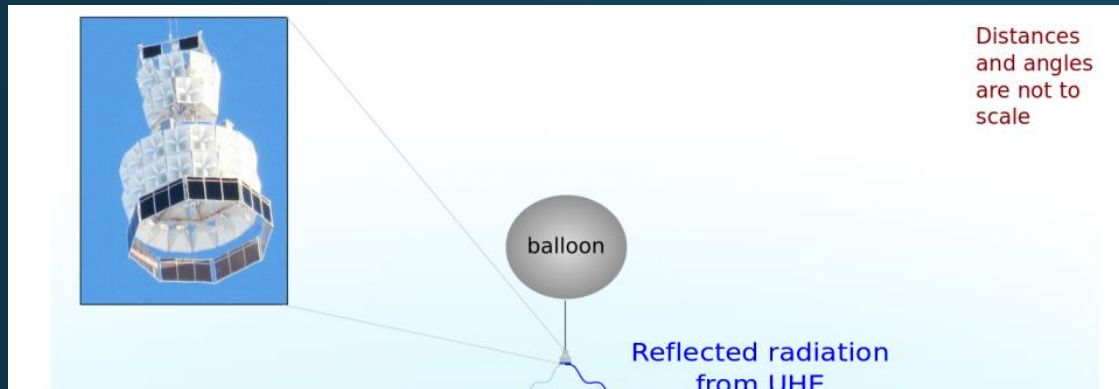
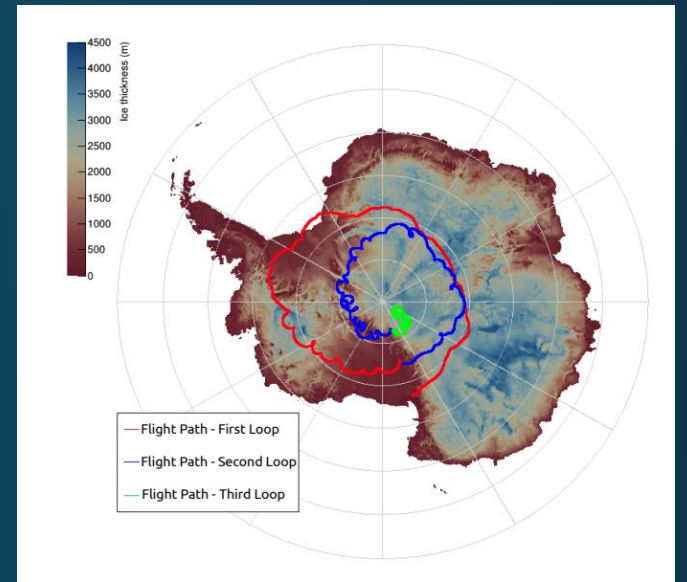


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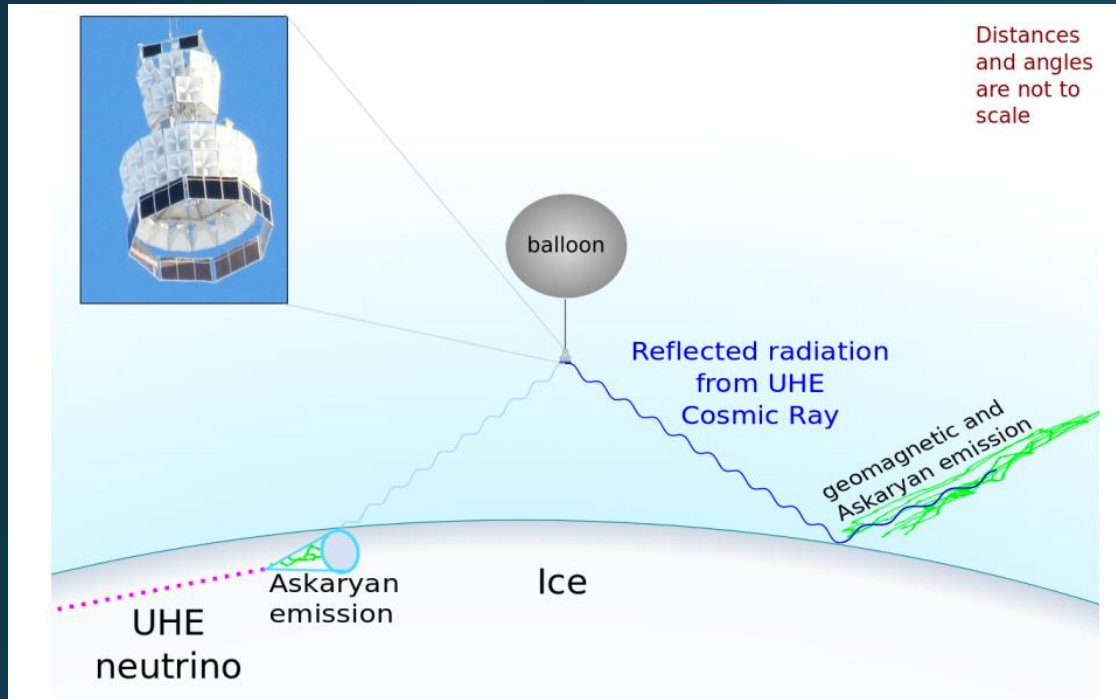
Early grad student project



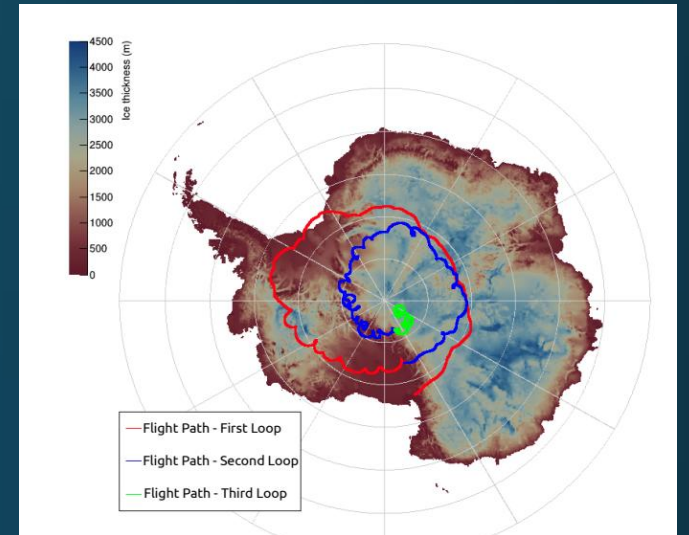
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Early grad student project



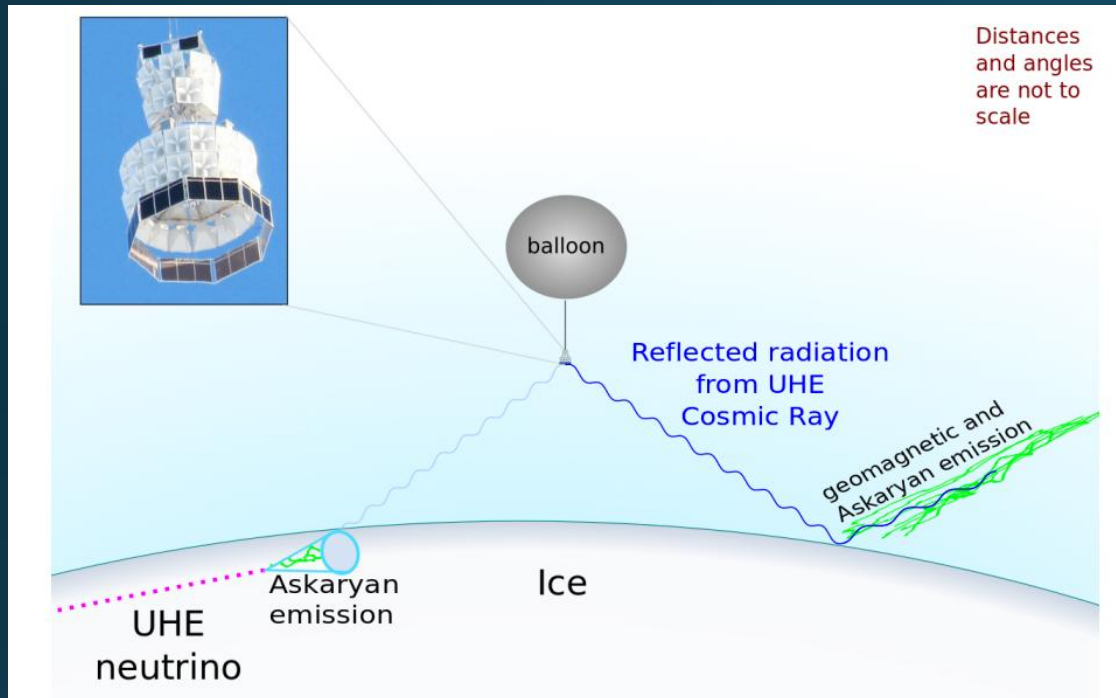
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Prof. Steven Prohira



Early grad student project



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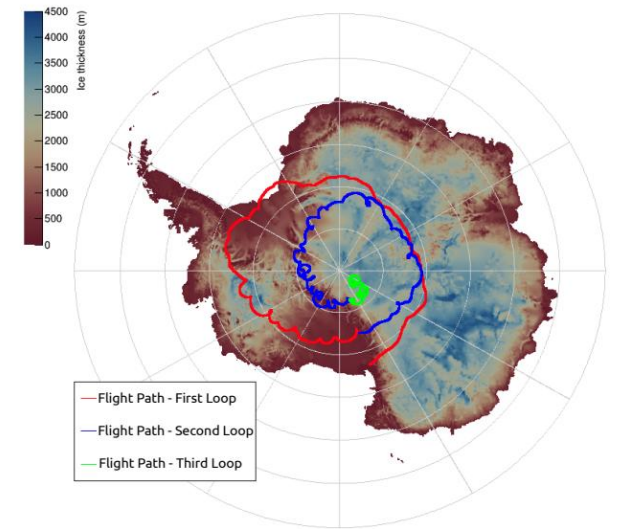


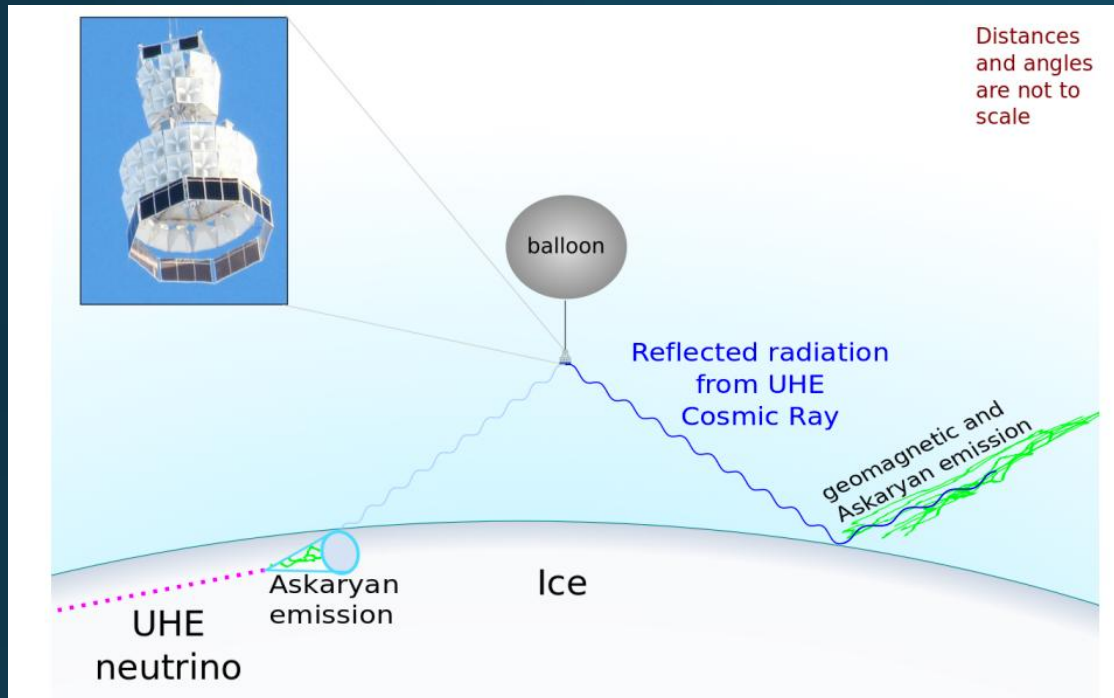
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The simulation of the sensitivity of the Antarctic Impulsive Transient Antenna (ANITA) to Askaryan radiation from cosmogenic neutrinos interacting in the Antarctic Ice

The ANITA collaboration

L. Cremonesi,^{a,1} A. Connolly,^b P. Allison,^b O. Banerjee,^b L. Batten,^a J.J. Beatty,^b
K. Bechtol,^{c,d} K. Belov,^e D.Z. Besson,^{f,g} W.R. Binns,^h V. Bugaev,^h P. Cao,ⁱ C.C. Chen,^j
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Early grad student project



Dr. Oindree Banerjee

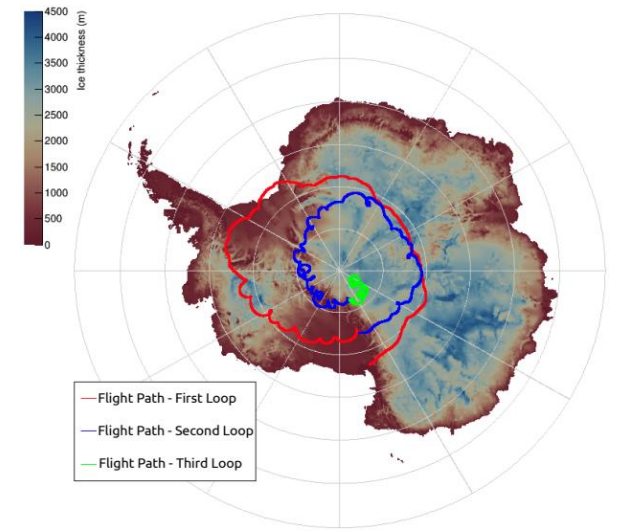


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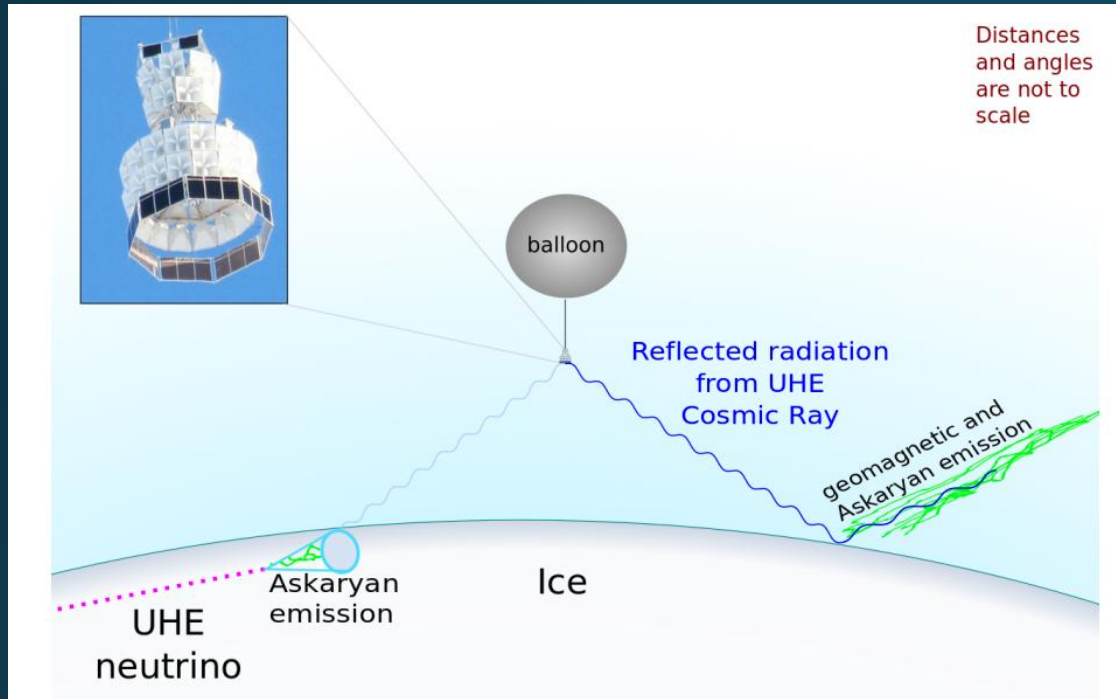
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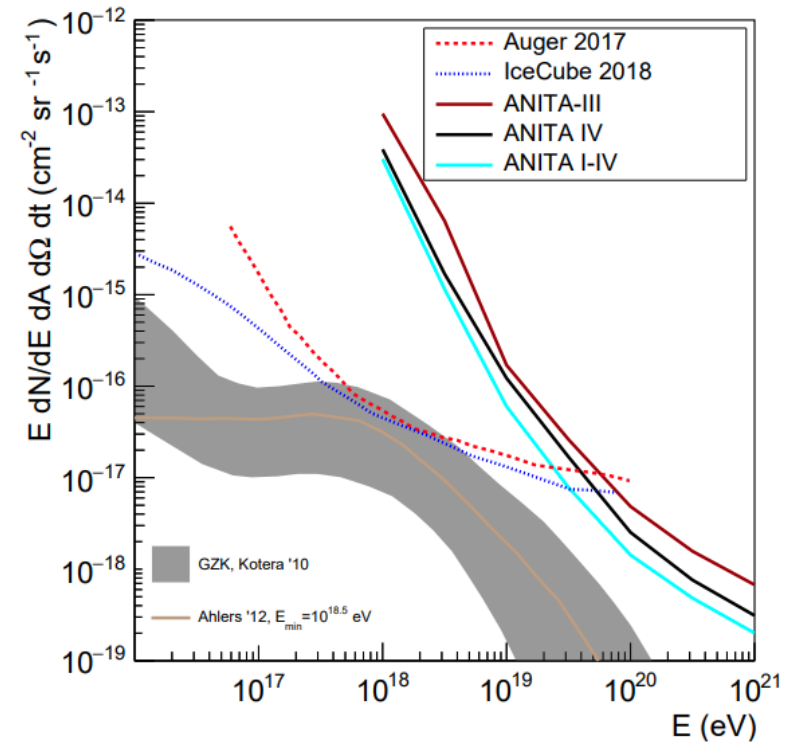
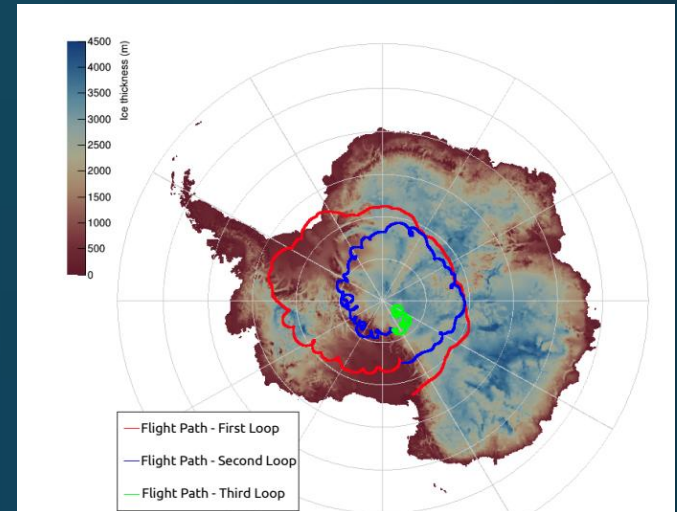
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CASPEN (the Cosmology and Astroparticle Student and Postdoc Exchange Network)

Early grad student project



Dr. Oindree Banerjee



$\log_{10}(E(\text{eV}))$	18	18.5	19	19.5	20	20.5	21
A ($\text{km}^2 \cdot \text{sr}$)	0.0032	0.033	0.43	3.1	21	68	167

Gorham et al. Phys. Rev. D 99, 122001

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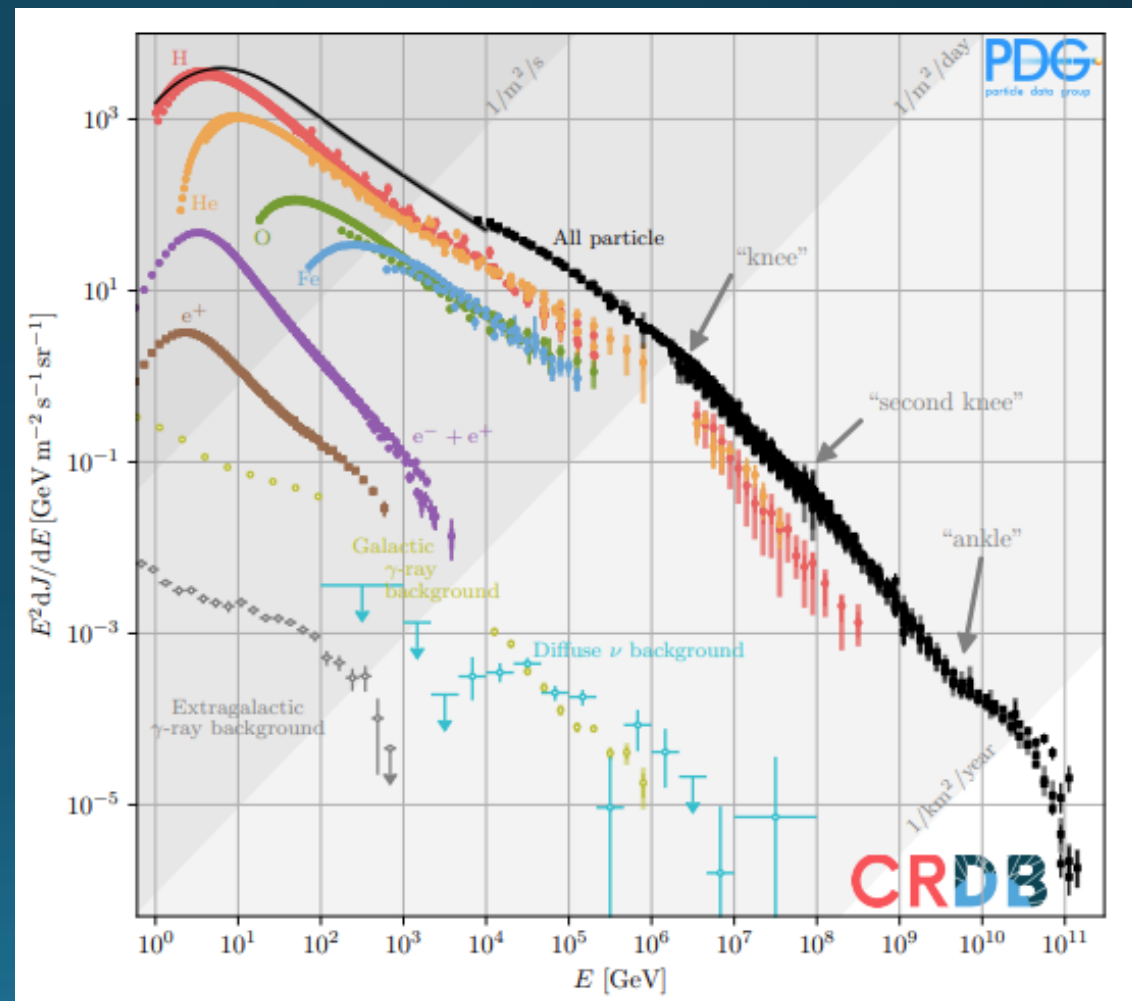
L. Cremonesi et al 2019 JINST 14 P08011

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Keith McBride - University of Chicago

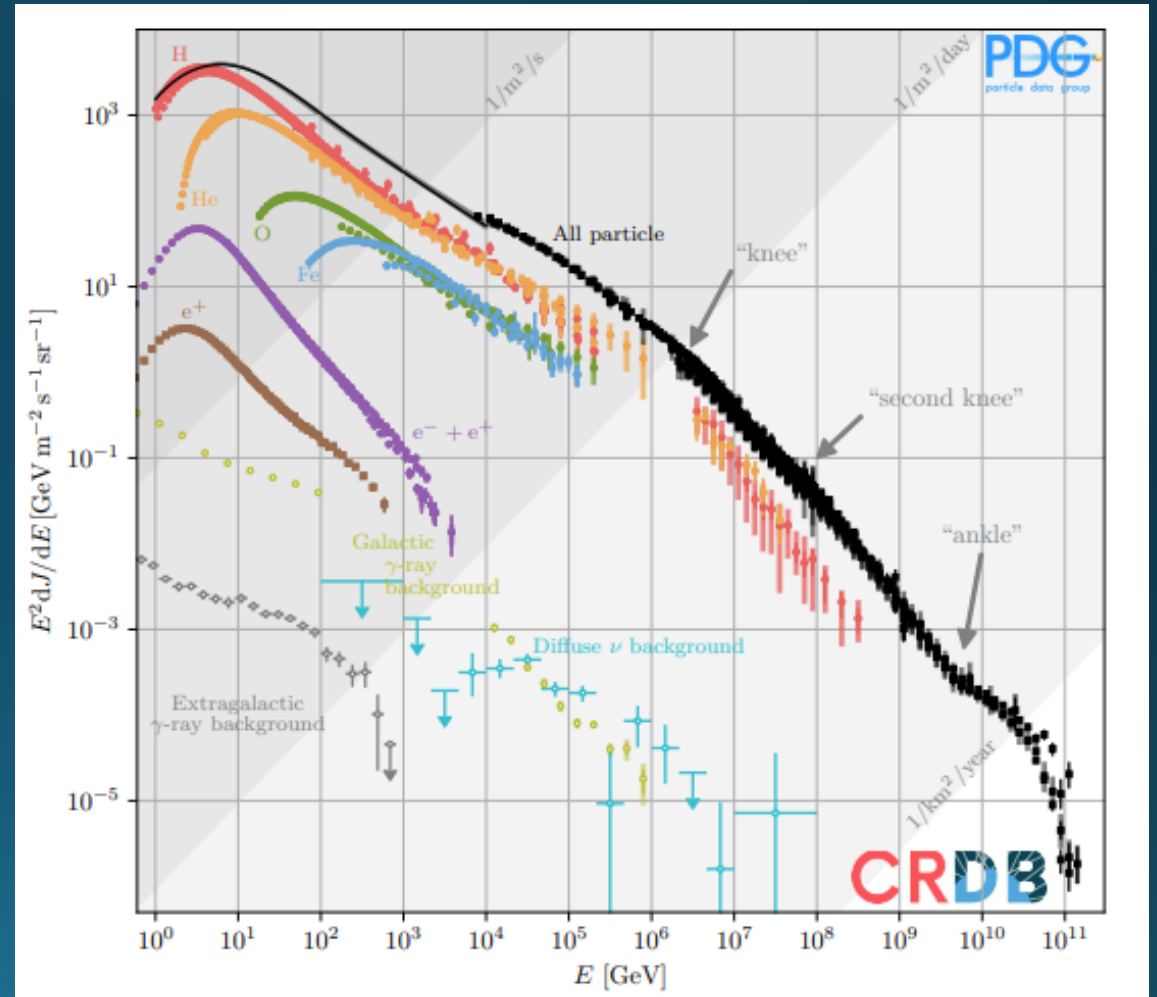
Astroparticles

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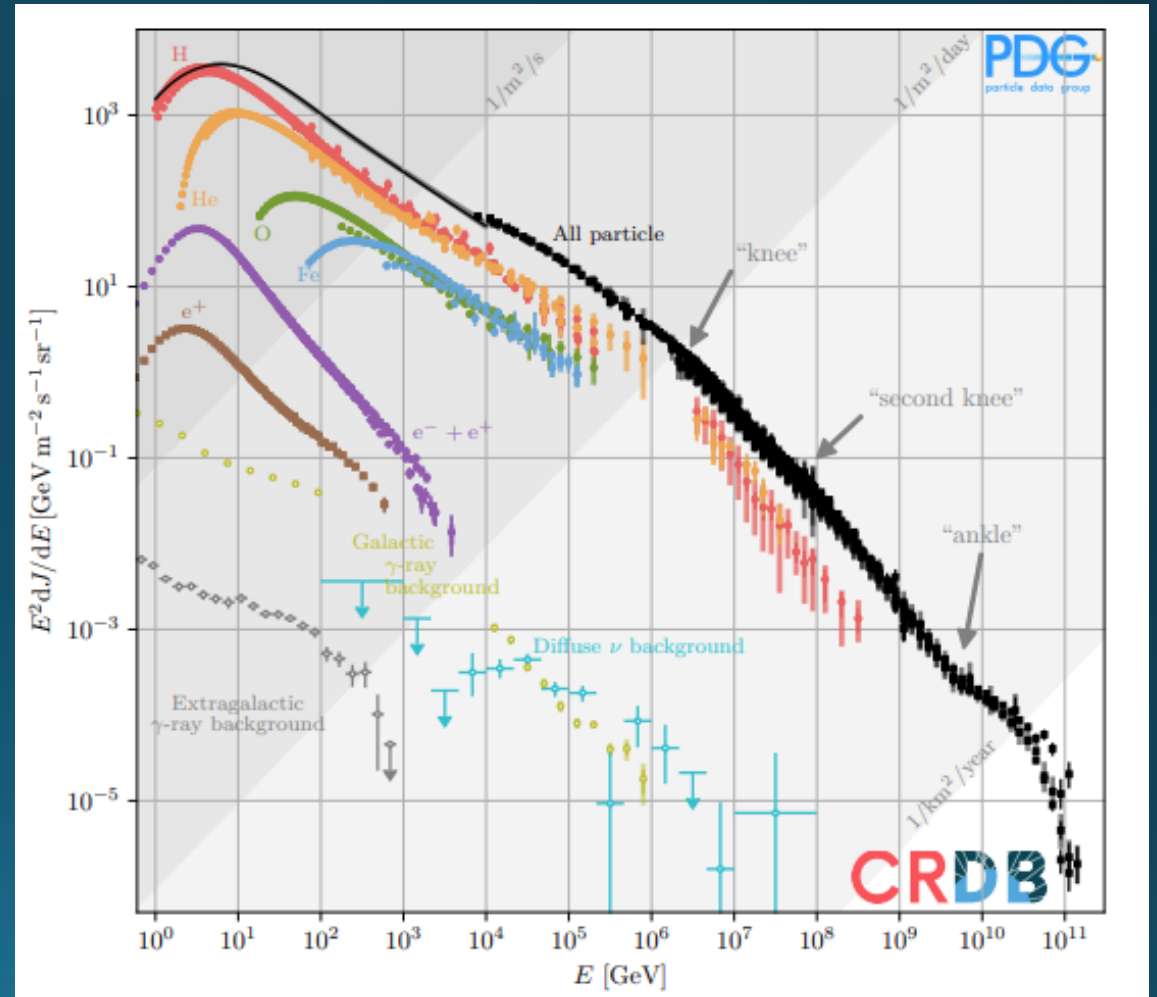
Astroparticles

- Cosmic rays (charged particles)



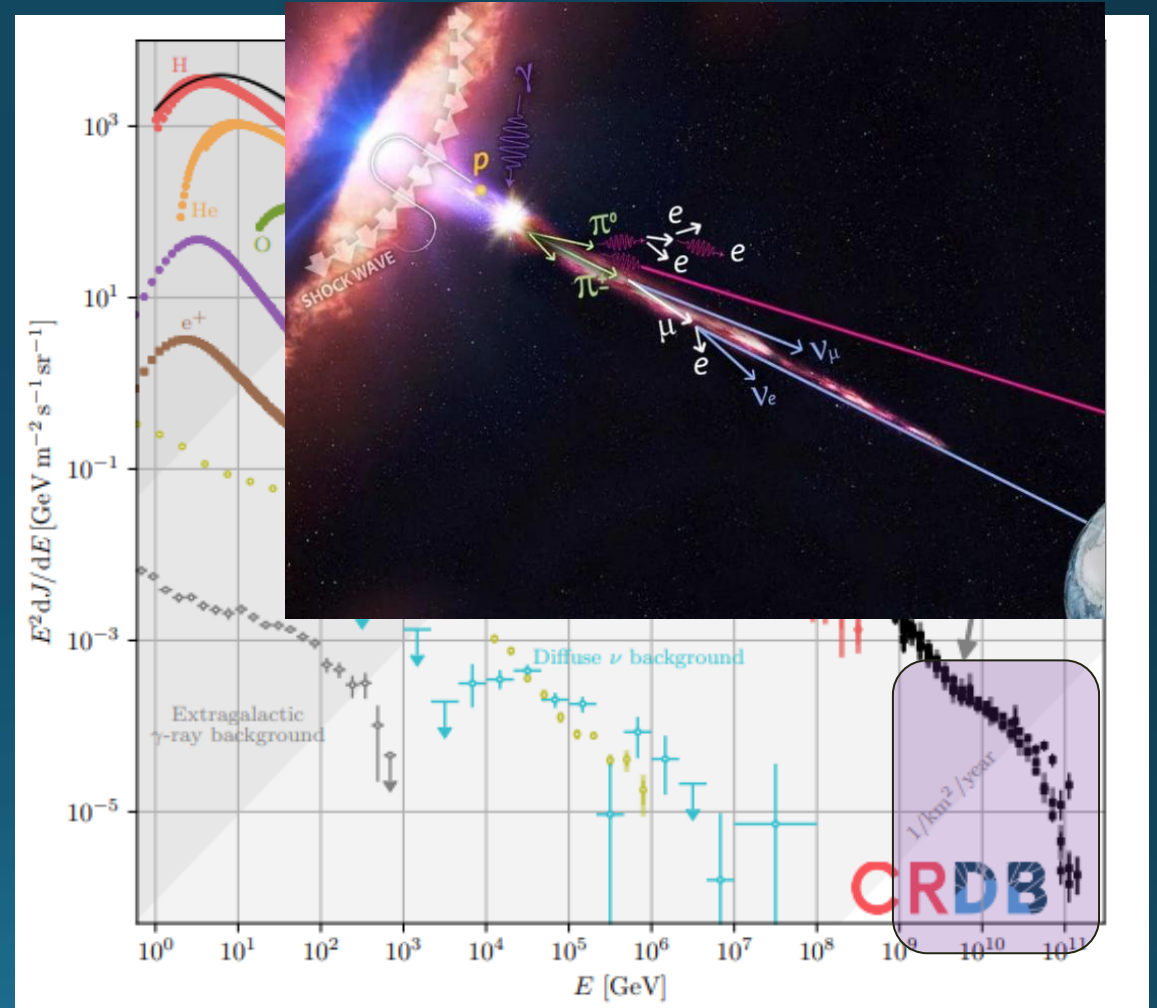
Astroparticles

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 - Electrons/positrons
 - Protons and nuclei
 - Antiprotons



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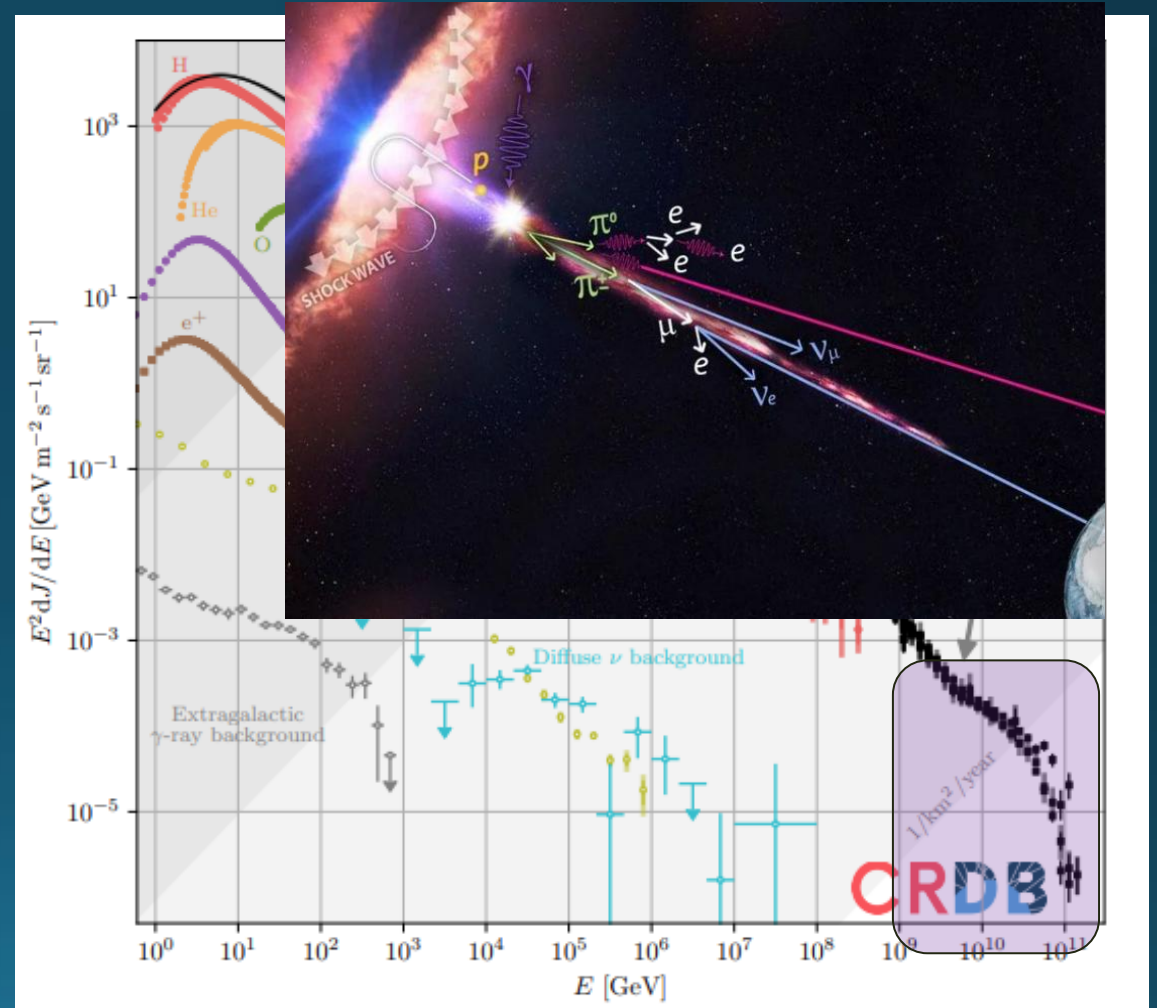
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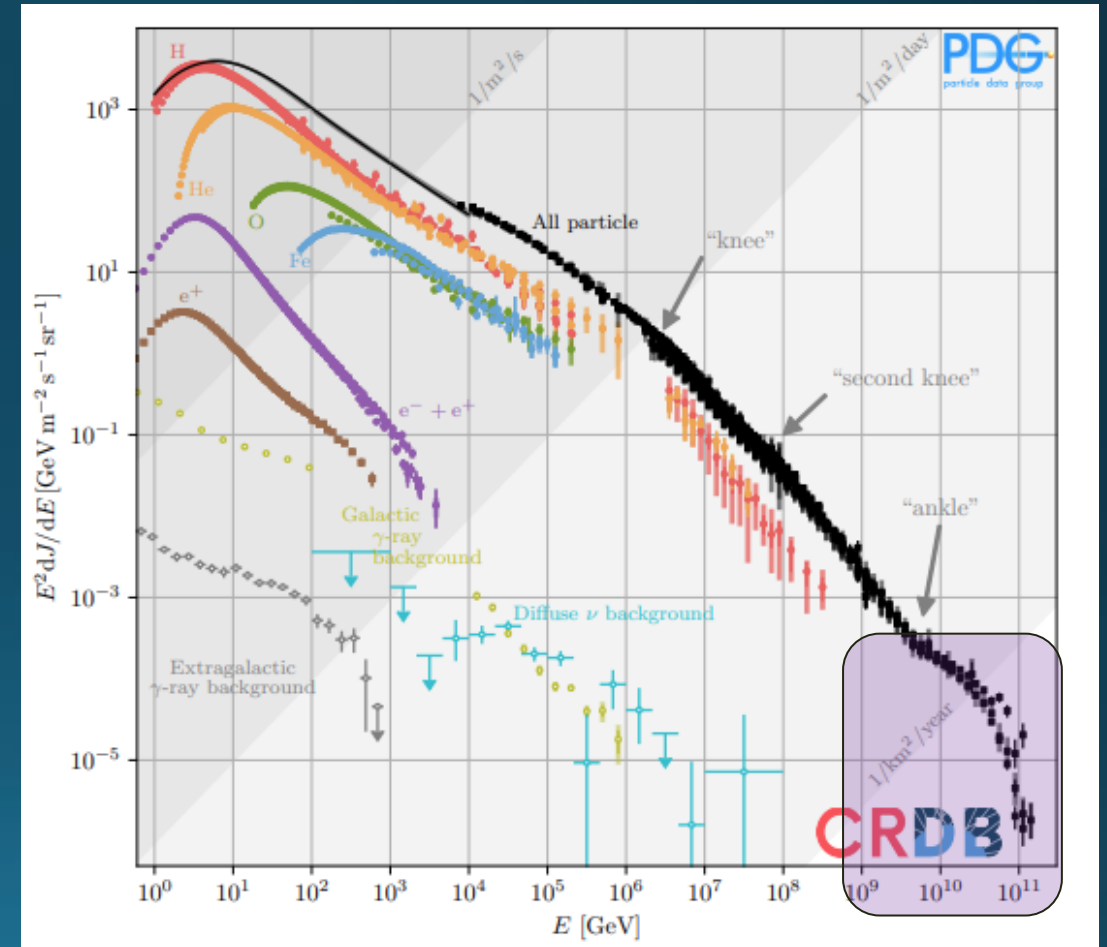
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→What are the mechanisms producing such energetic particles?



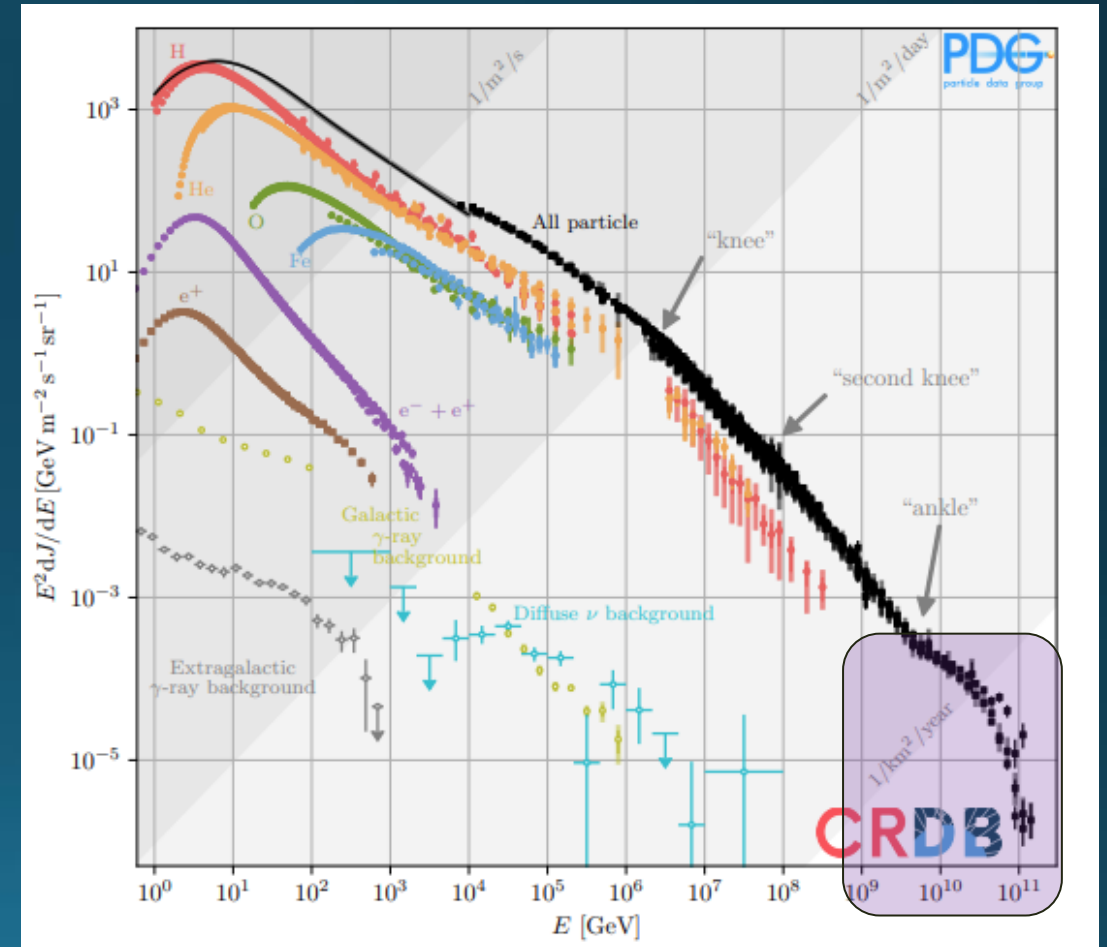
Building a magnet spectrometer

Building a magnet spectrometer



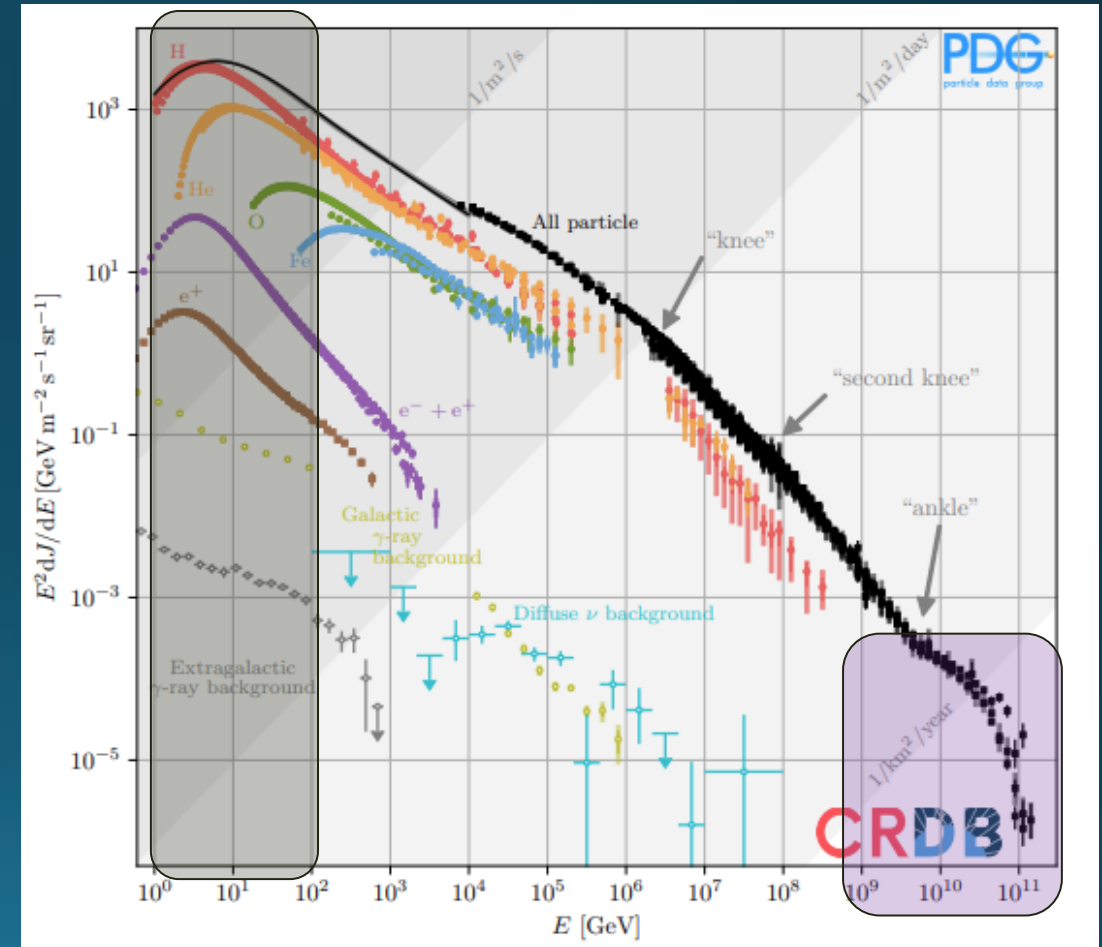
Building a magnet spectrometer

- Jim and Patrick were building a new detector
 - Early 2019



Building a magnet spectrometer

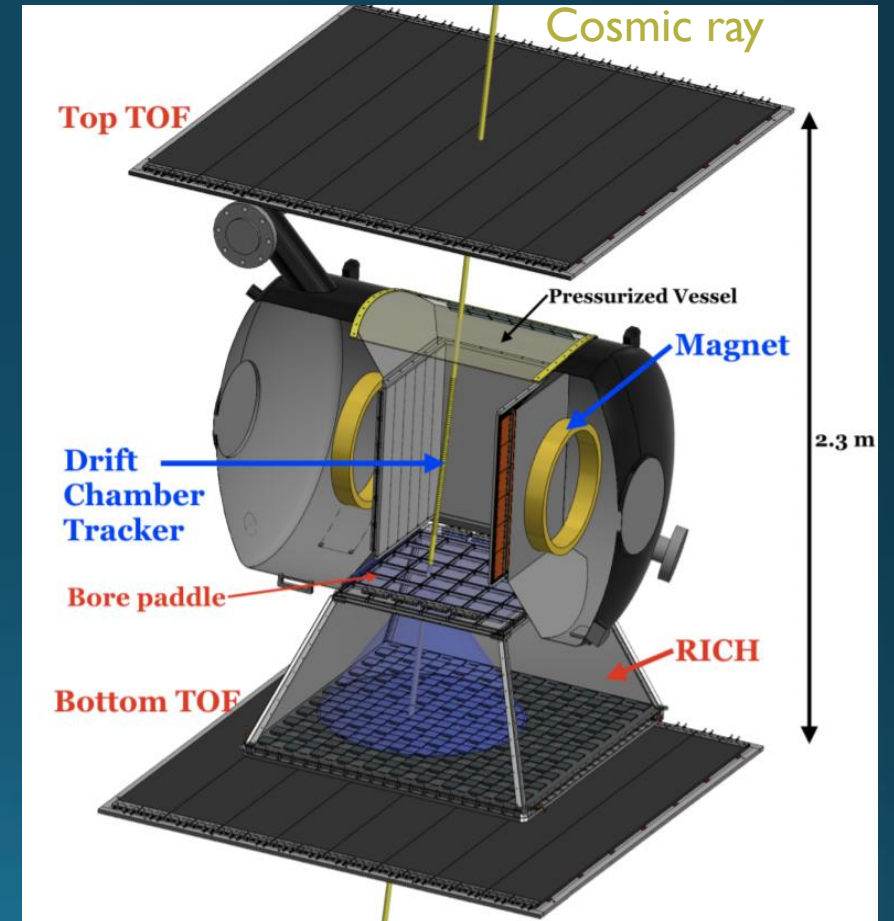
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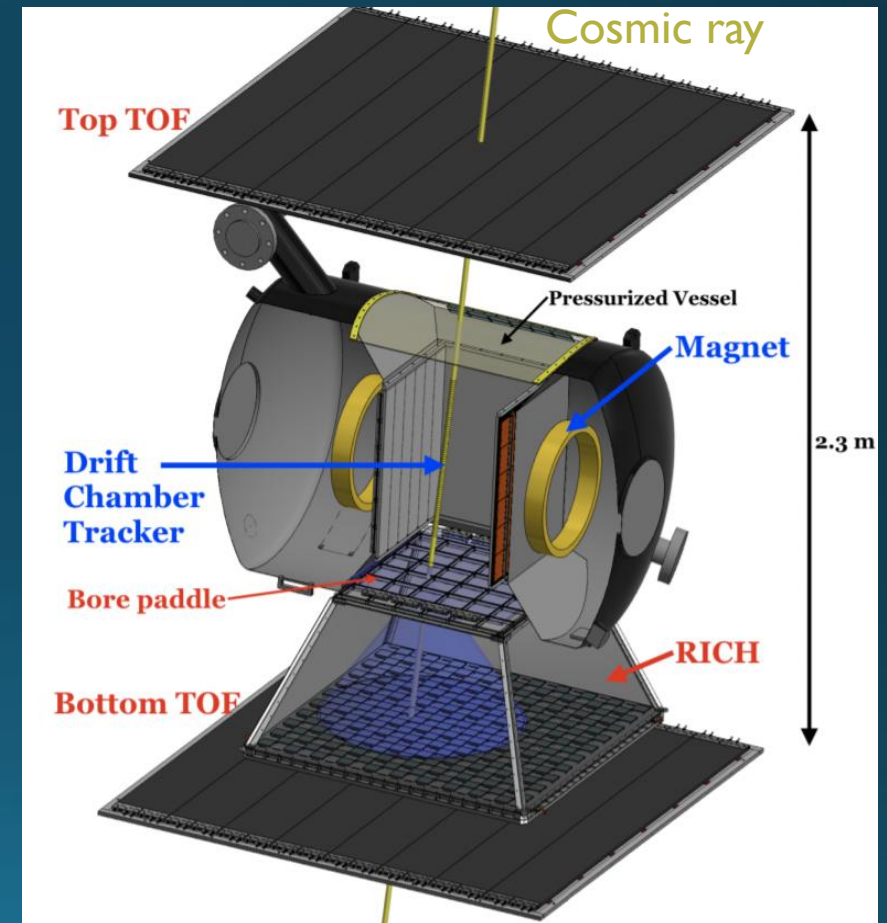
The High Energy Light
Isotope eXperiment



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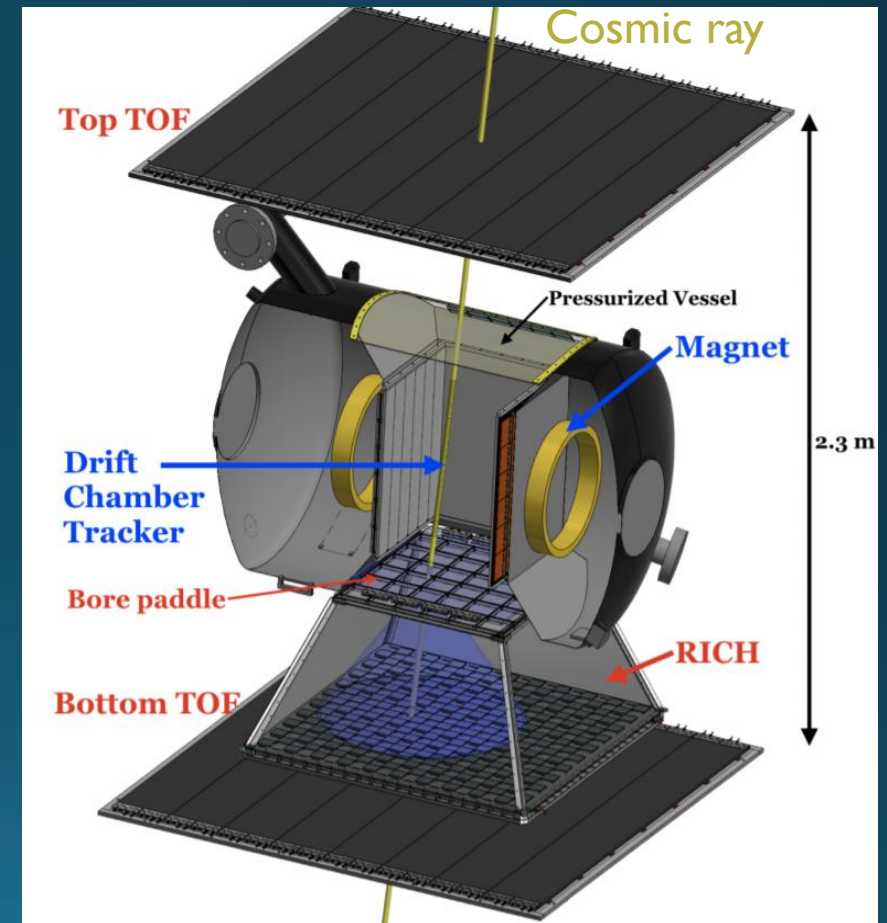


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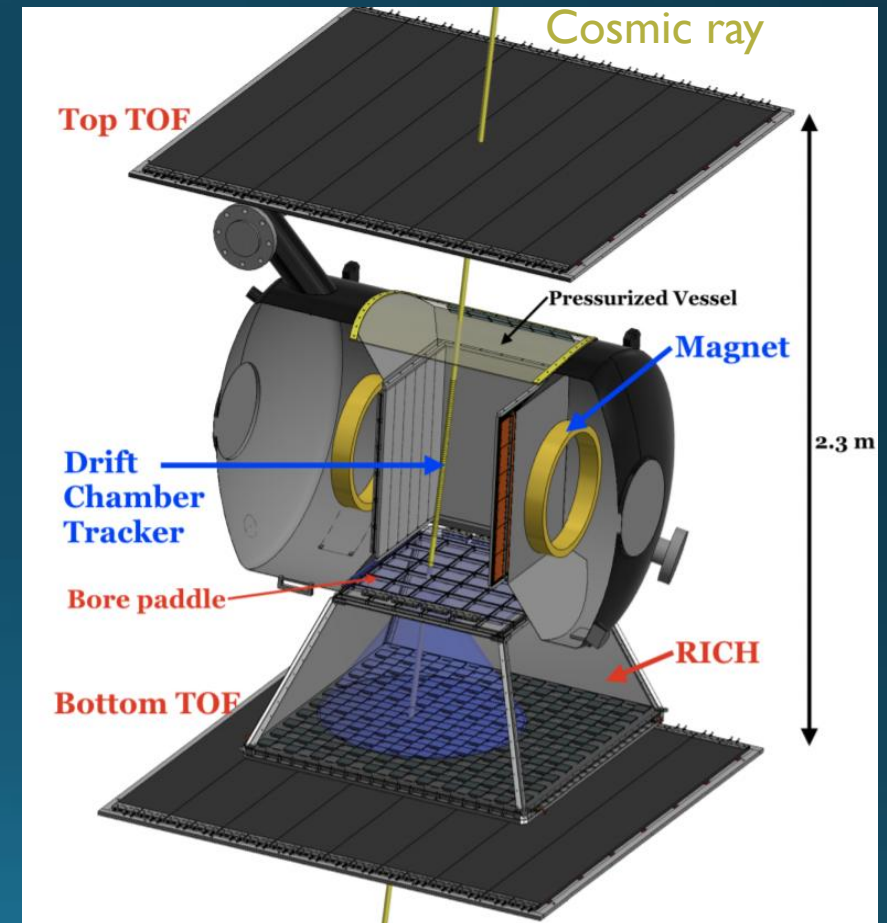


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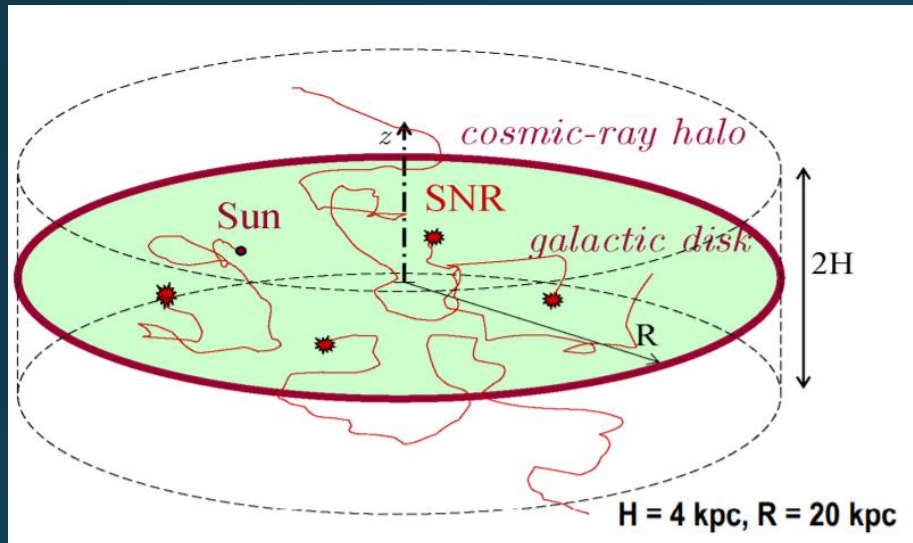


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- Measure rigidity in magnetic field
 - $R = \frac{pc}{Ze} = \rho \mathbf{B}$
- Measure velocity, β , and charge, Ze , separately
- Calculate the mass of cosmic ray
 - $mc^2 = R \frac{Ze}{\gamma\beta}$



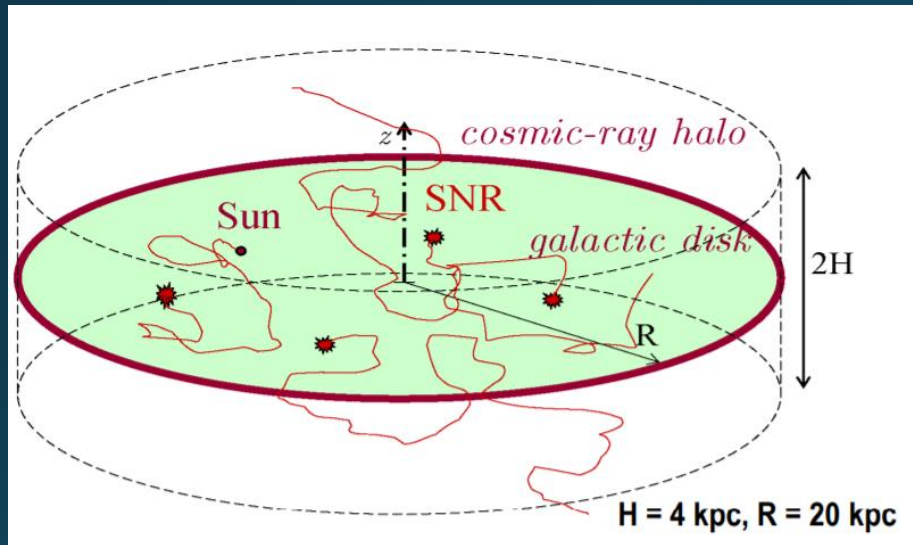
Isotopes offer insights

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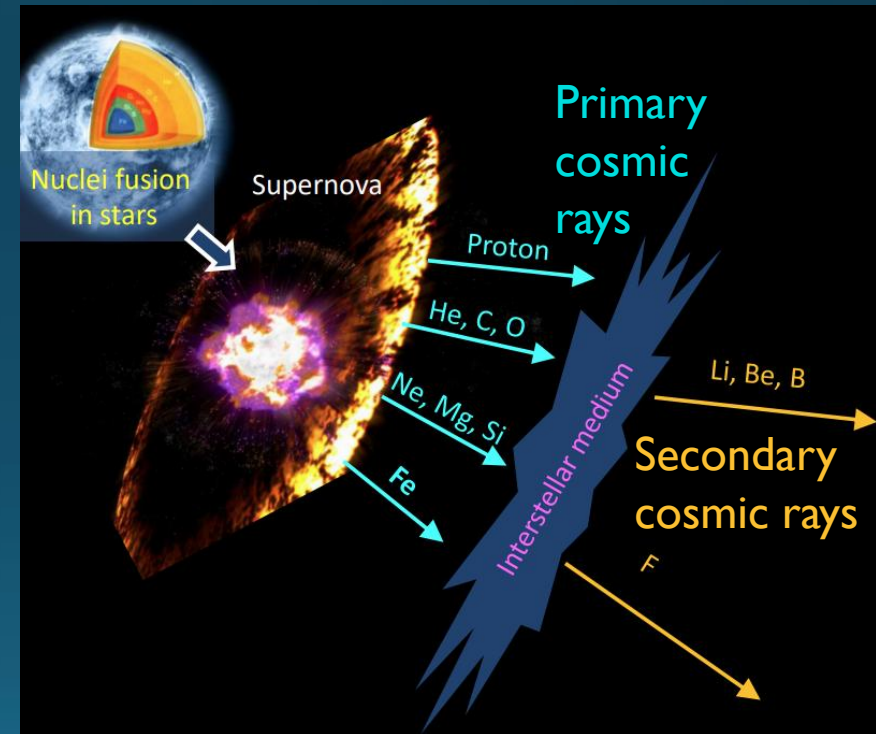


Ptuskin slides 2013 Cargese

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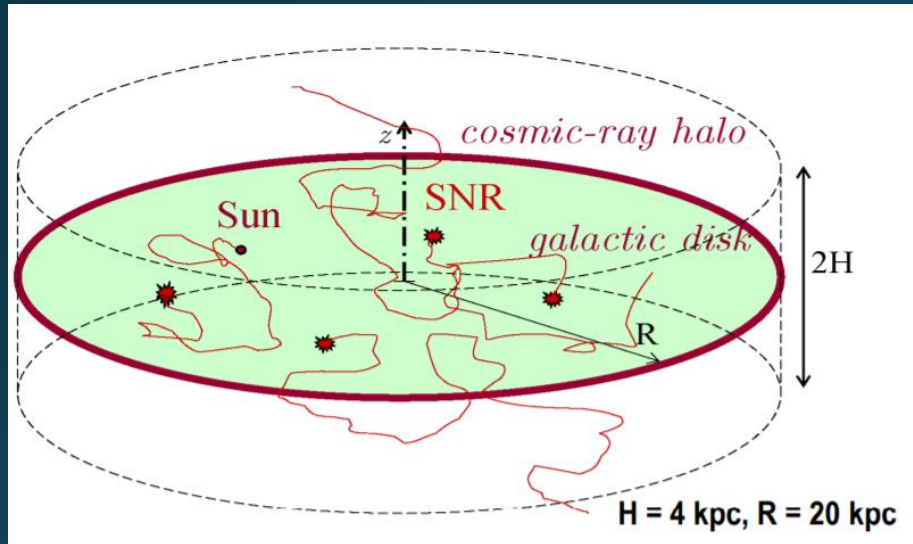


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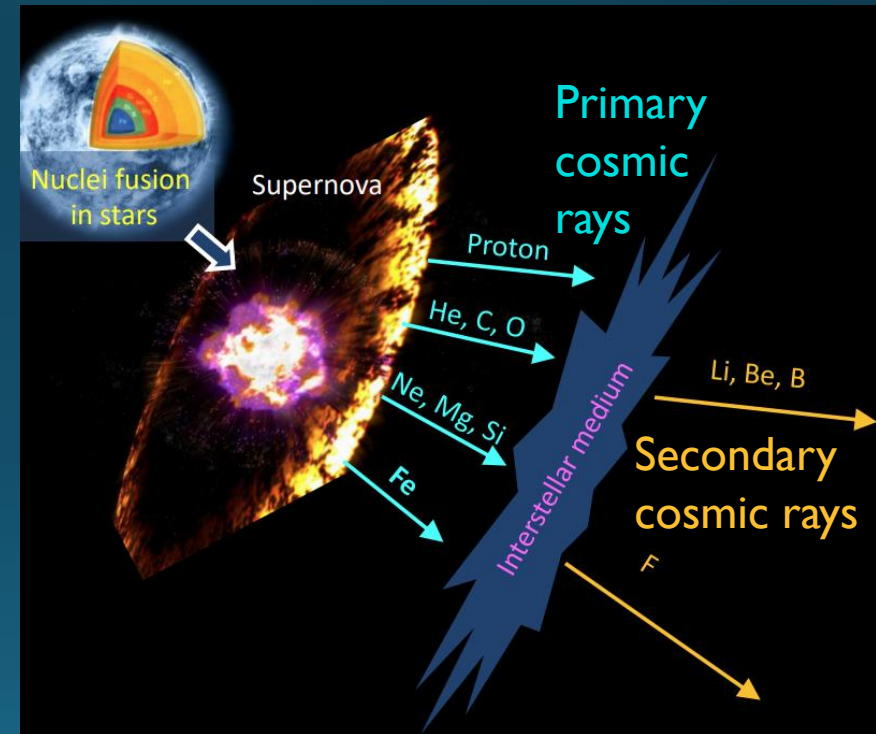


Adapted from AMS-02

Isotopes offer insights



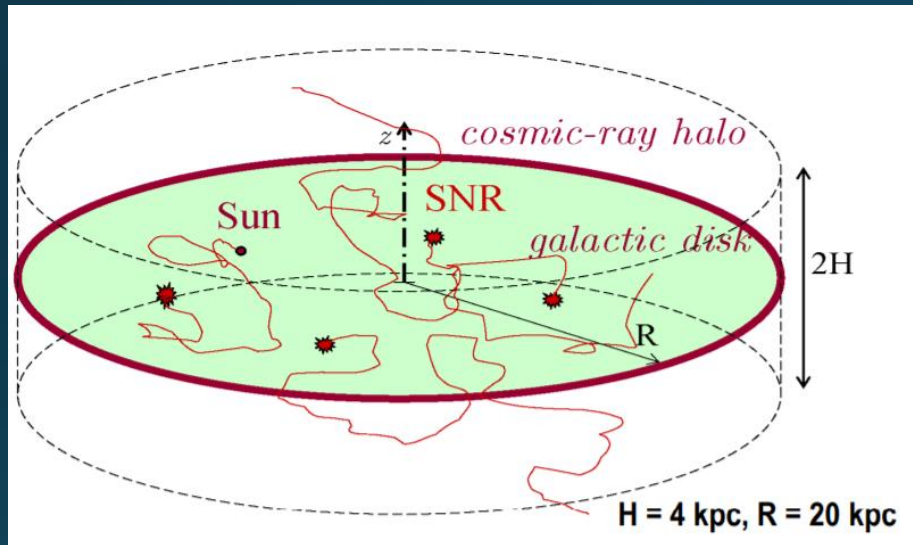
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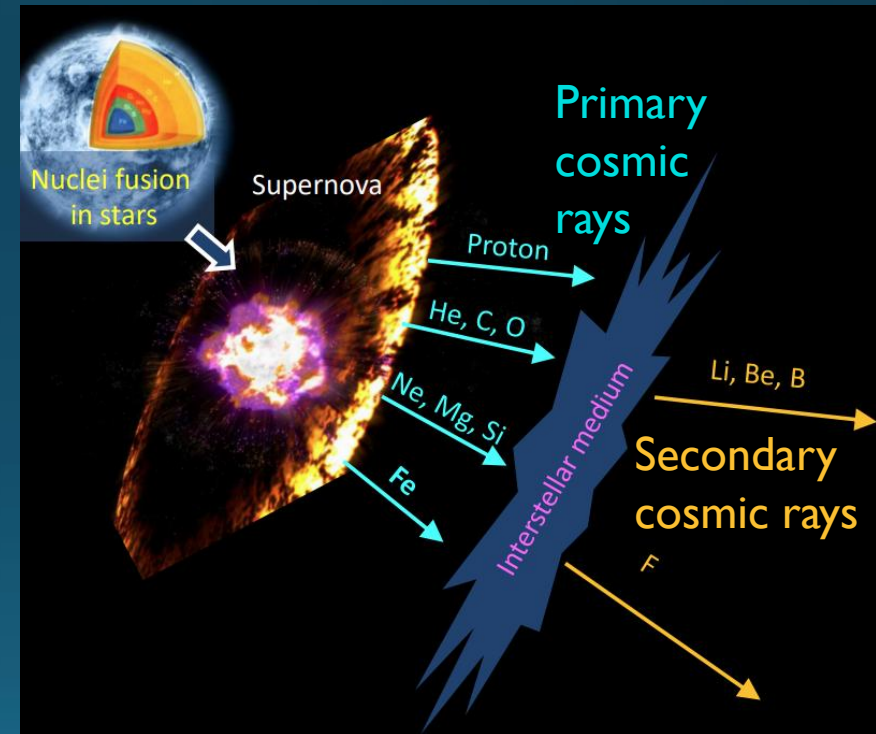
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I. Primary cosmic rays injected by Galactic sources

Isotopes offer insights



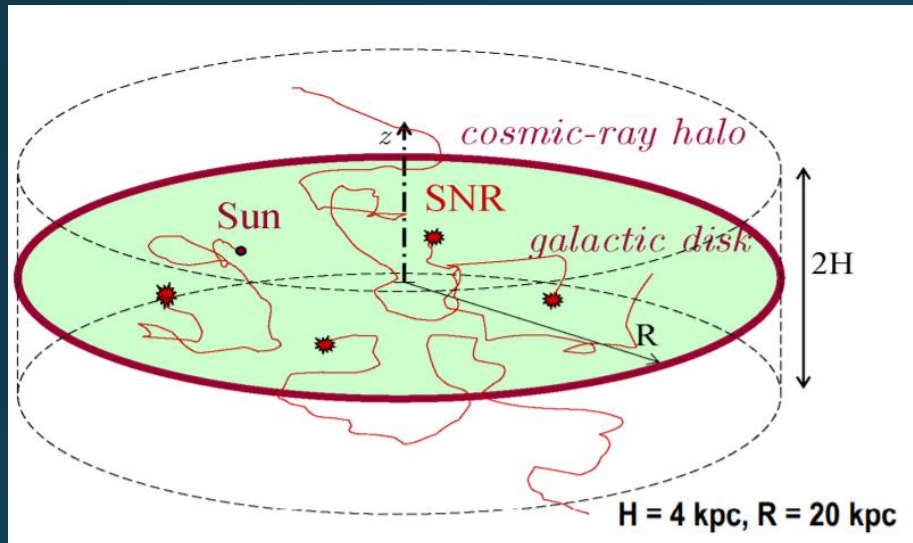
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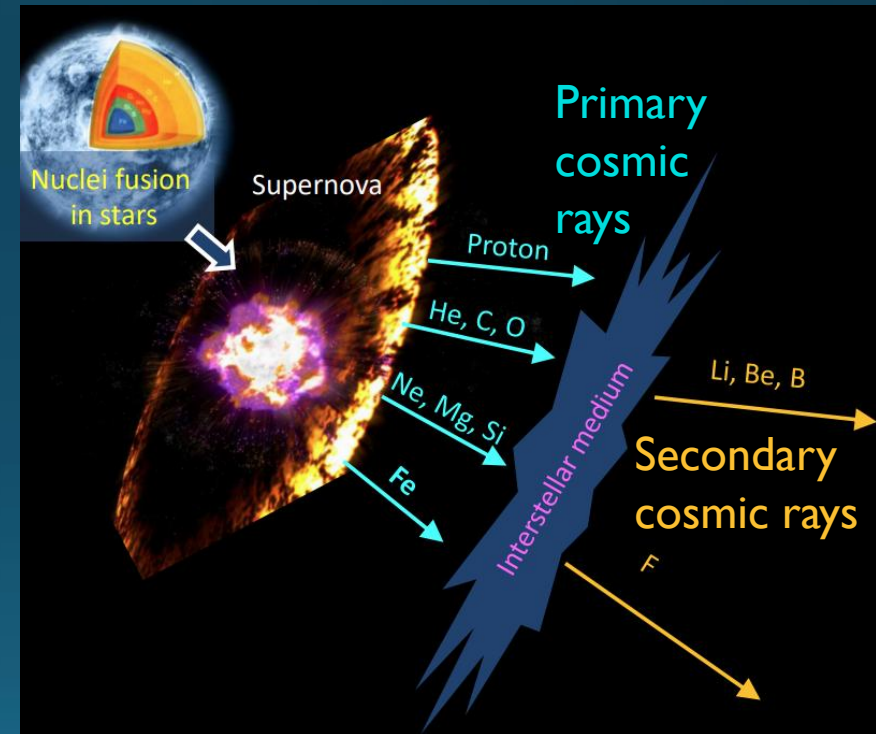
Adapted from AMS-02

1. Primary cosmic rays injected by Galactic sources
2. Diffuse into the halo of the Milky Way

Isotopes offer insights



Ptuskin slides 2013 Cargese

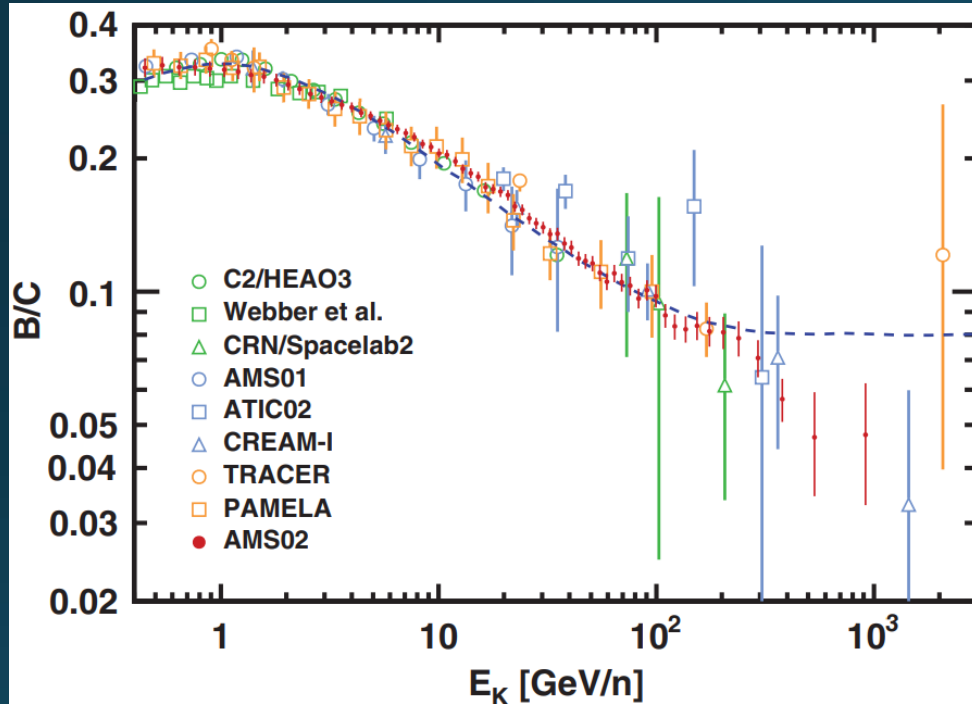


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Isotopes offer insights

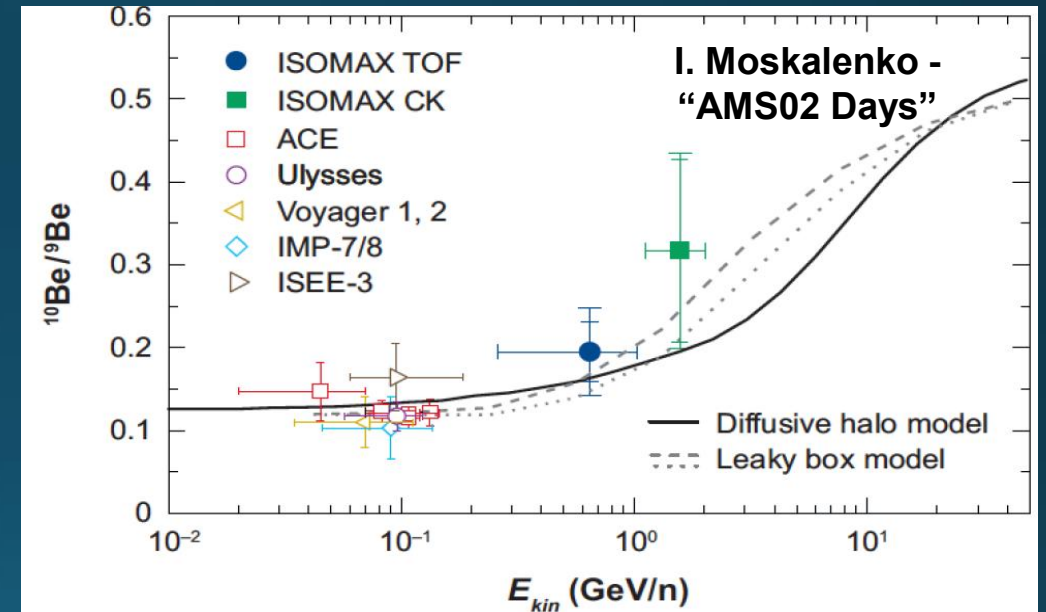
Secondary-primary ratios are sensitive to the material pathlength, L/D



Aguilar et al PRL 2018

1. Primary cosmic rays injected by Galactic sources
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3. Spallation – produce secondary nuclear species

Clock isotopes are sensitive to the timescale of propagation



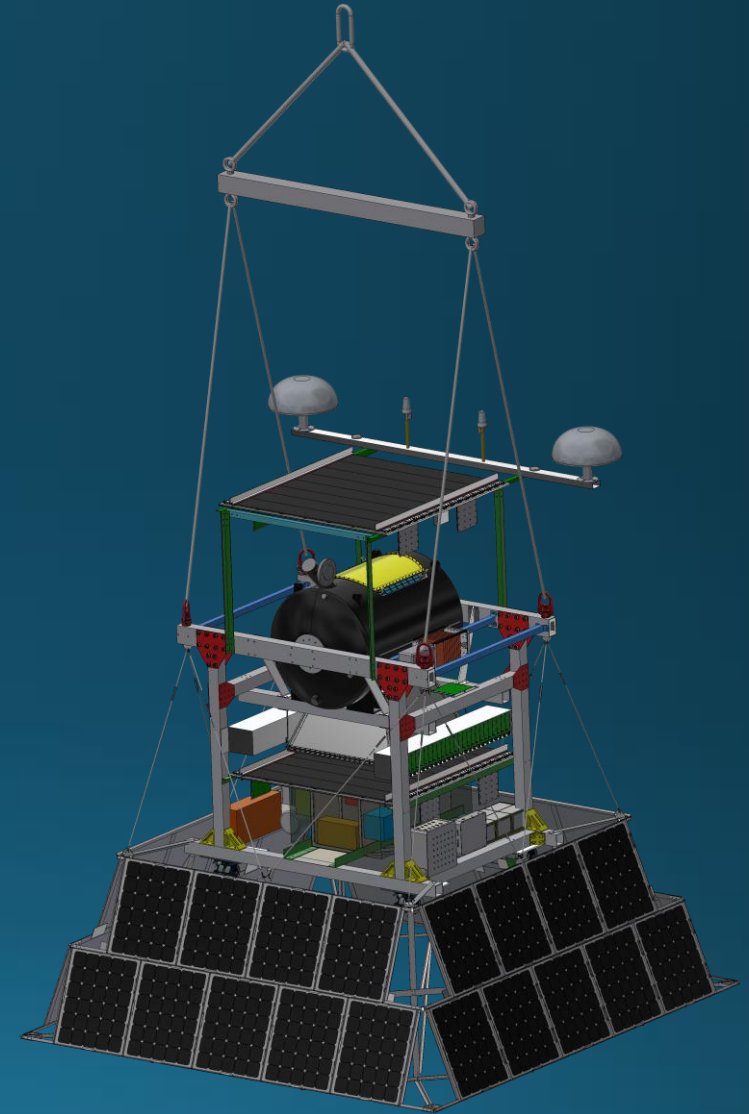
I. Moskalenko -
“AMS02 Days”

^9Be is stable while ^{10}Be beta-decays with a half-life of 1.4×10^6 yr.

First visit to U. Chicago, Jan 2019



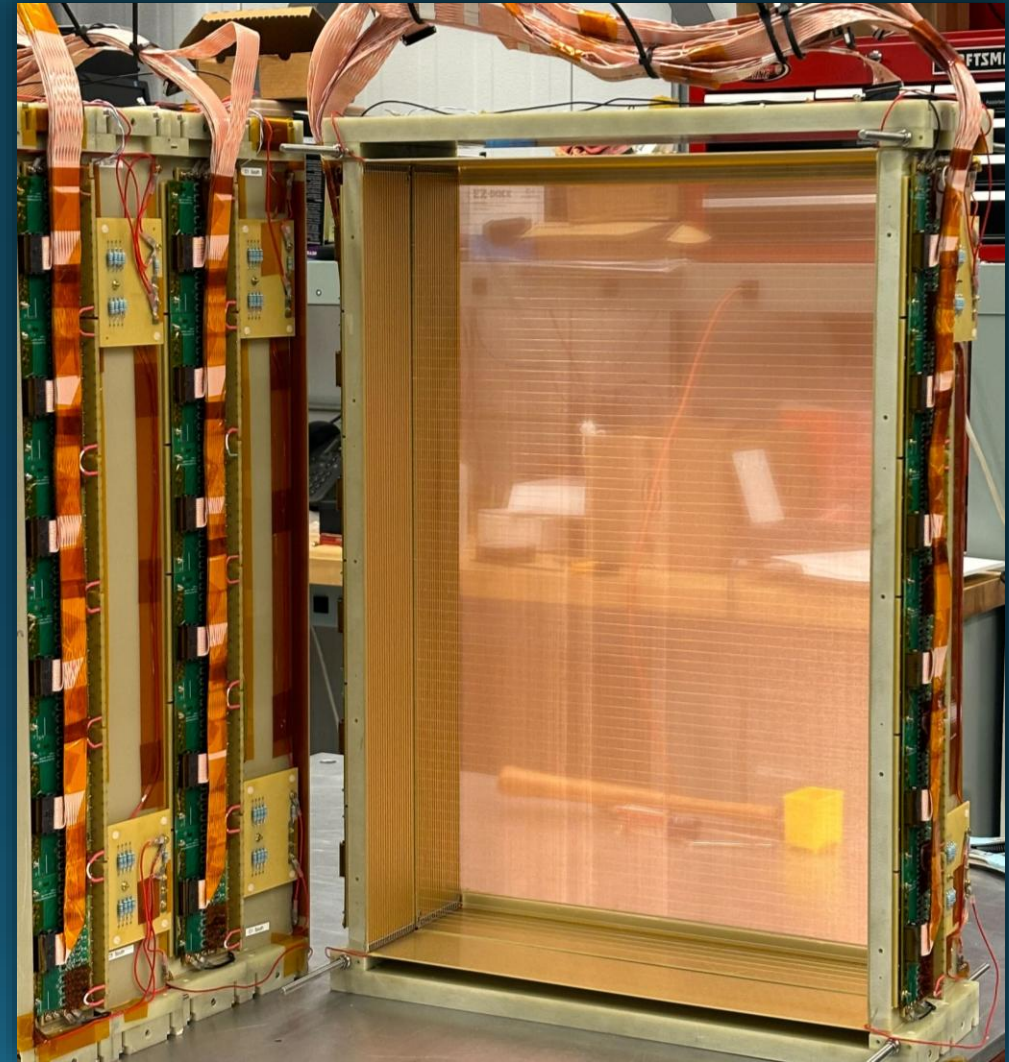
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2019-2020

2019-2020

- Build and test detectors



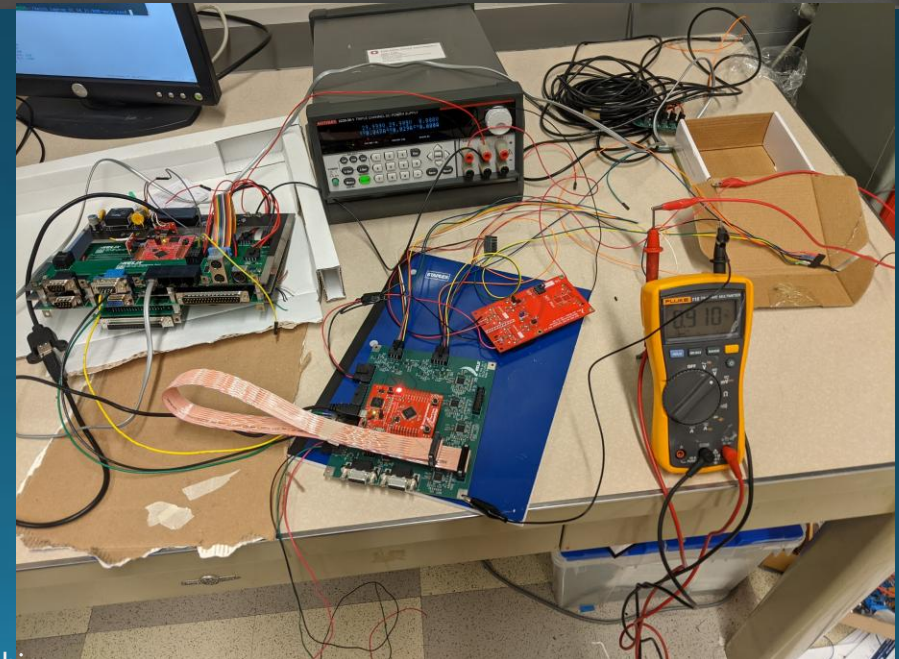
2019-2020

- Build and test detectors
- Run the superconducting magnet
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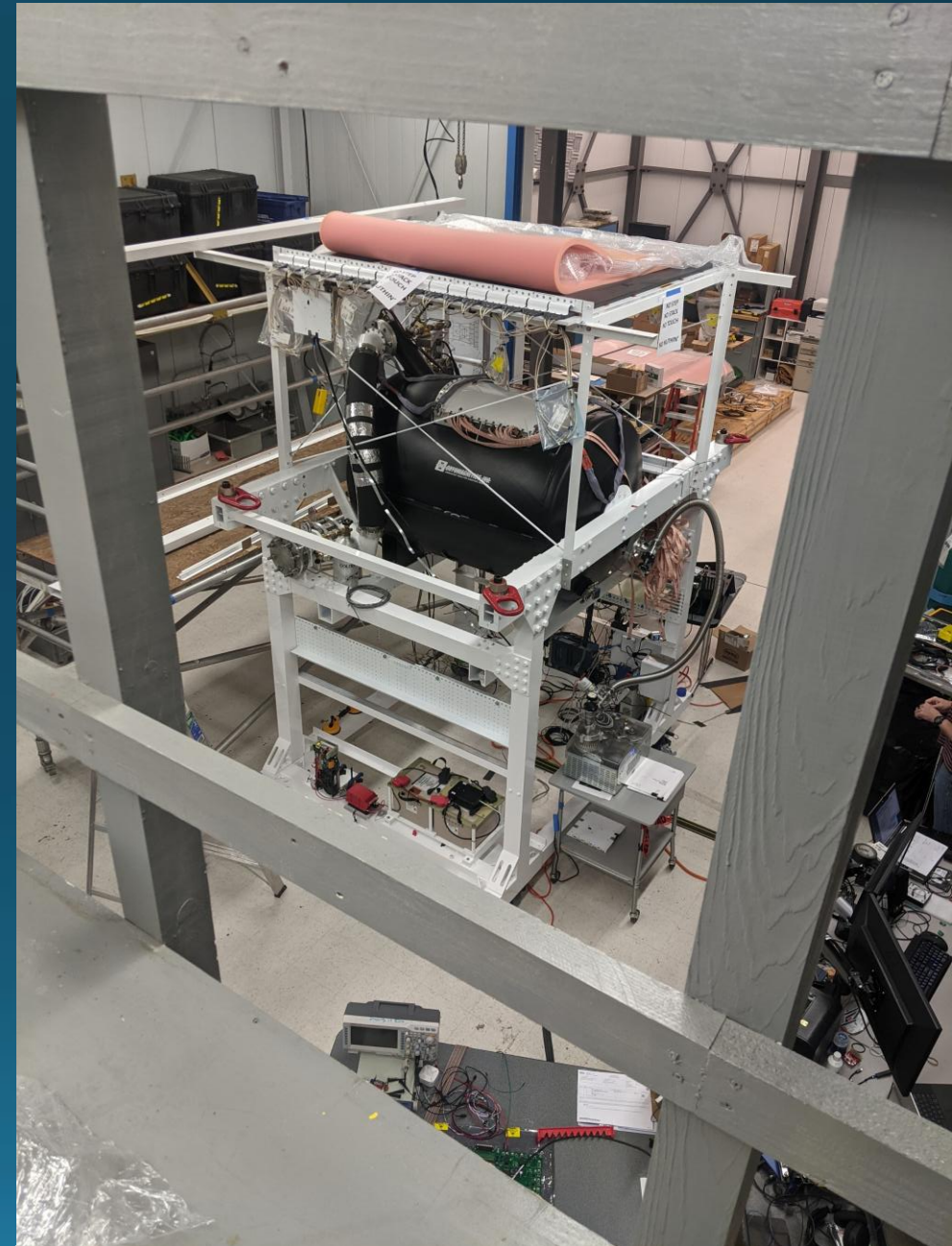
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- A lot of new collaborators
 - Indiana University, Penn State, Queens, McGill, more.



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→A lot of progress!



2020

2020

I worked mainly with...

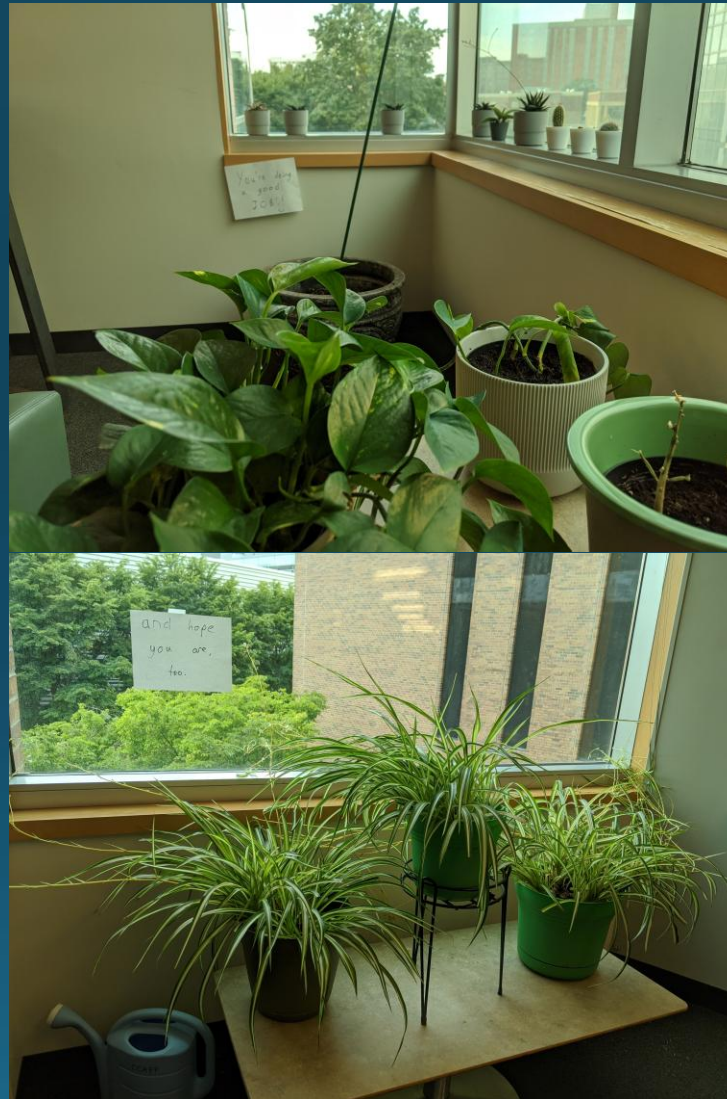
2020

I worked mainly with...



2020

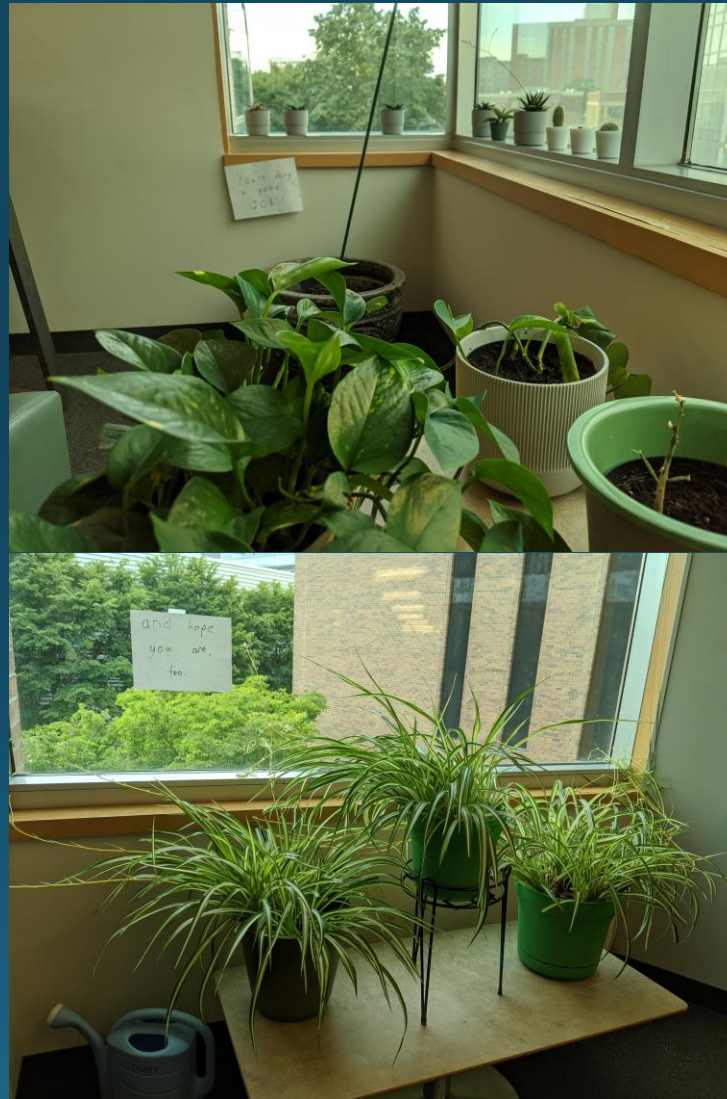
I worked mainly with...



Keith McBride - University of Chicago

2020

I worked mainly with...

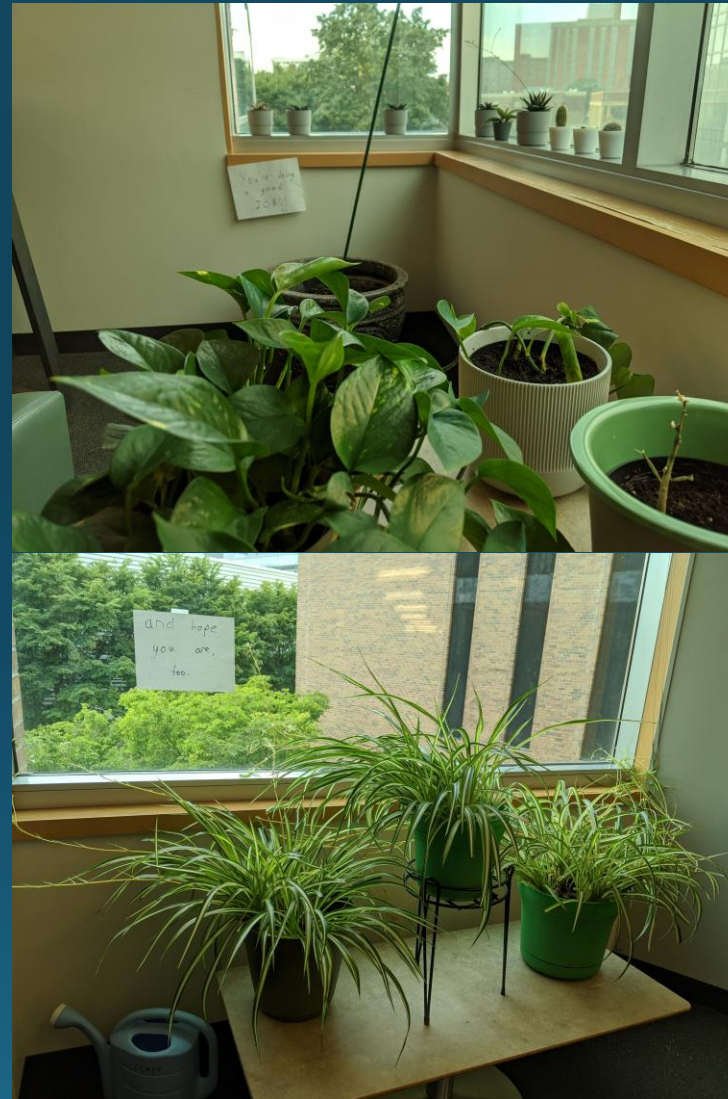


Keith McBride - University of Chicago

What do you do when you can't work on your experiment?

2020

I worked mainly with...

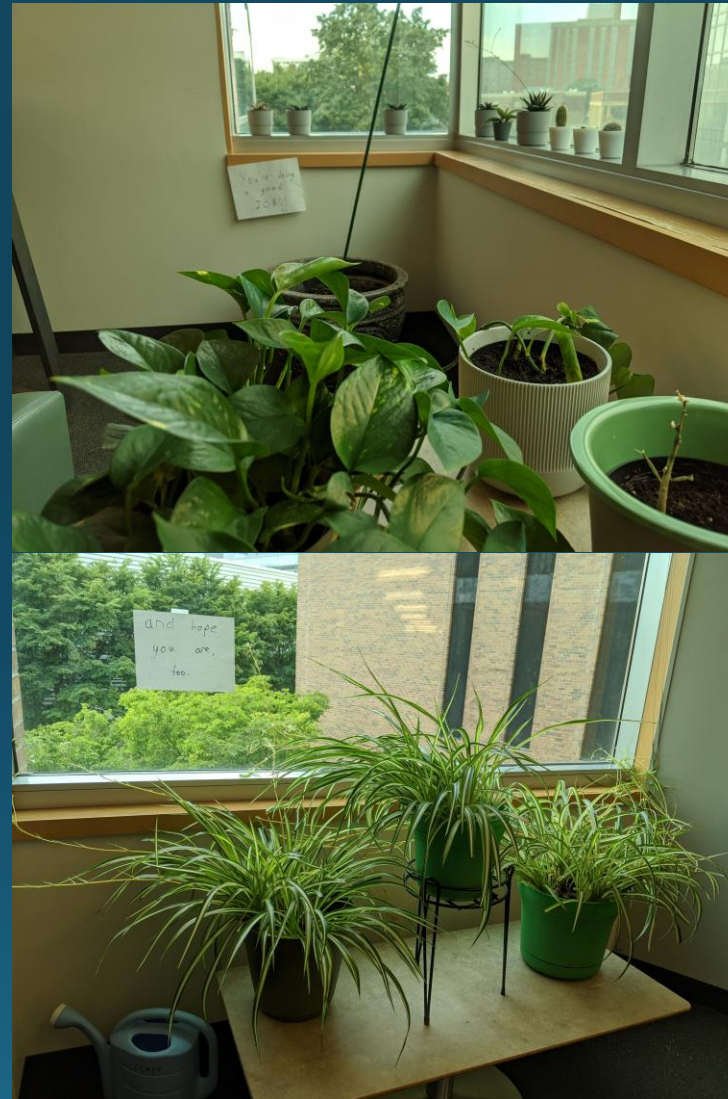


Keith McBride - University of Chicago

What do you do when you can't work on your experiment? Graduate!

2020

I worked mainly with...



Keith McBride - University of Chicago

Finally, back to HELIX

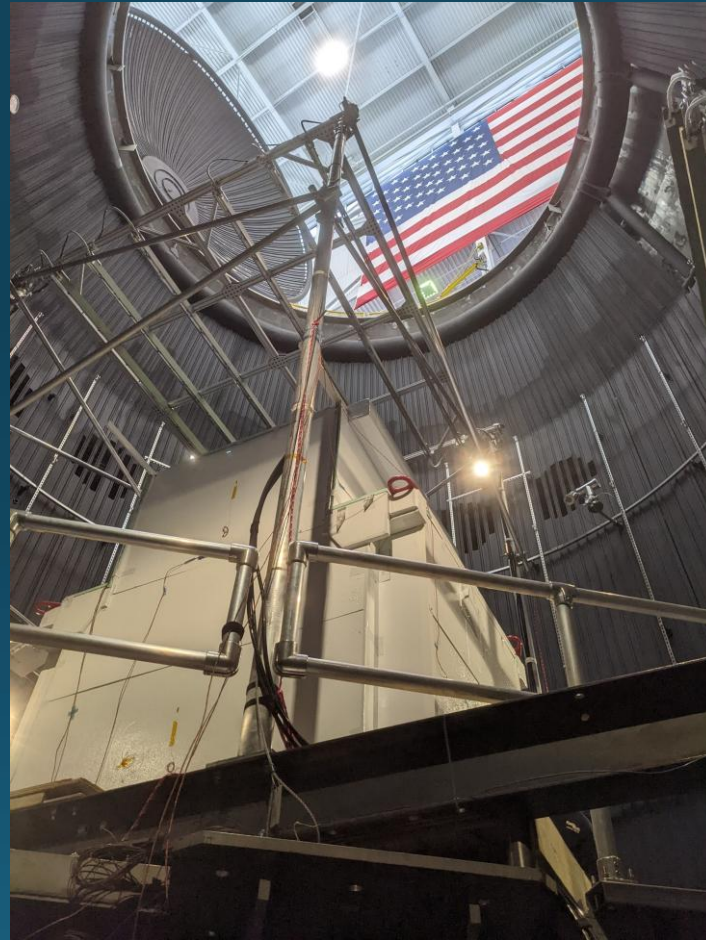
Finally, back to HELIX



Lead the vacuum test at Armstrong Test Facility

Keith McBride - University of Chicago

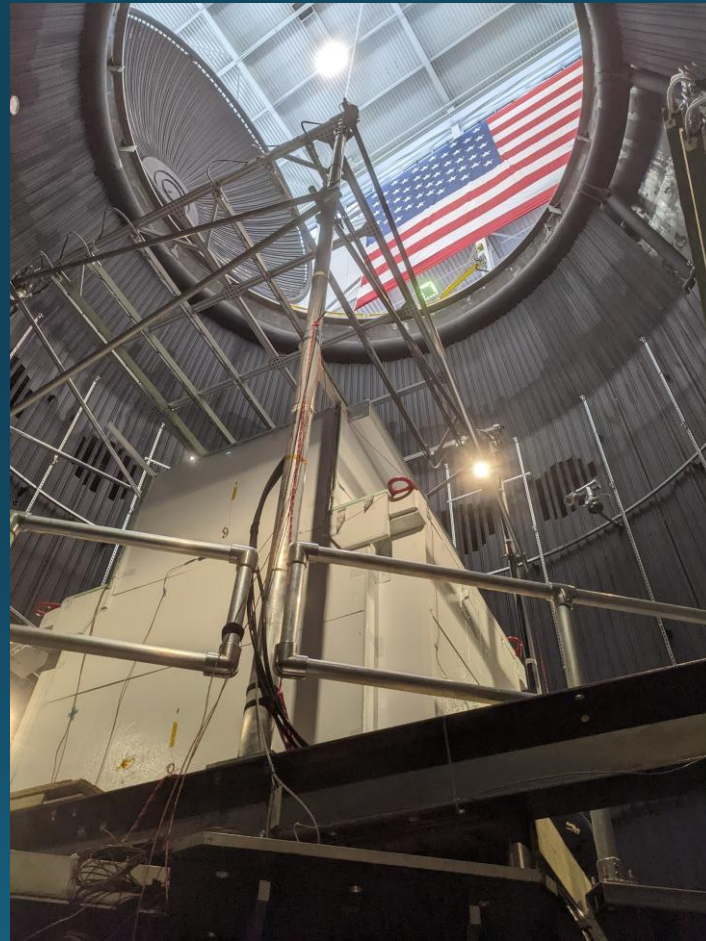
Finally, back to HELIX



Lead the vacuum test at Armstrong Test Facility

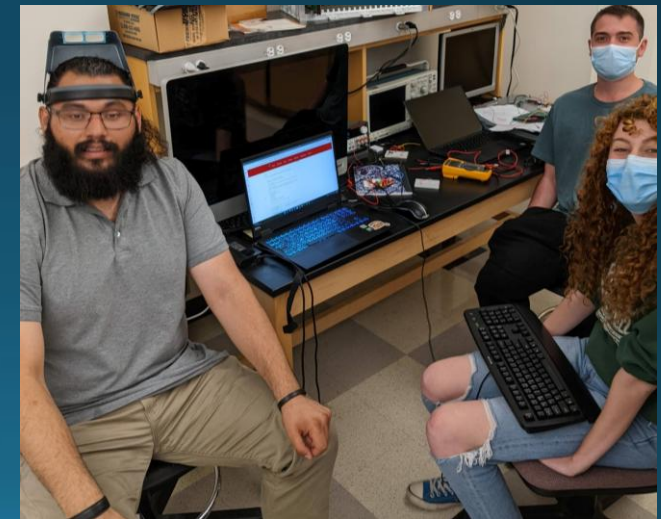
Keith McBride - University of Chicago

Finally, back to HELIX



Graduate students:

Madison Jackson
Dennis H. Calderón
Payton Linton
Taylor Coakley



Lead the vacuum test at Armstrong Test Facility

Keith McBride - University of Chicago

HELIX launch



HELIX launch

- Moved to U. Chicago 2023



HELIX launch

- Moved to U. Chicago 2023
- Solar panels for power



HELIX launch

- Moved to U. Chicago 2023
- Solar panels for power
- Antennas for telemetry



HELIX launch

- Moved to U. Chicago 2023
- Solar panels for power
- Antennas for telemetry
- First flight was from Esrange, Sweden in May 2024



HELIX launch

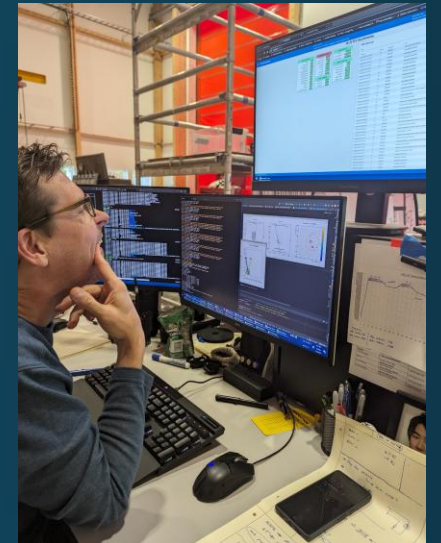
- Moved to U. Chicago 2023
- Solar panels for power
- Antennas for telemetry
- First flight was from Esrange, Sweden in May 2024



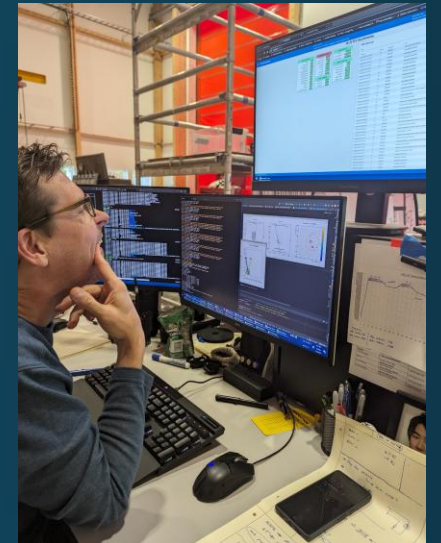
HELIX 2024 Flight Trajectory



HELIX 2024 Flight Trajectory



HELIX 2024 Flight Trajectory



Recovery on Ellesmere Island

Recovery on Ellesmere Island



Recovery on Ellesmere Island

Dennis H. Calderón
graduating this fall!



Recovery on Ellesmere Island

Dennis H. Calderón
graduating this fall!



Recovery on Ellesmere Island

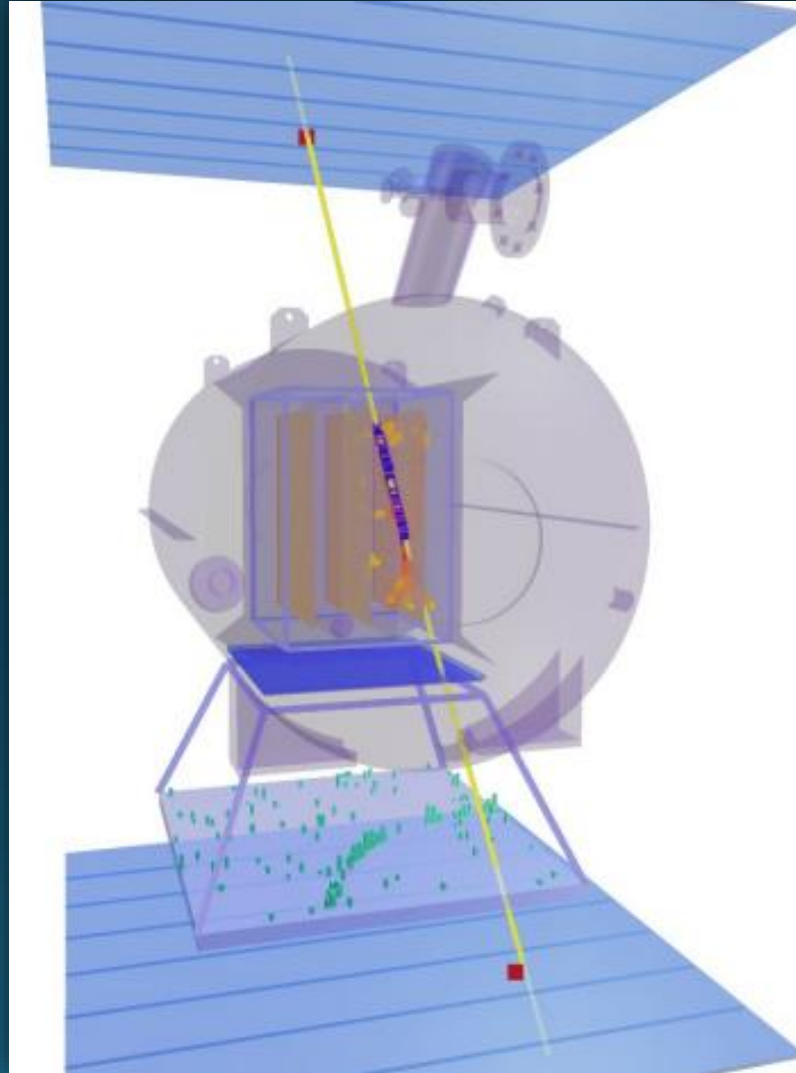
Dennis H. Calderón
graduating this fall!



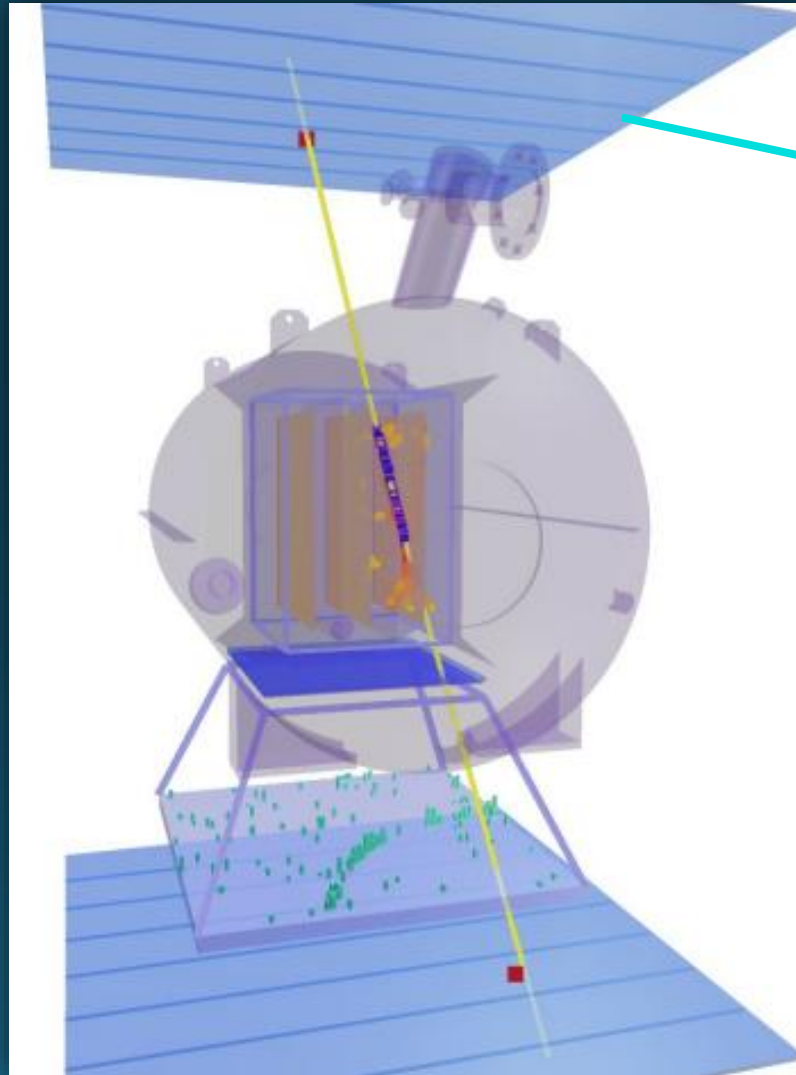
Analyze the data &
refurbish for next flight!



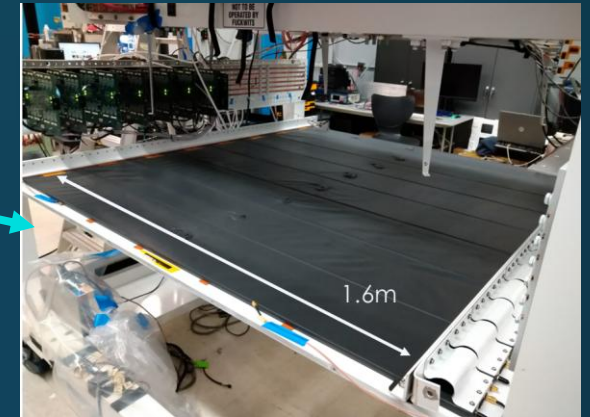
HELIX event



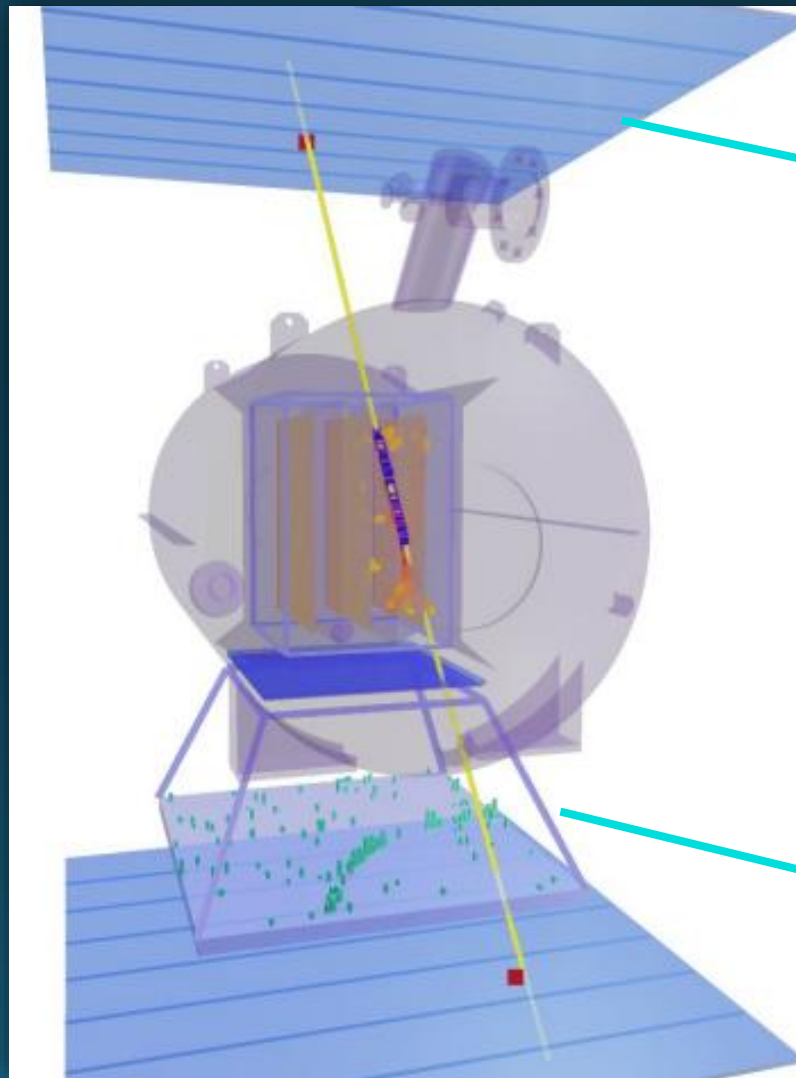
HELIX event



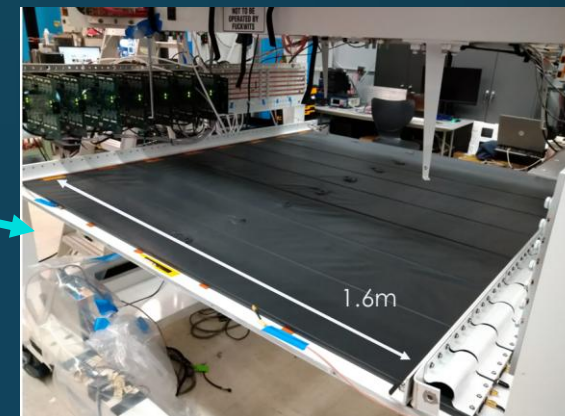
Time of Flight



HELIX event

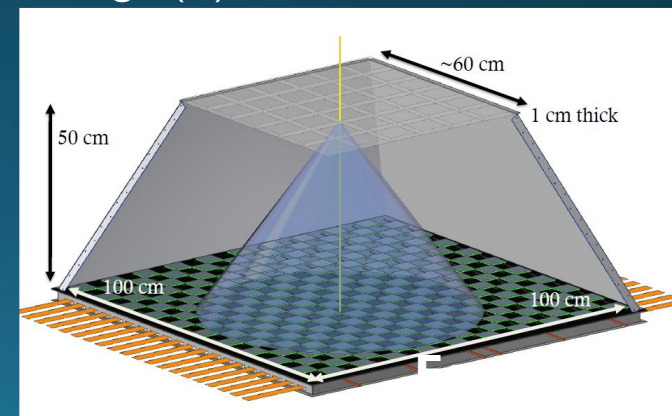


Time of Flight

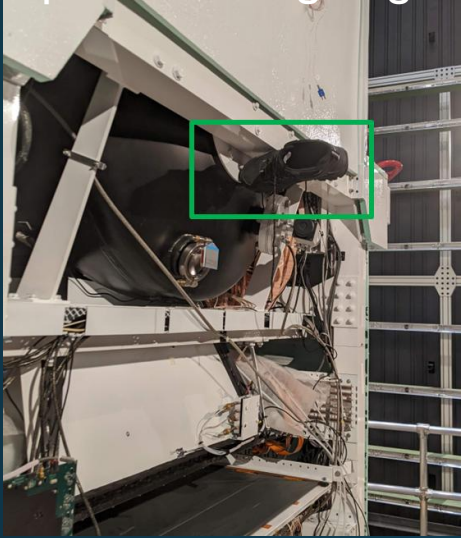


Measure
velocity (v)
and charge (Z)

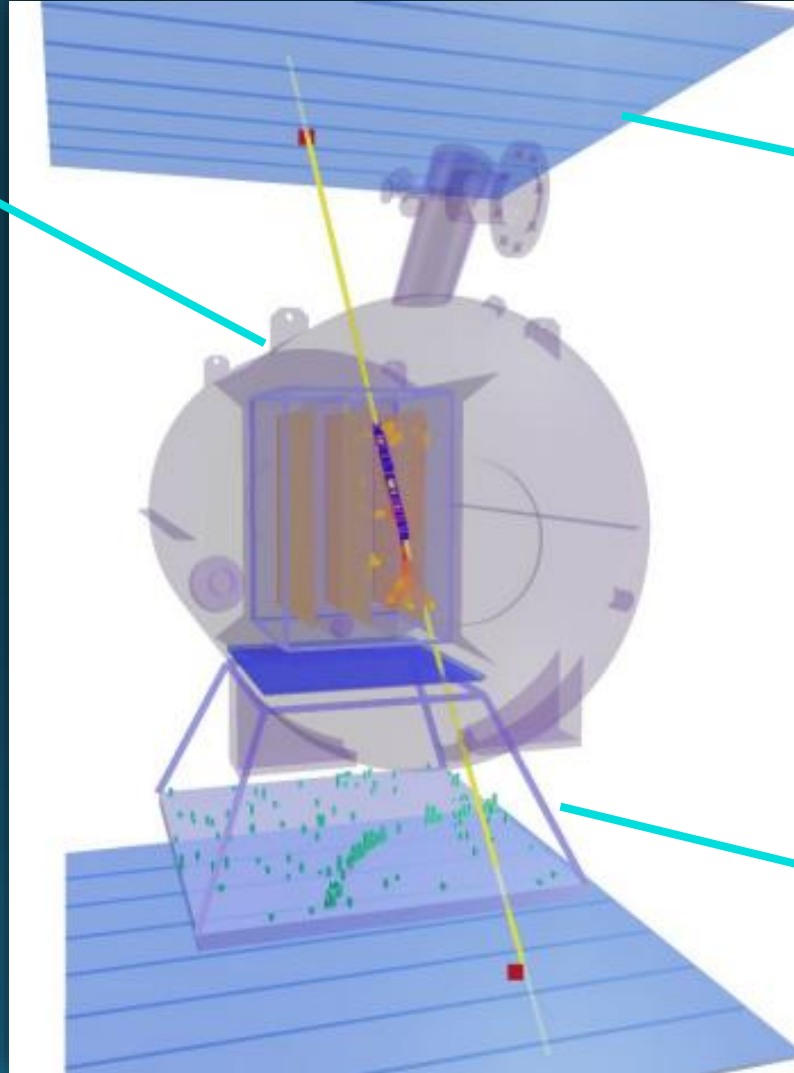
Cherenkov imaging



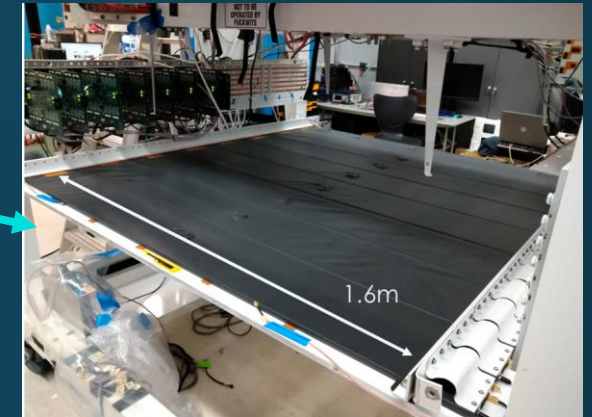
Superconducting magnet



HELIX event

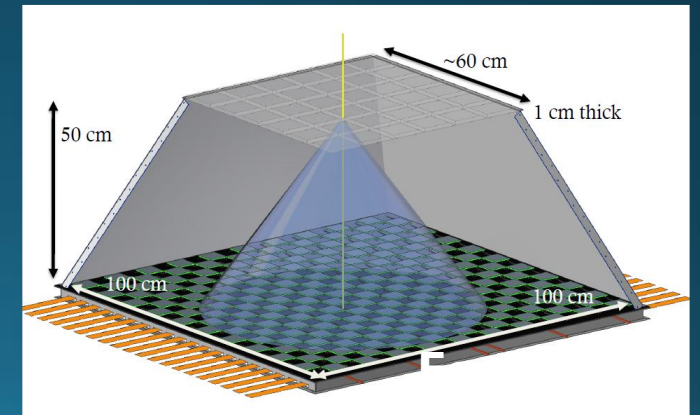


Time of Flight

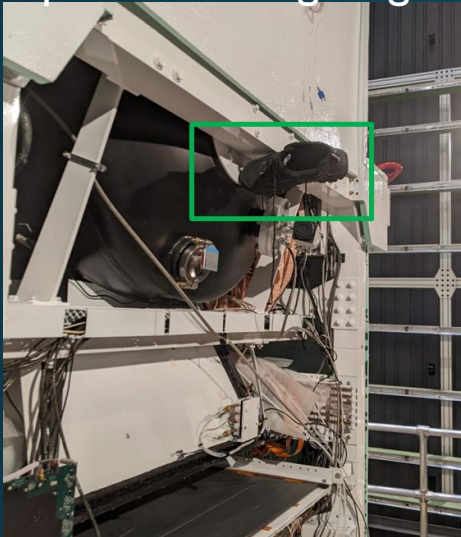


Measure
velocity (v)
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Cherenkov imaging

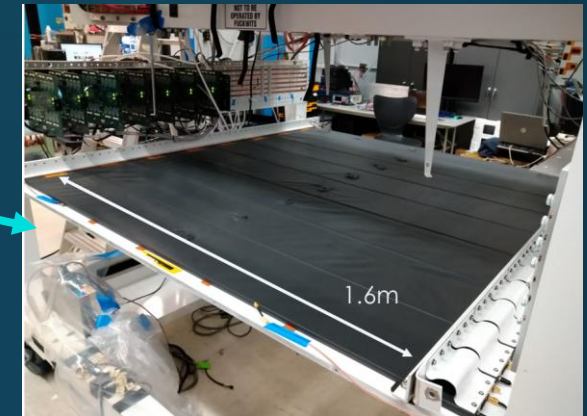


Superconducting magnet



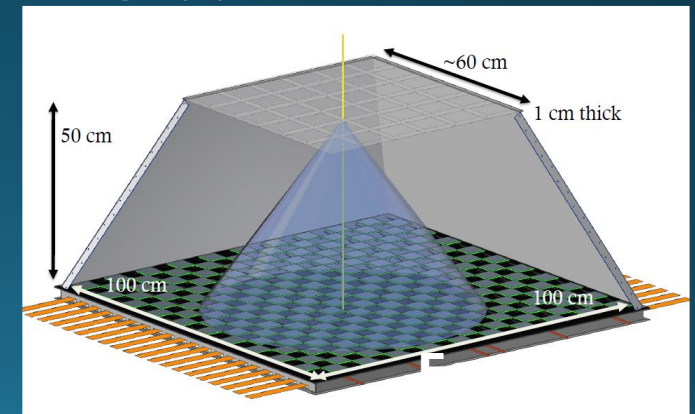
HELIX event

Time of Flight

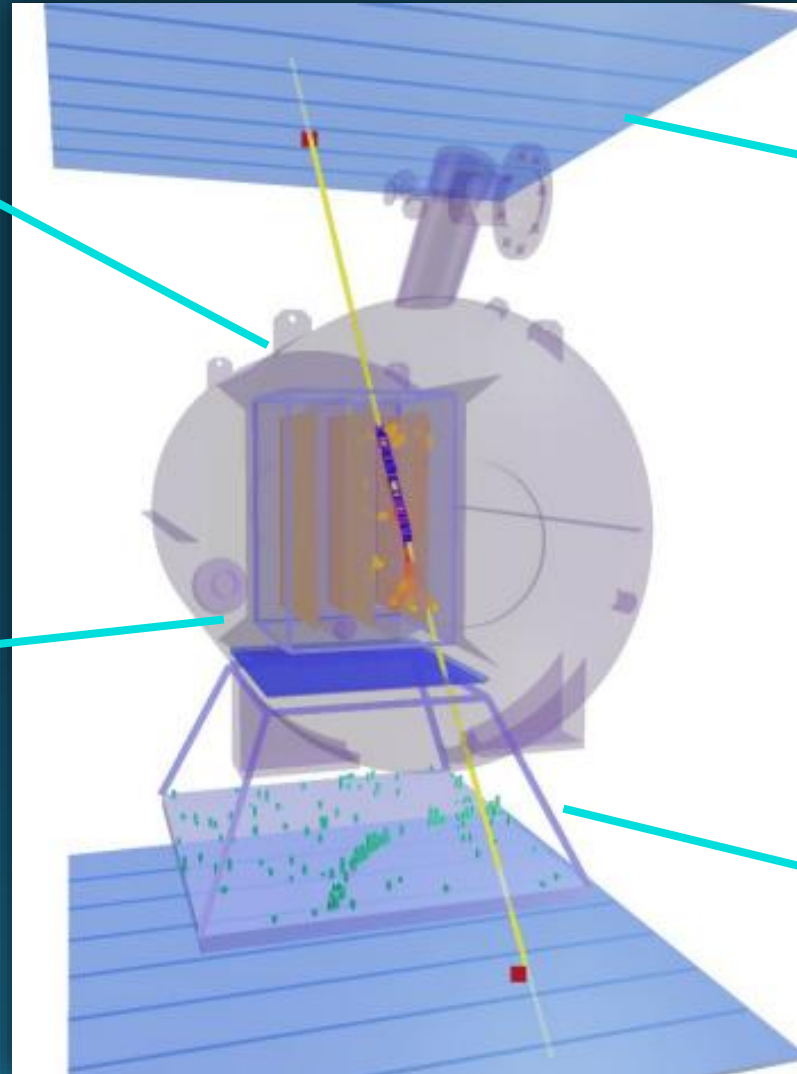


Measure velocity (v) and charge (Z)

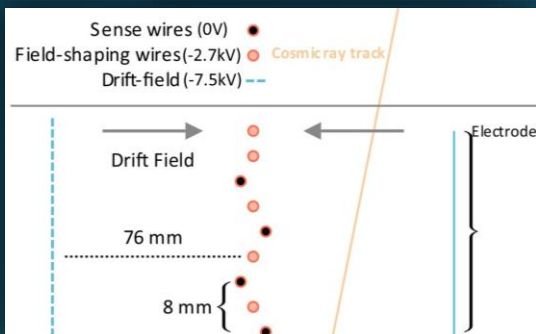
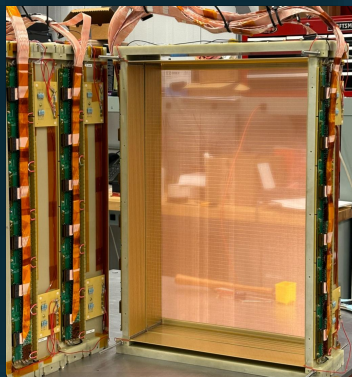
Cherenkov imaging



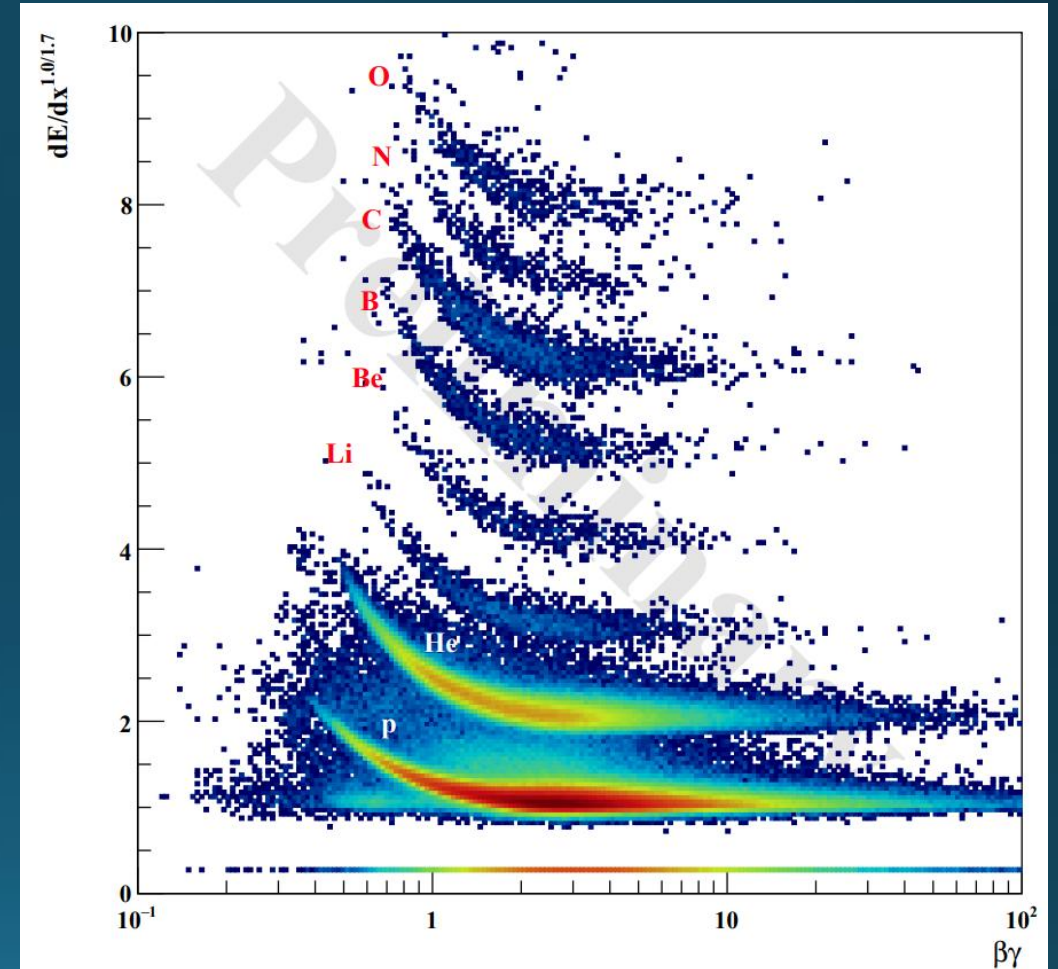
Measure momentum (p)



Tracker



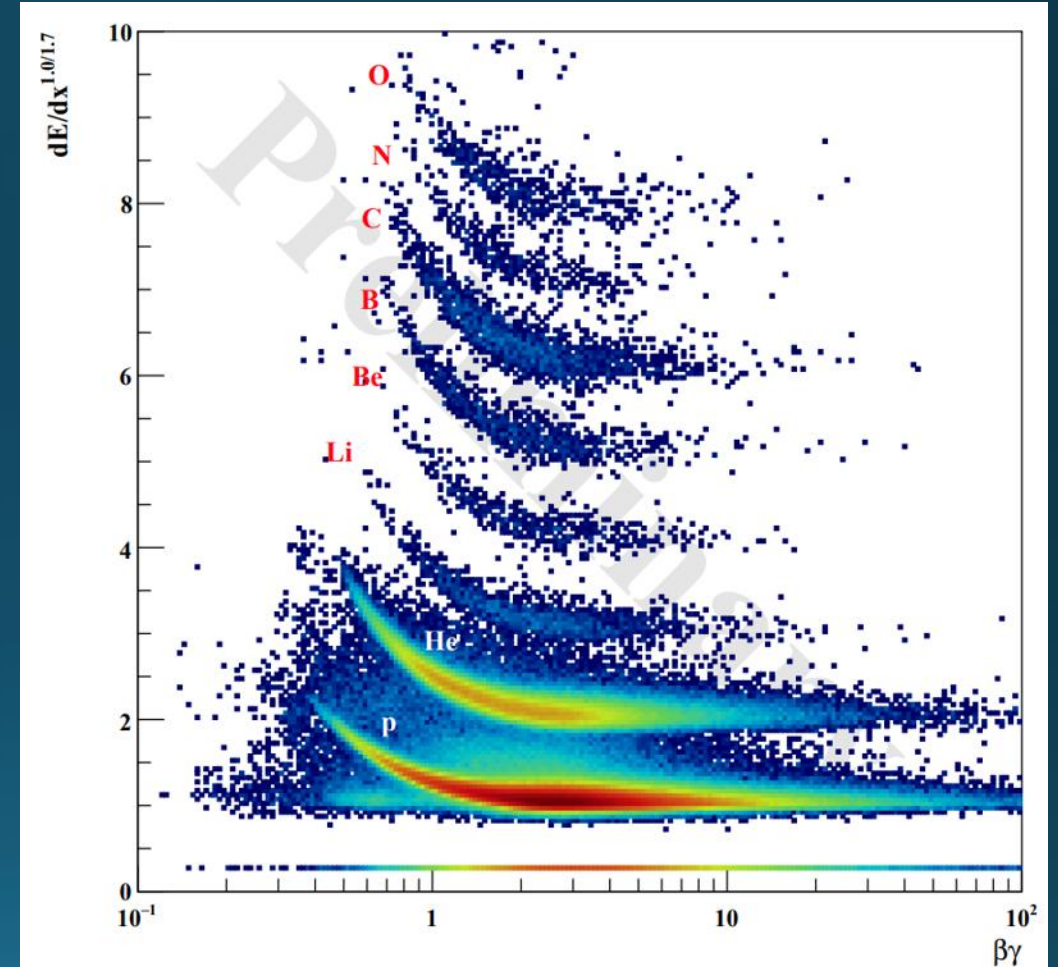
Ongoing analysis



Sakai et al 2026 JINST 21 C03014

Ongoing analysis

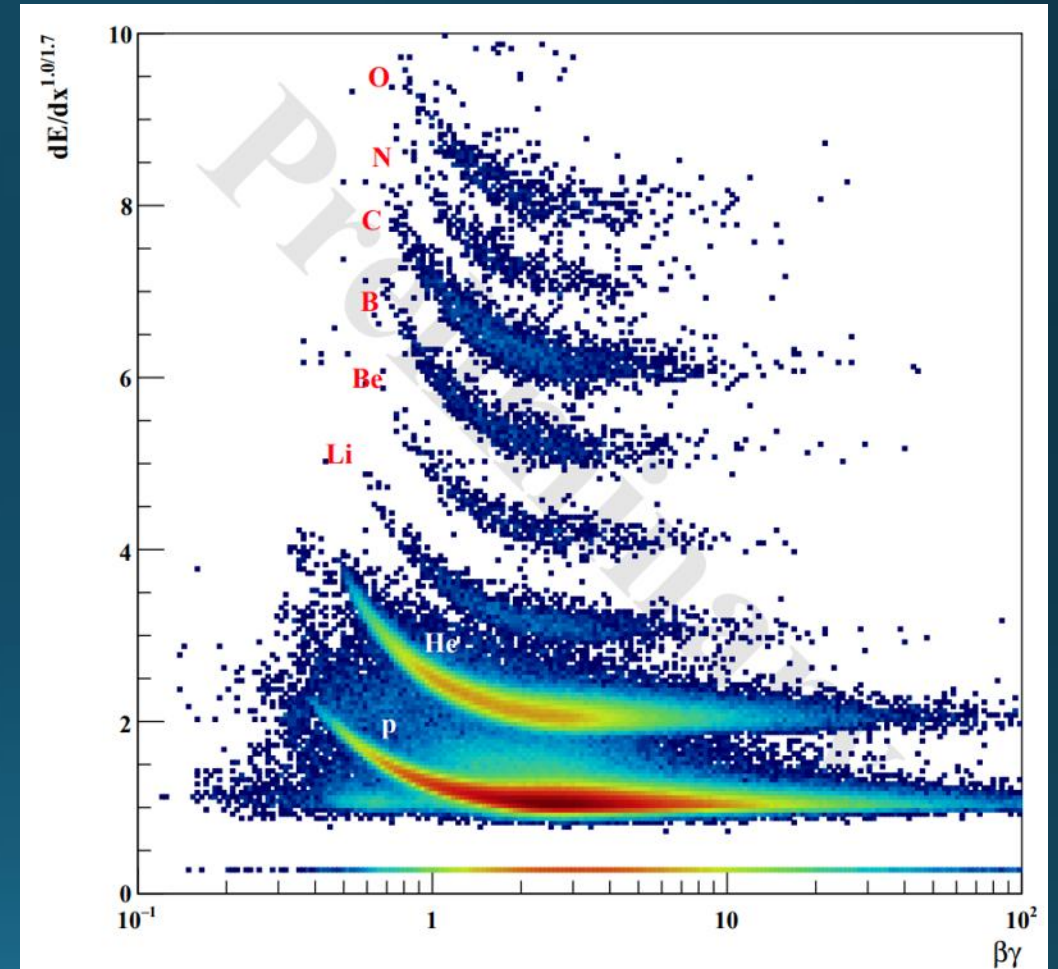
- 120 million triggers



Sakai et al 2026 JINST 21 C03014

Ongoing analysis

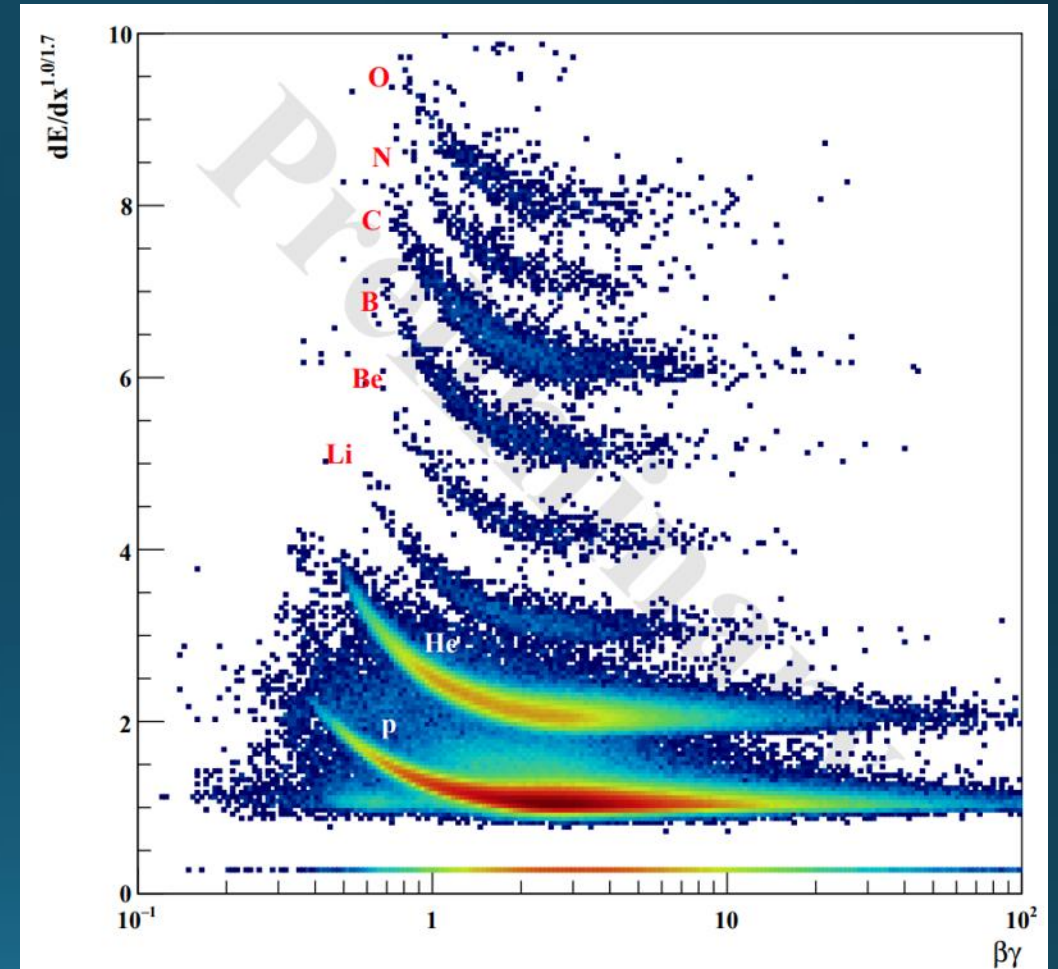
- 120 million triggers
- Tracker and TOF systems



Sakai et al 2026 JINST 21 C03014

Ongoing analysis

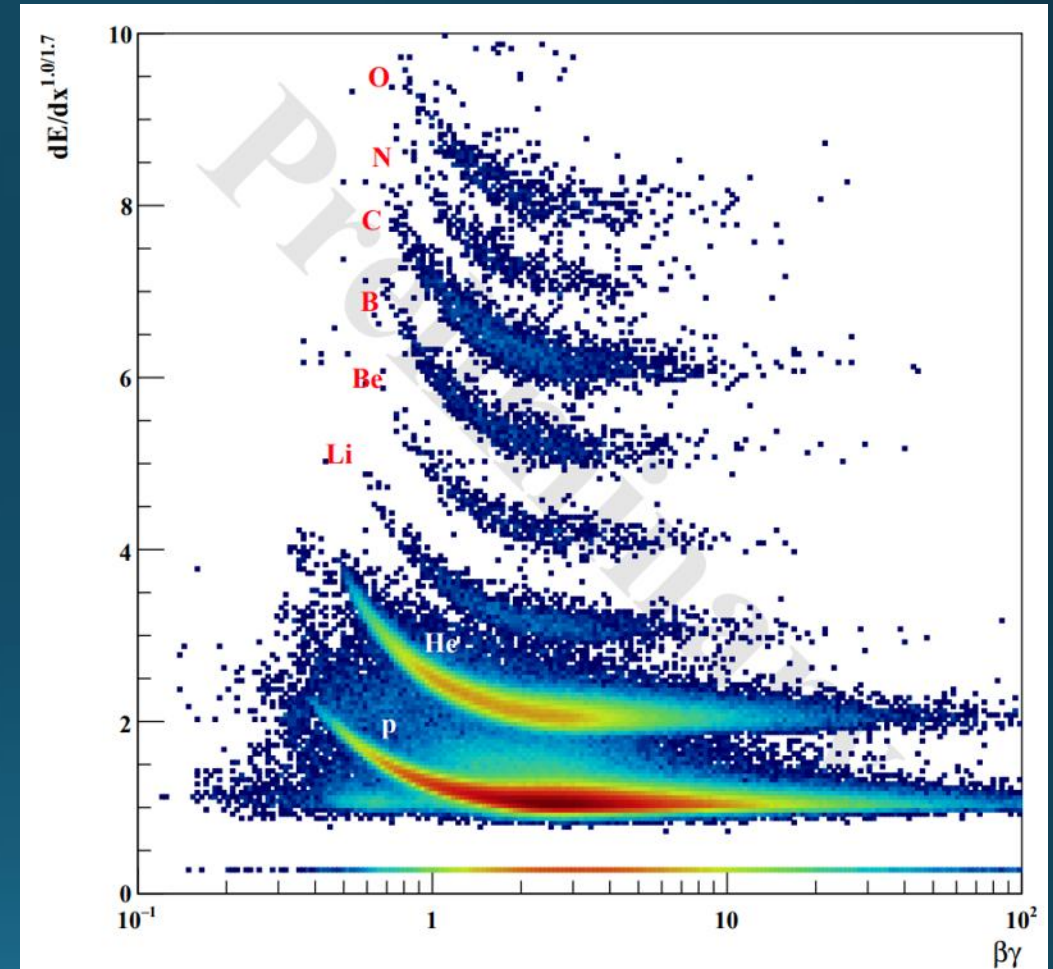
- 120 million triggers
- Tracker and TOF systems
- Garfield++ simulations and calibrations of the tracker



Sakai et al 2026 JINST 21 C03014

Ongoing analysis

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- Garfield++ simulations and calibrations of the tracker
- Spectra already showing signs of discriminating power between proton-deuterons and He-3 - He-4

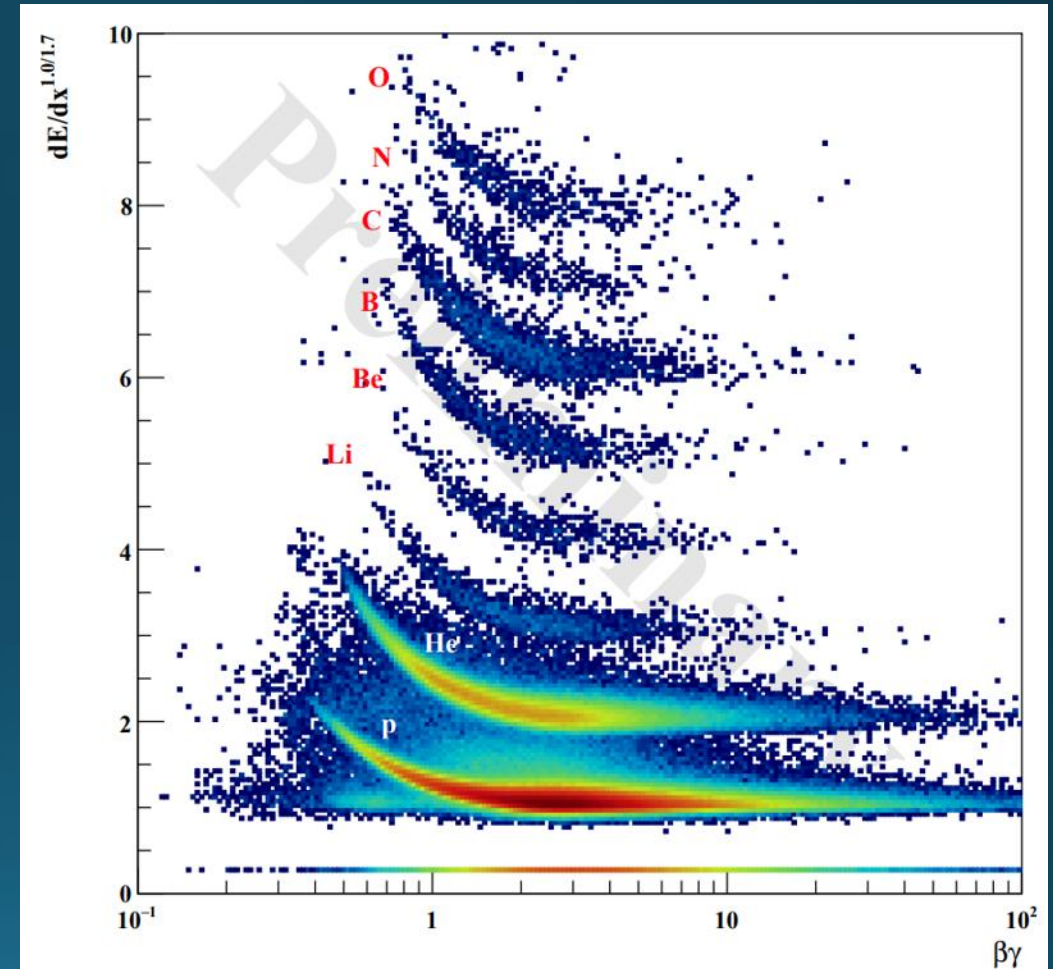


Sakai et al 2026 JINST 21 C03014

Ongoing analysis

- 120 million triggers
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- Garfield++ simulations and calibrations of the tracker
- Spectra already showing signs of discriminating power between proton-deuterons and He-3 - He-4

Stay tuned for instrumentation paper and analysis of first flight results



Sakai et al 2026 JINST 21 C03014

The Payload for Ultrahigh Energy Observations (PUEO)

Graduate students:
Dennis H. Calderón
Payton Linton
Taylor Coakley

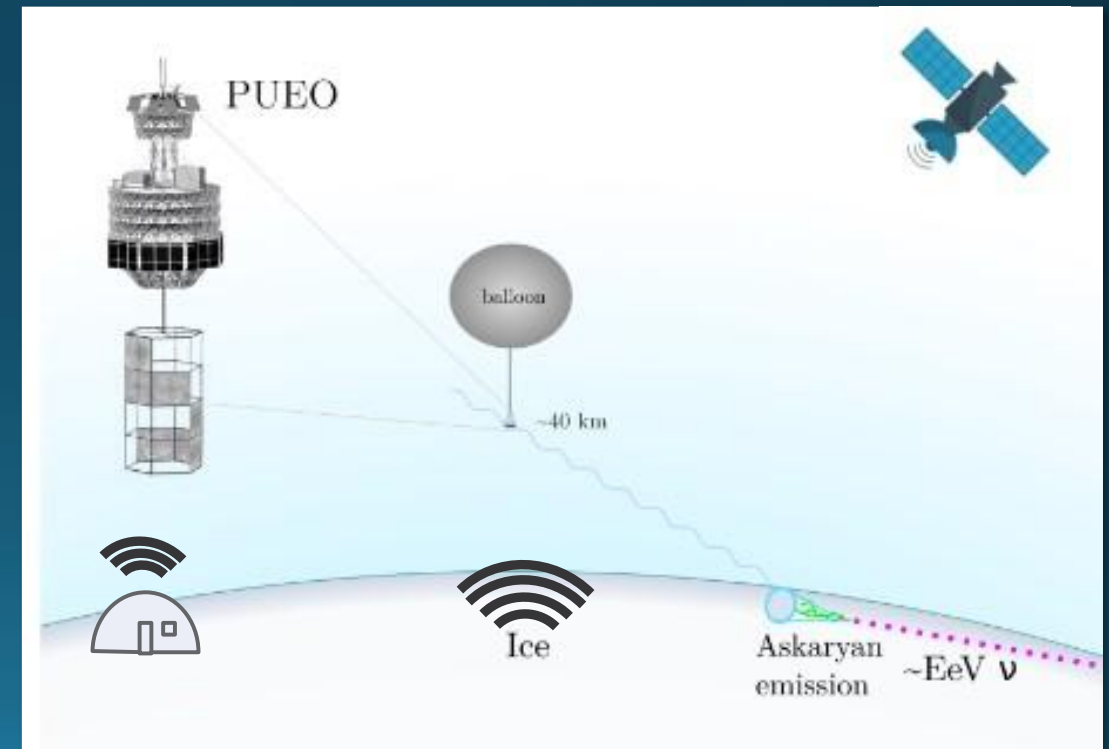
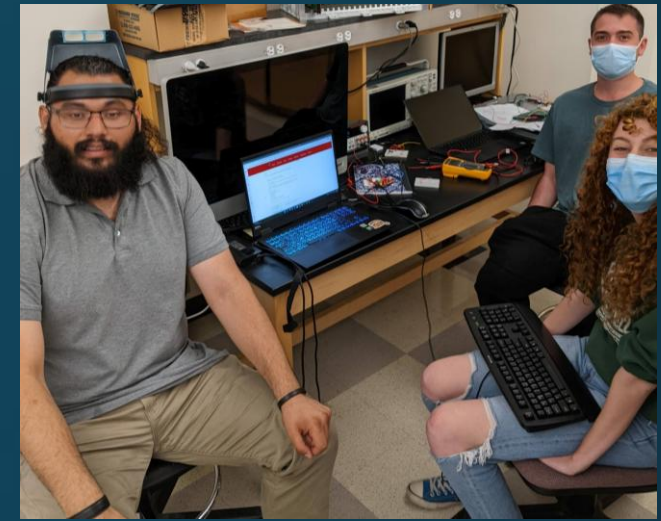


The Payload for Ultrahigh Energy Observations (PUEO)

- Another balloon-borne instrument



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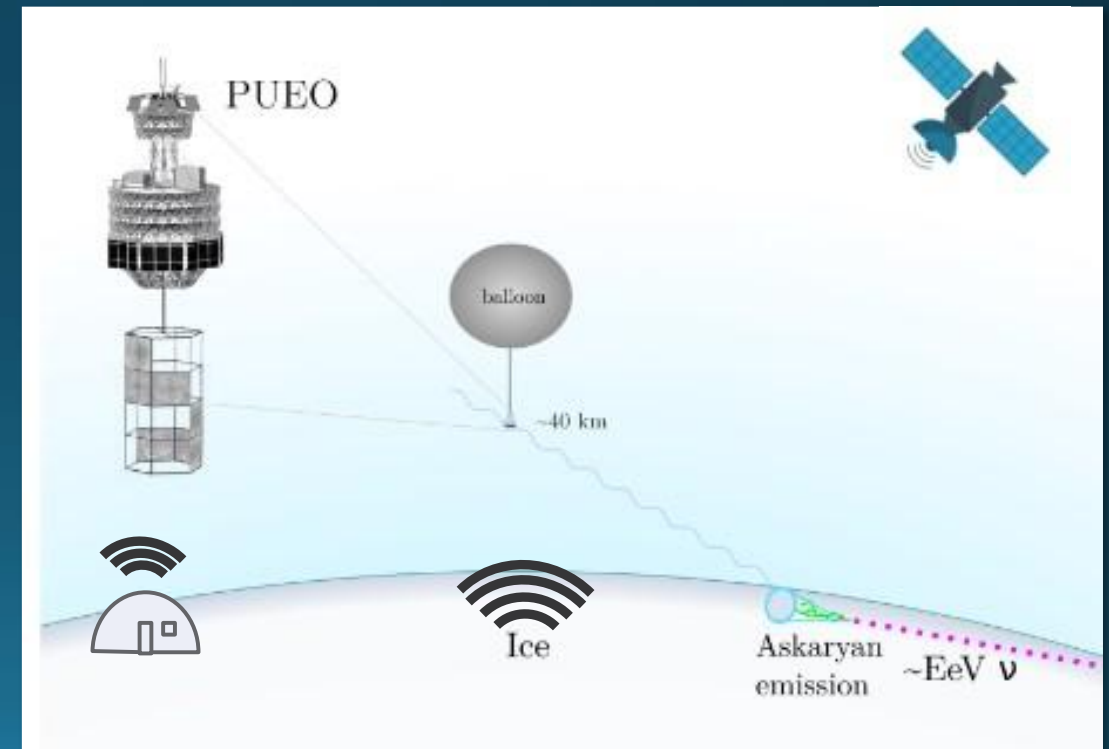
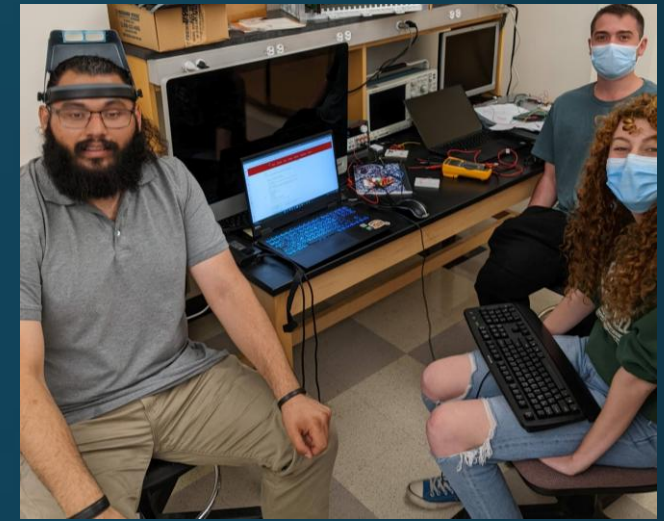


The Payload for Ultrahigh Energy Observations (PUEO)

- Another balloon-borne instrument
- Back to ultrahigh energy neutrinos



Graduate students:
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Payton Linton
Taylor Coakley

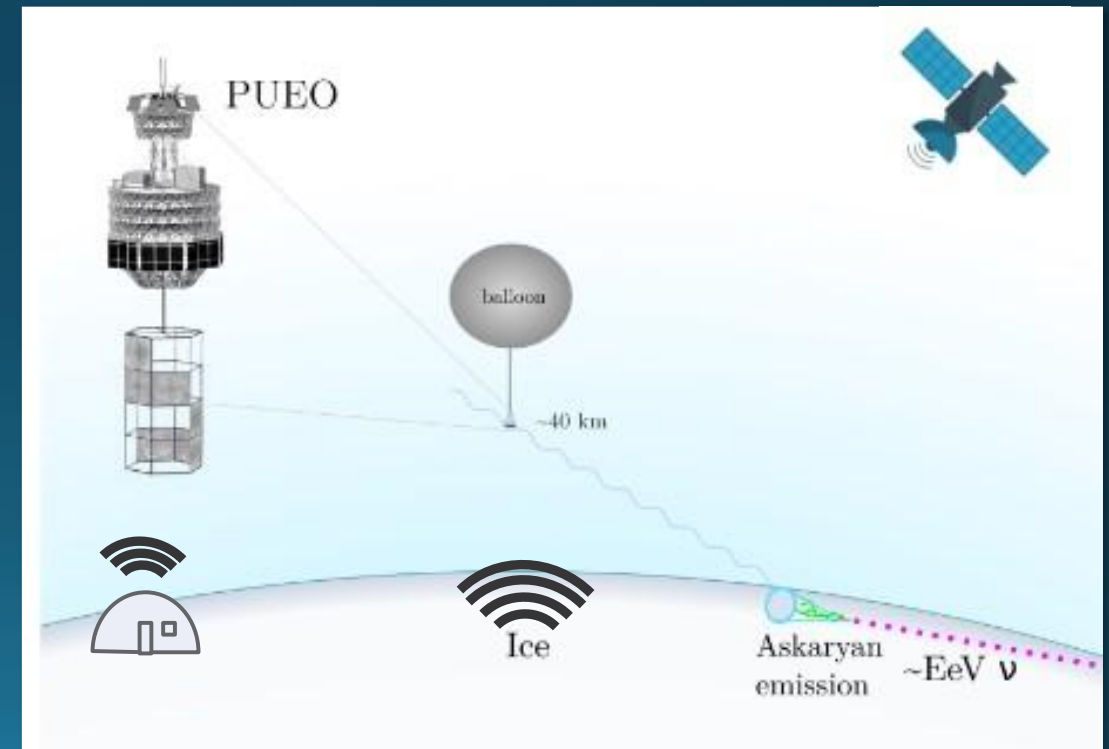
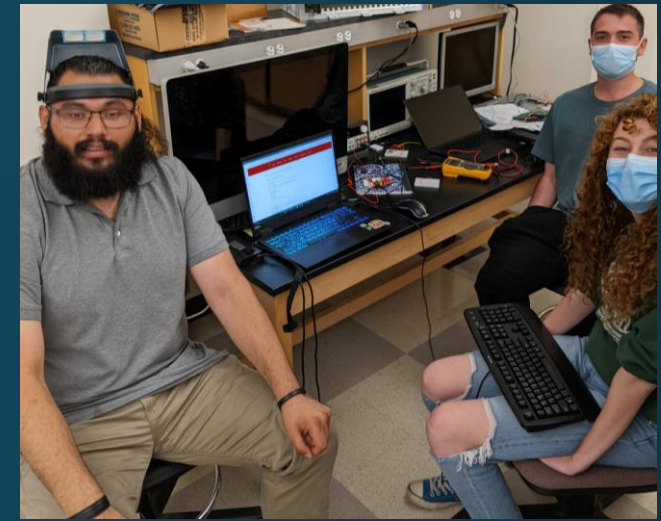


The Payload for Ultrahigh Energy Observations (PUEO)

- Another balloon-borne instrument
- Back to ultrahigh energy neutrinos
- Started working on this project as a postdoc in CCAPP 2021



Graduate students:
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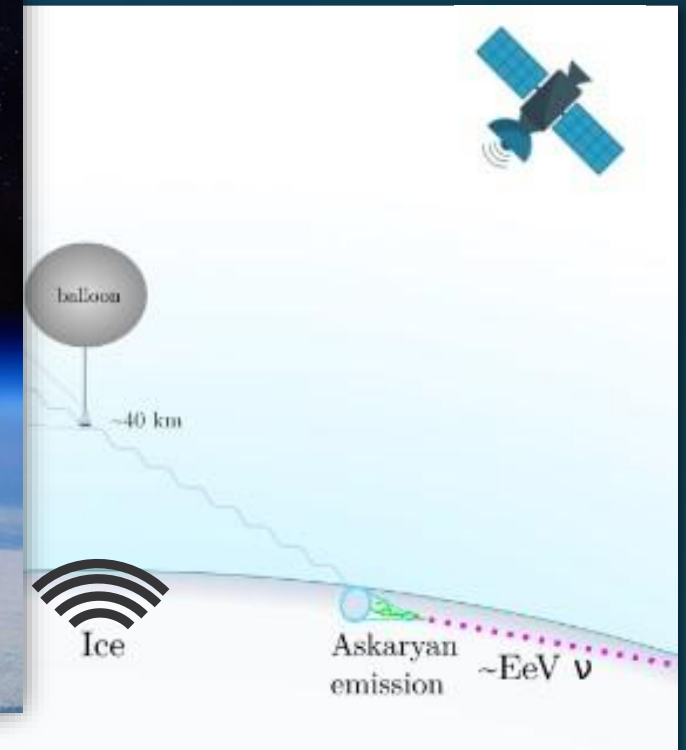
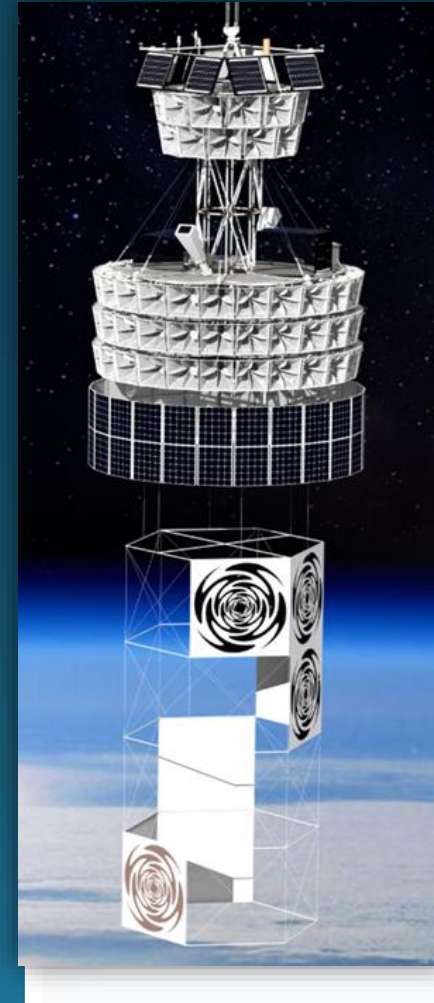
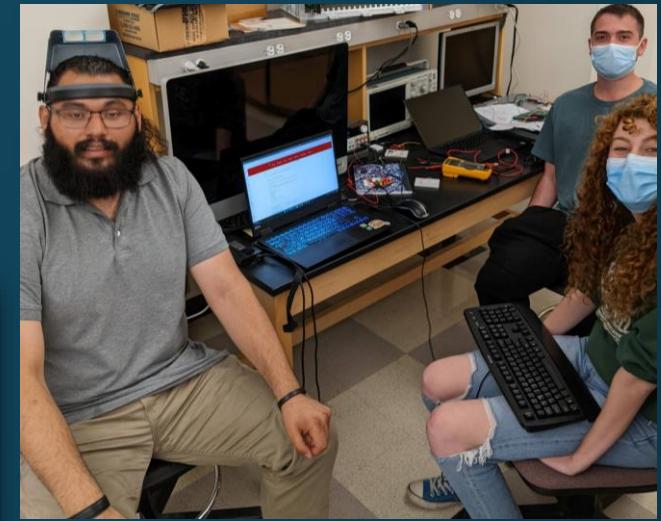


The Payload for Ultrahigh Energy Observations (PUEO)

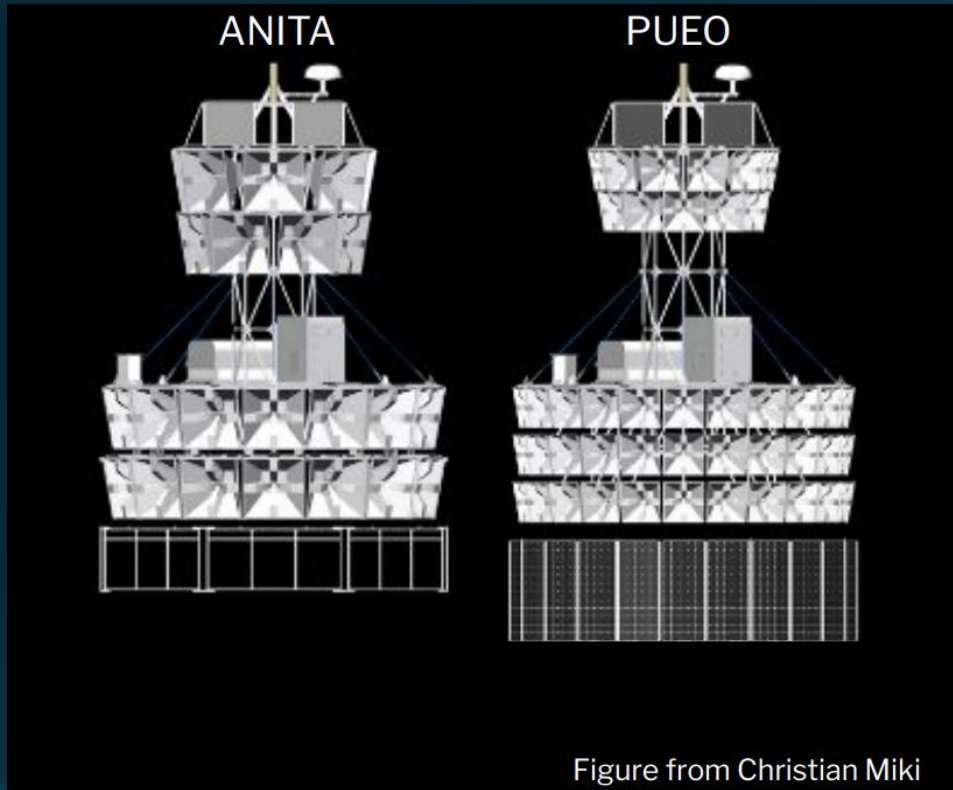
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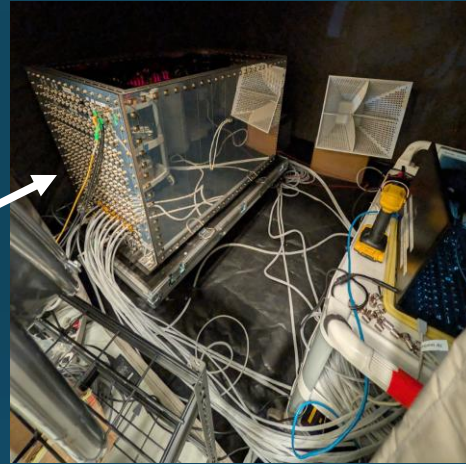
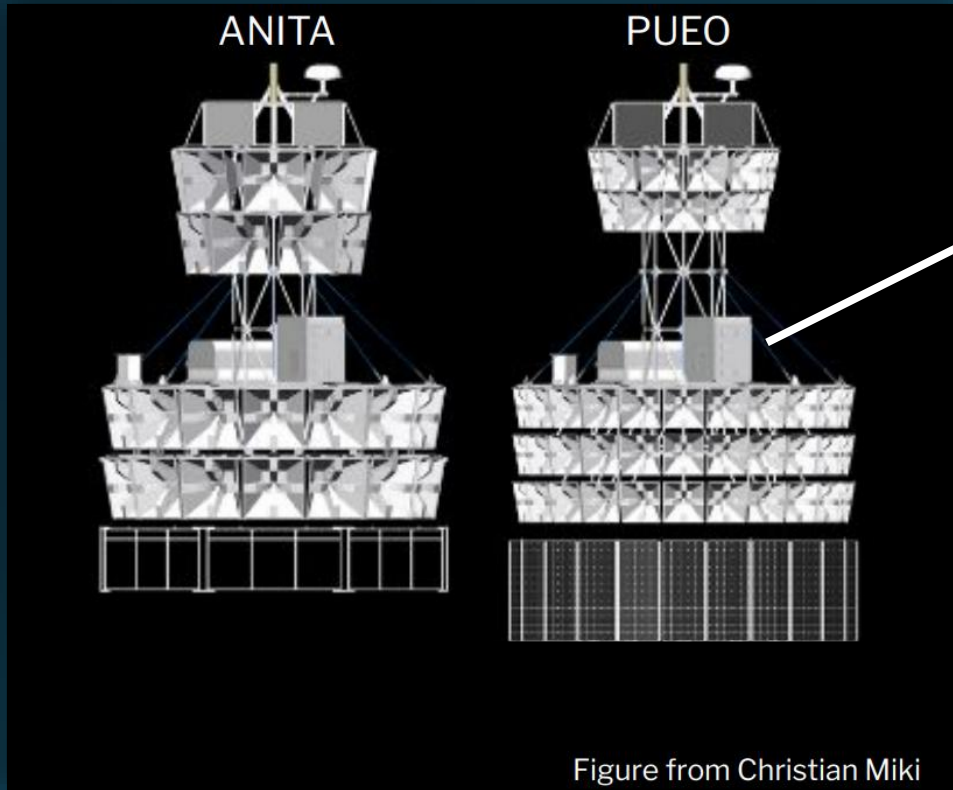
Graduate students:
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Taylor Coakley



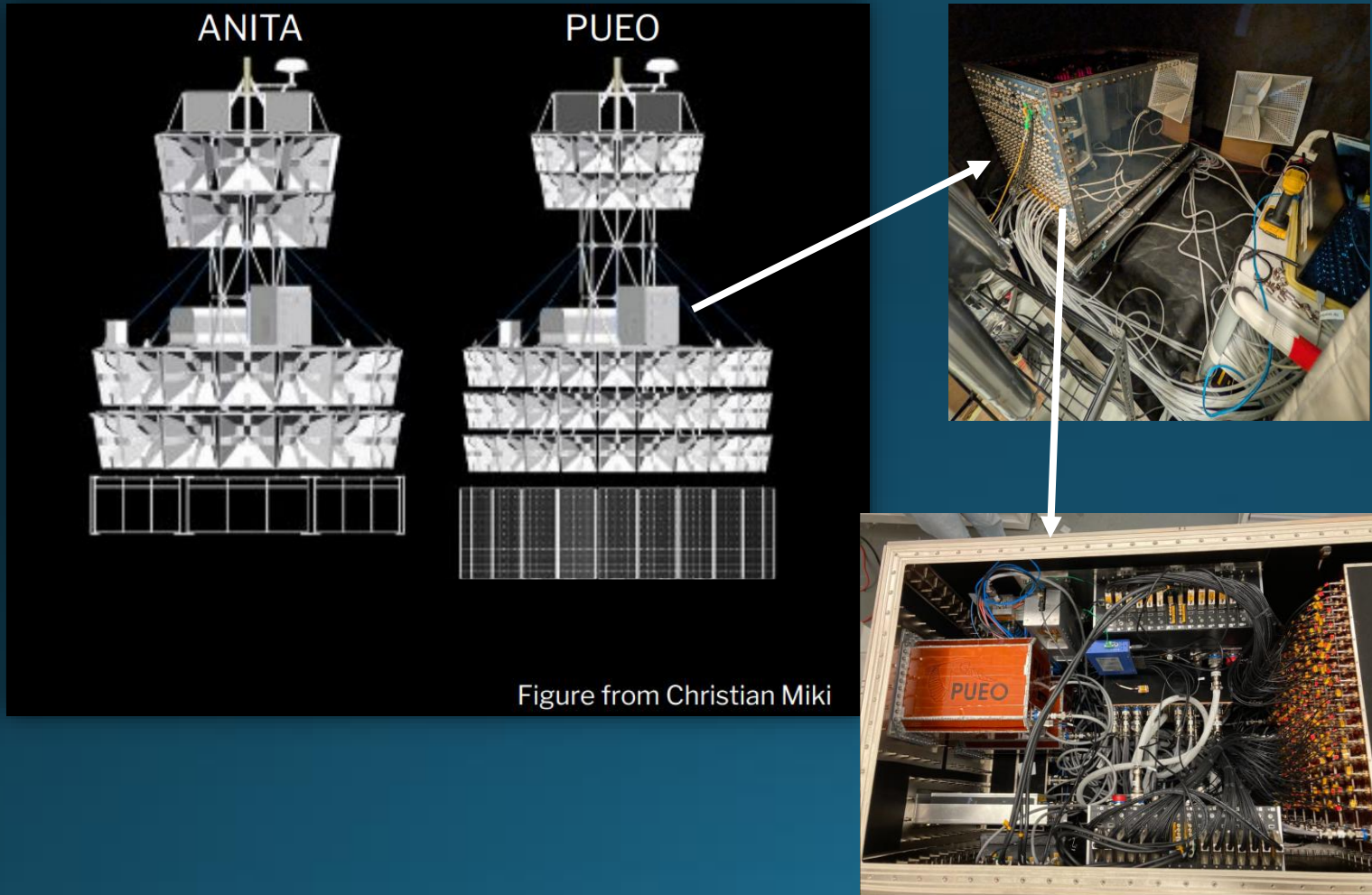
PUEO is the successor of ANITA



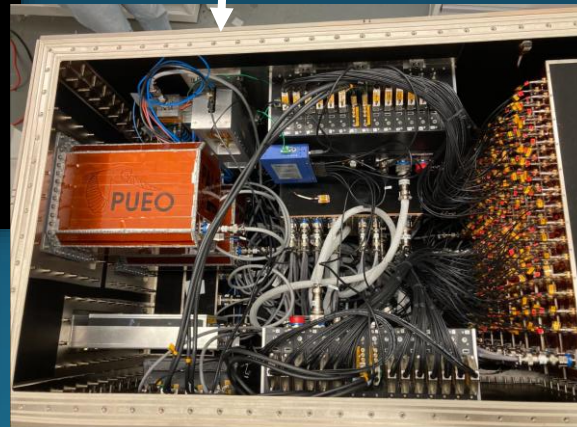
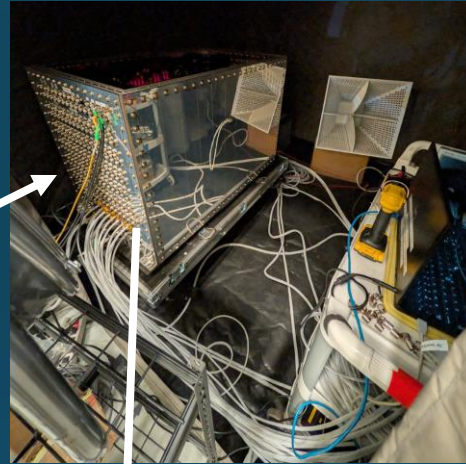
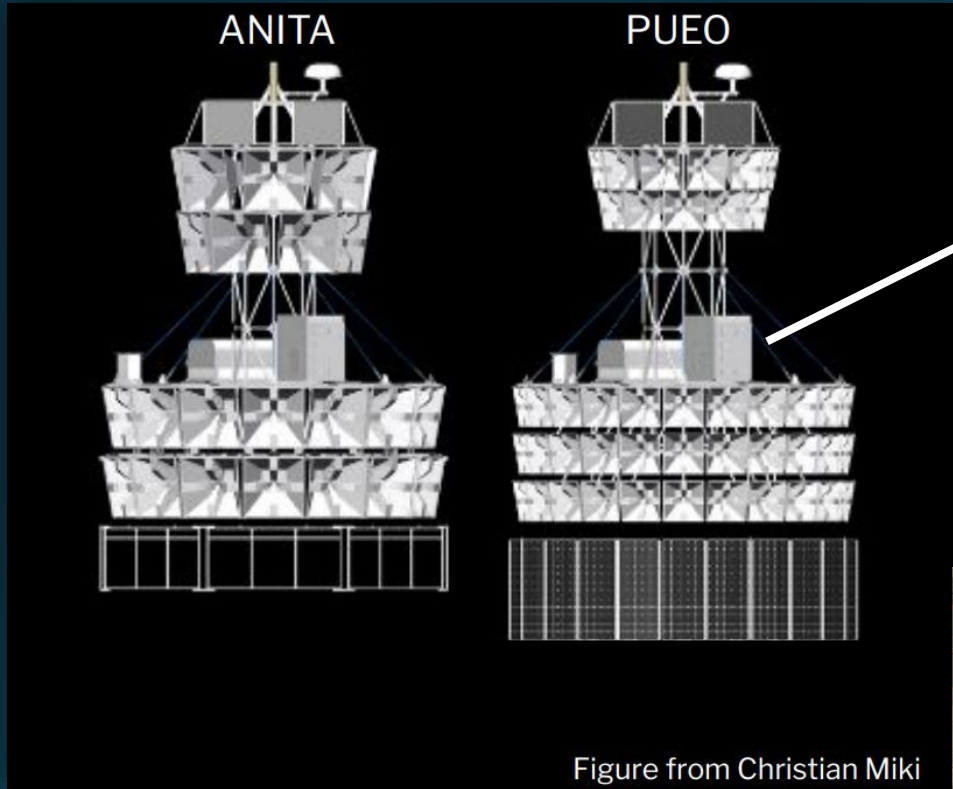
PUEO is the successor of ANITA



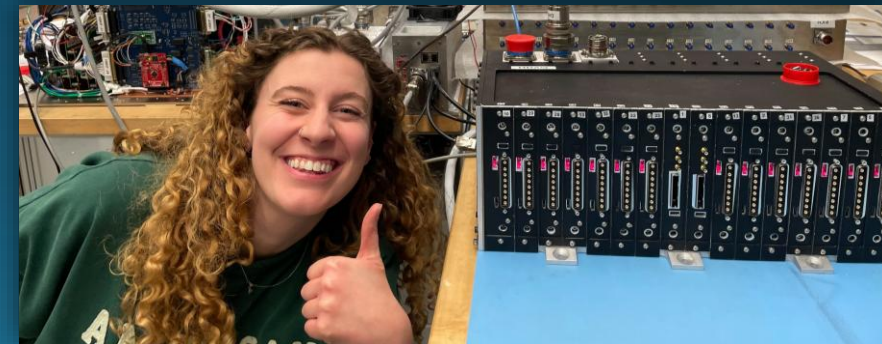
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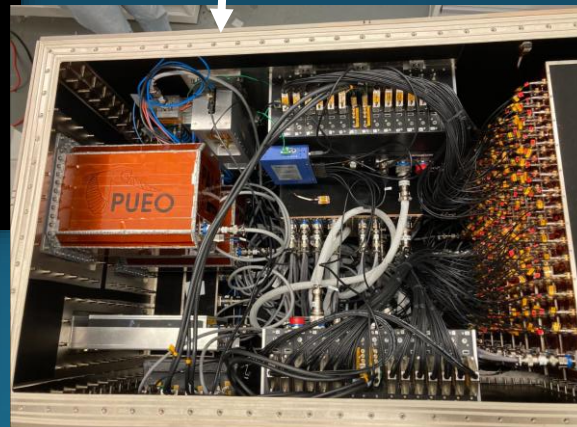
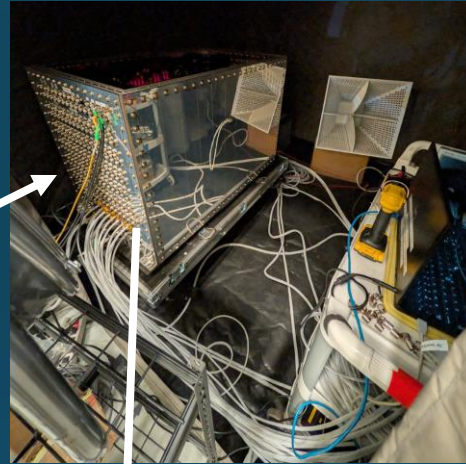
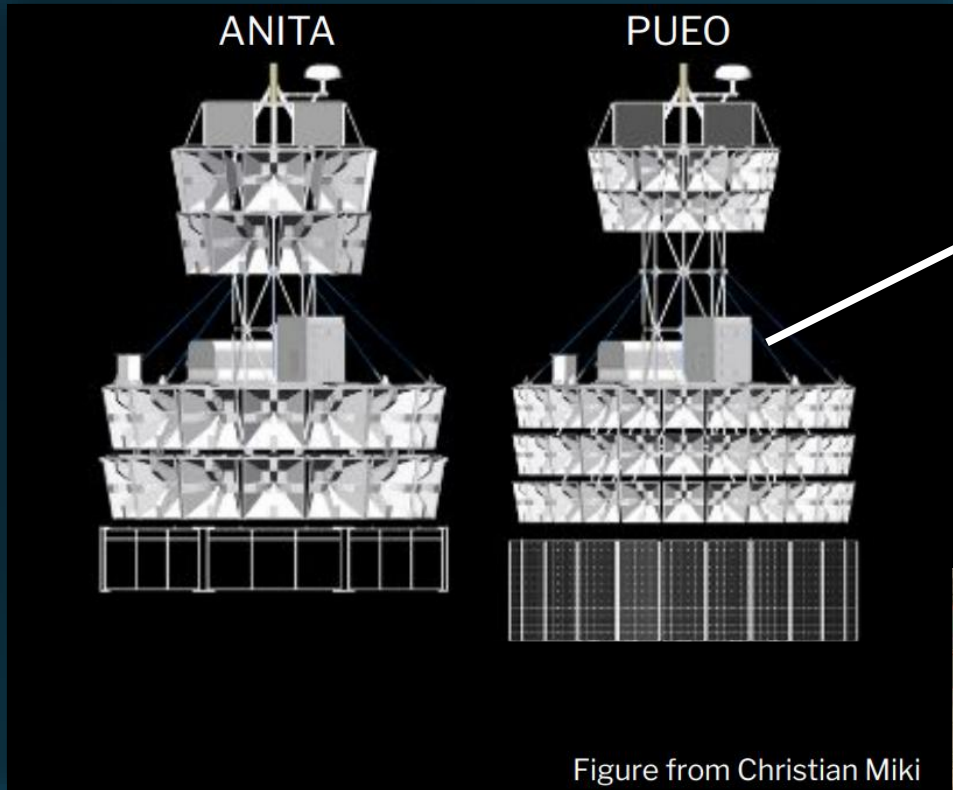
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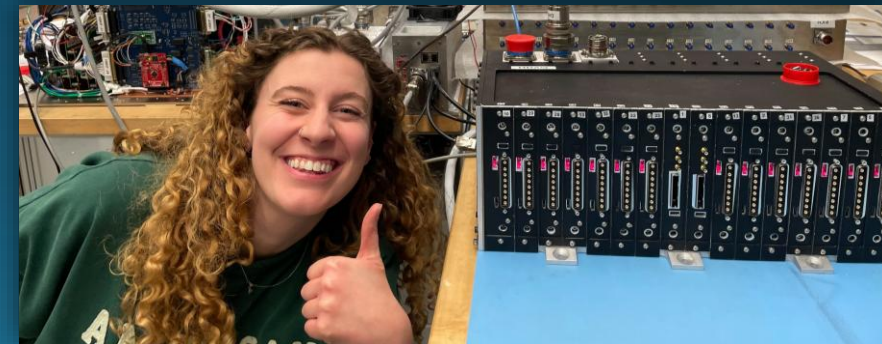
Taylor Coakley at Ohio State, expert on the data acquisition system.



PUEO is the successor of ANITA

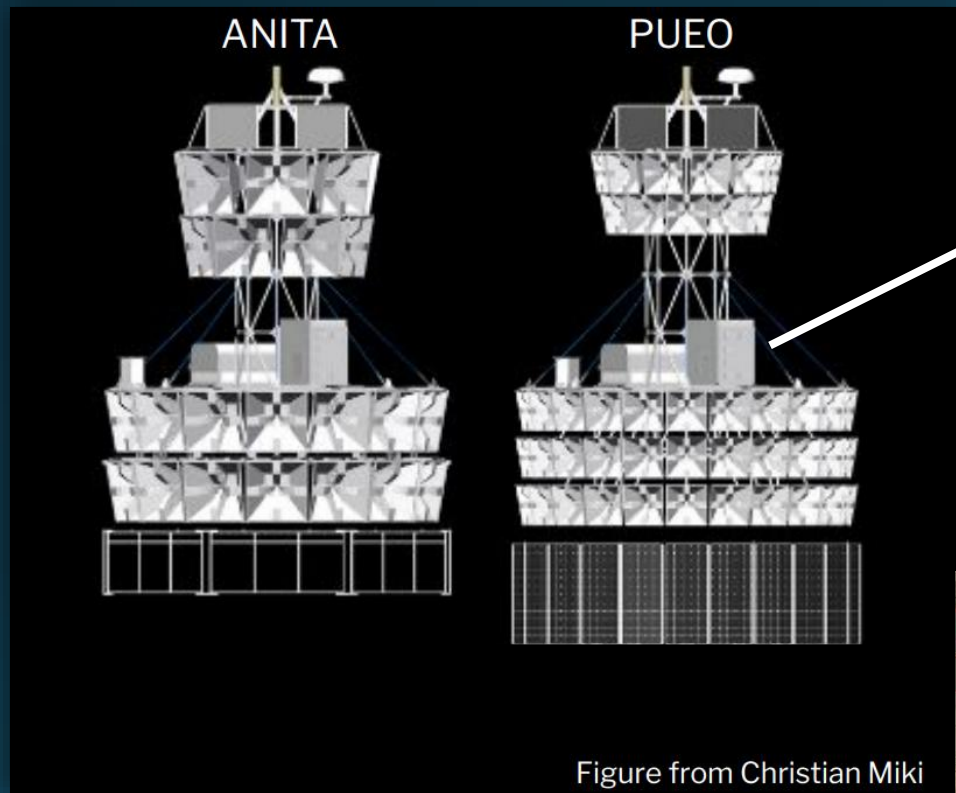


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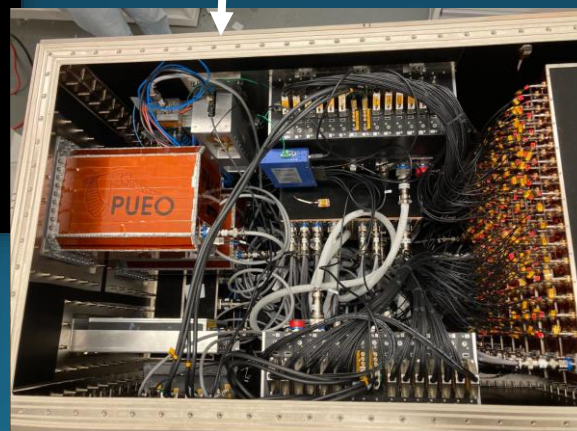
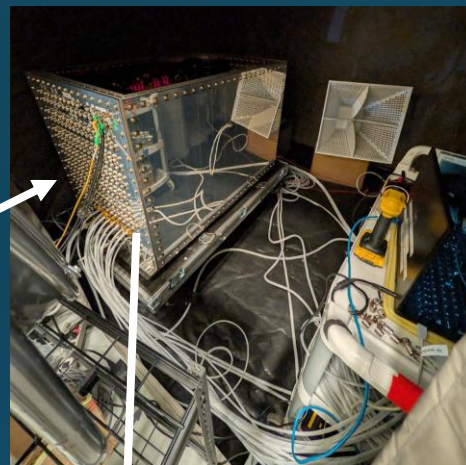


- I. Interferometric phased array trigger with optimized trigger band

PUEO is the successor of ANITA



1. Interferometric phased array trigger with optimized trigger band
2. x2 collecting area in the frequency band

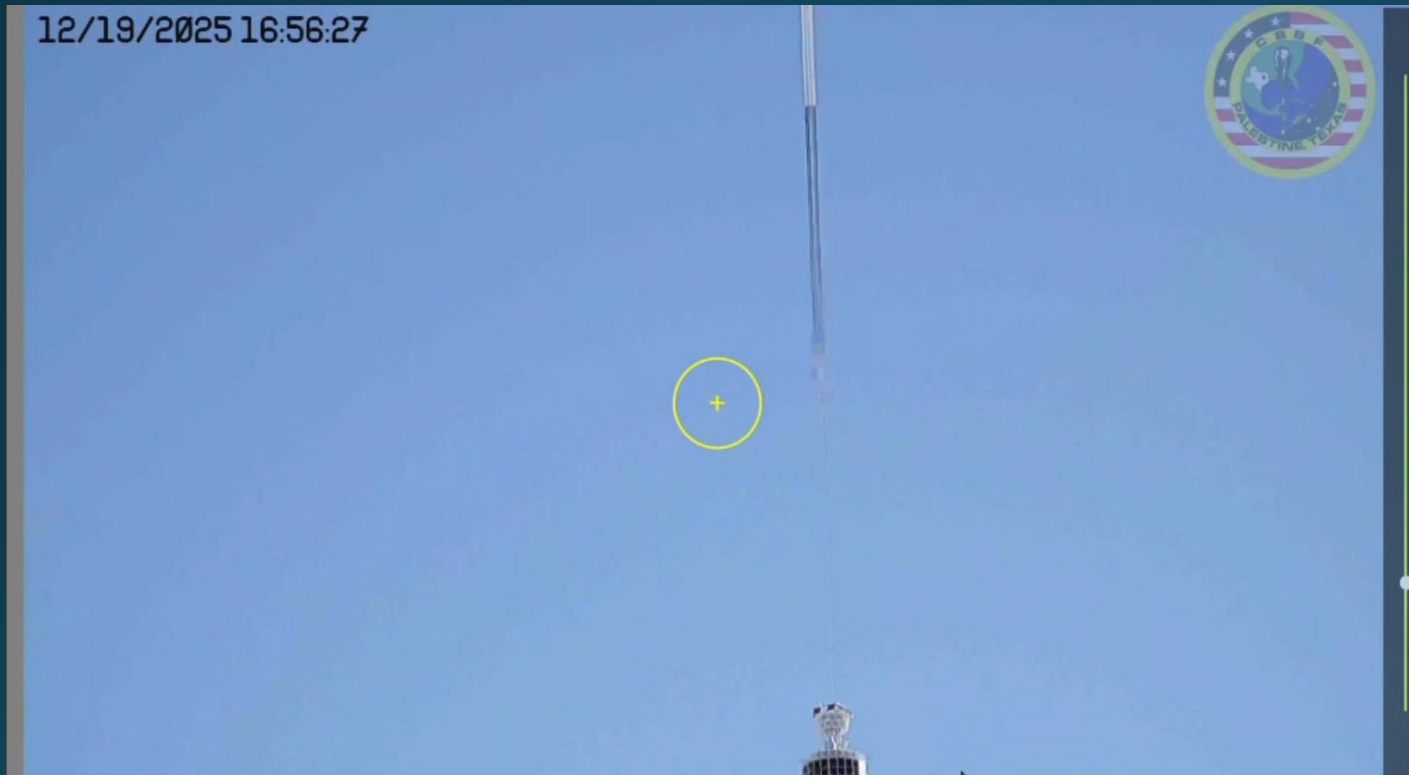


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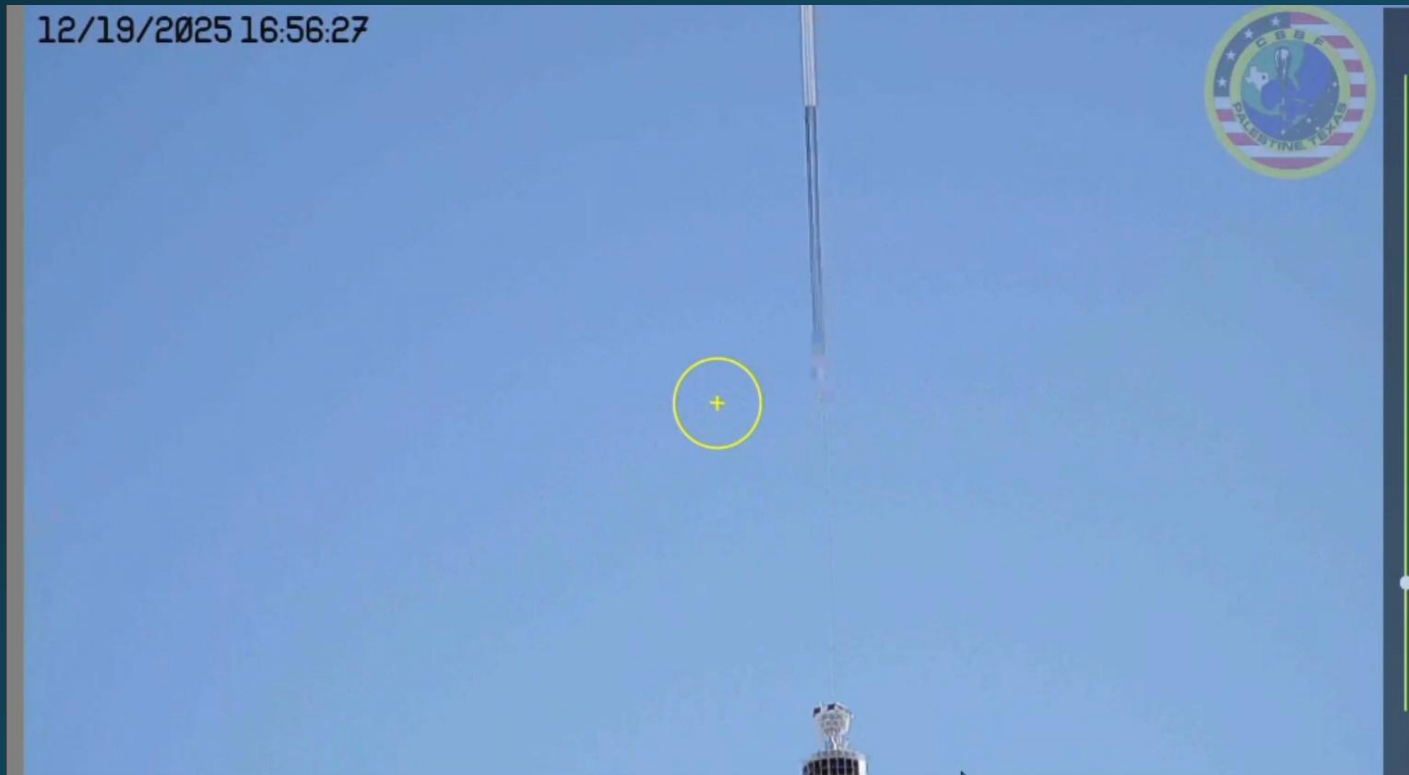


PUEO Launch and deployables

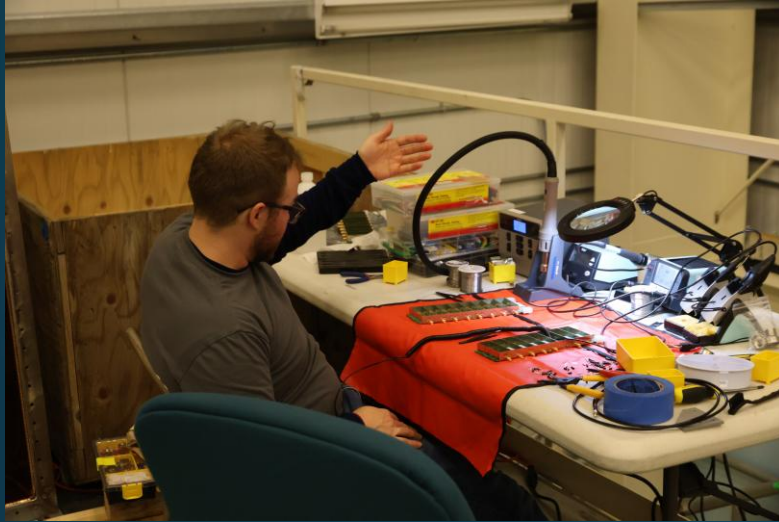
PUEO Launch and deployables



PUEO Launch and deployables



CCAPP on campaign



Dr. Quin Abarr



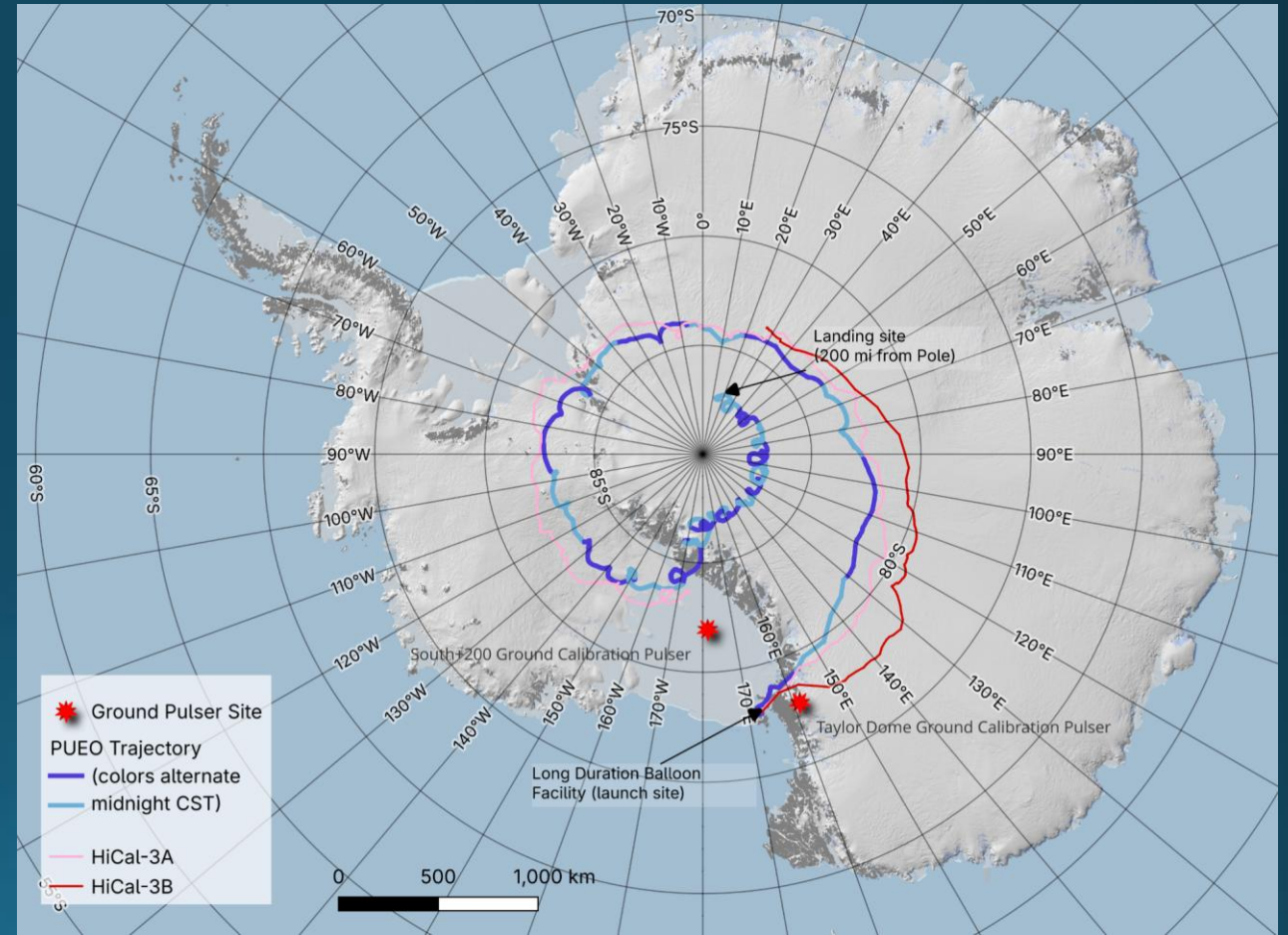
Dr. Lucas Beaufore



Taylor Coakley

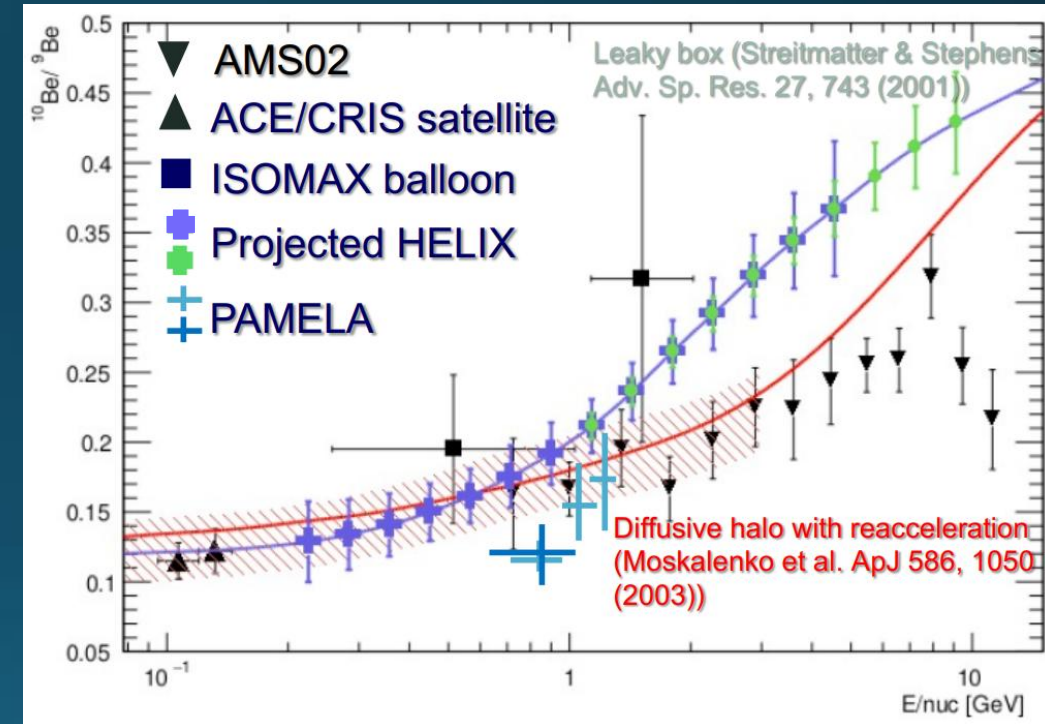
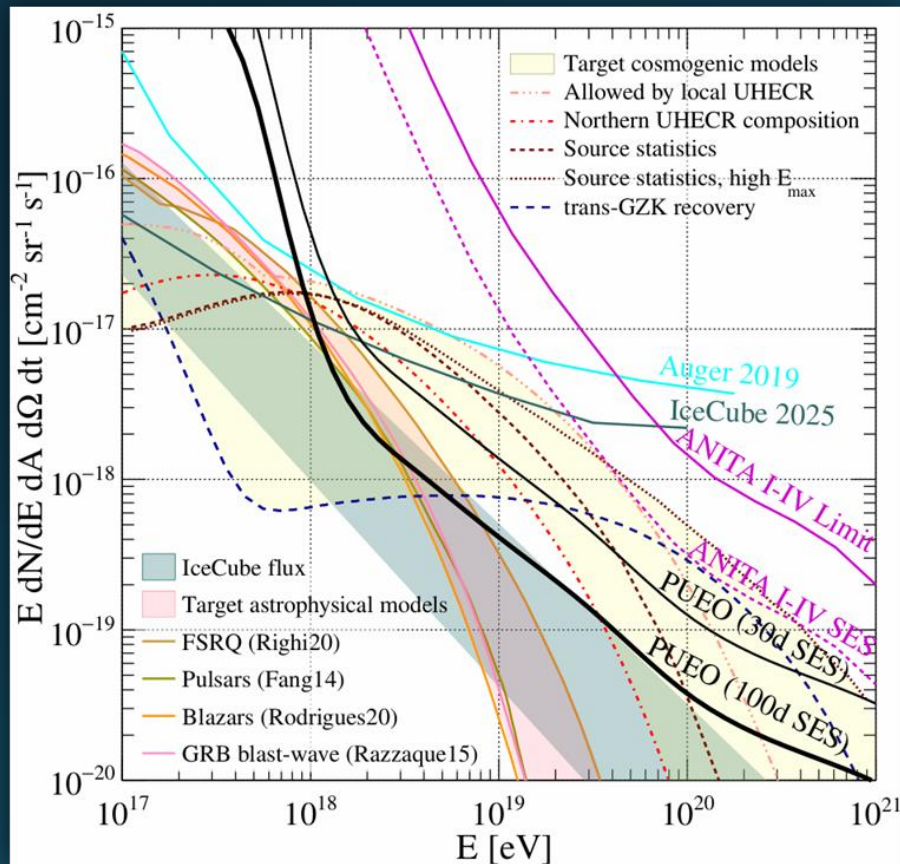
Ongoing analysis and calibration

- Over 55TB of data collected
 - And data received
- Flew from Dec 19th 2025 to January 13th 2026
- Calibration with HiCal following payloads and ground pulsing.
- Stay tuned for results!



Conclusions

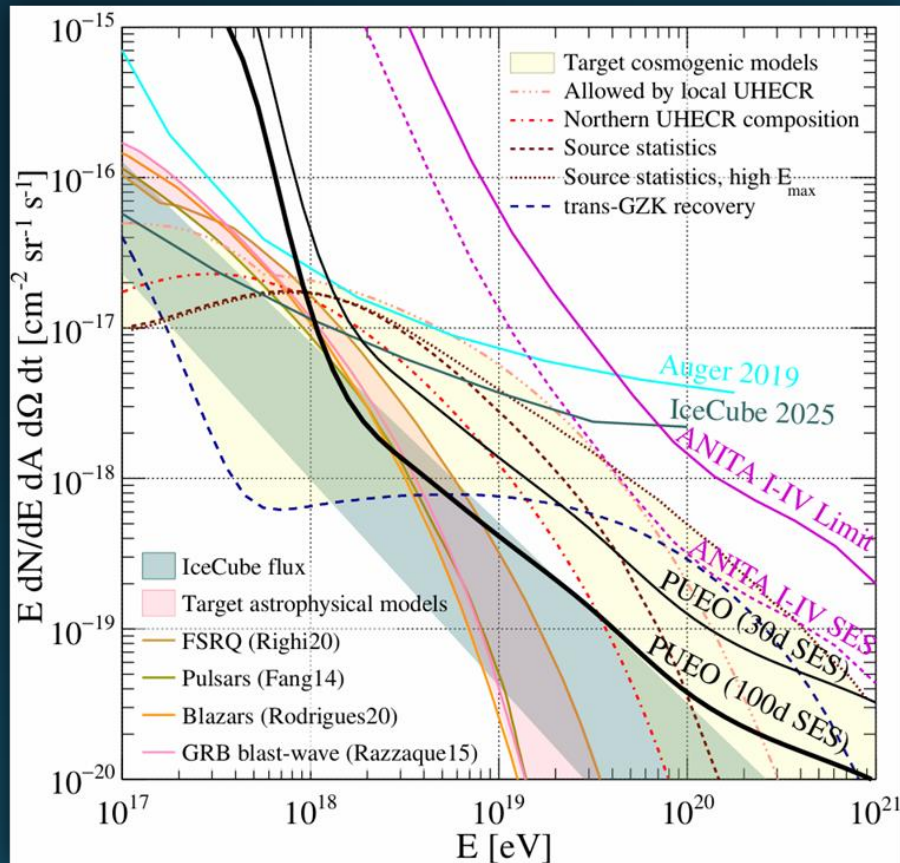
PUEO will teach us about the highest energy accelerators in the universe!



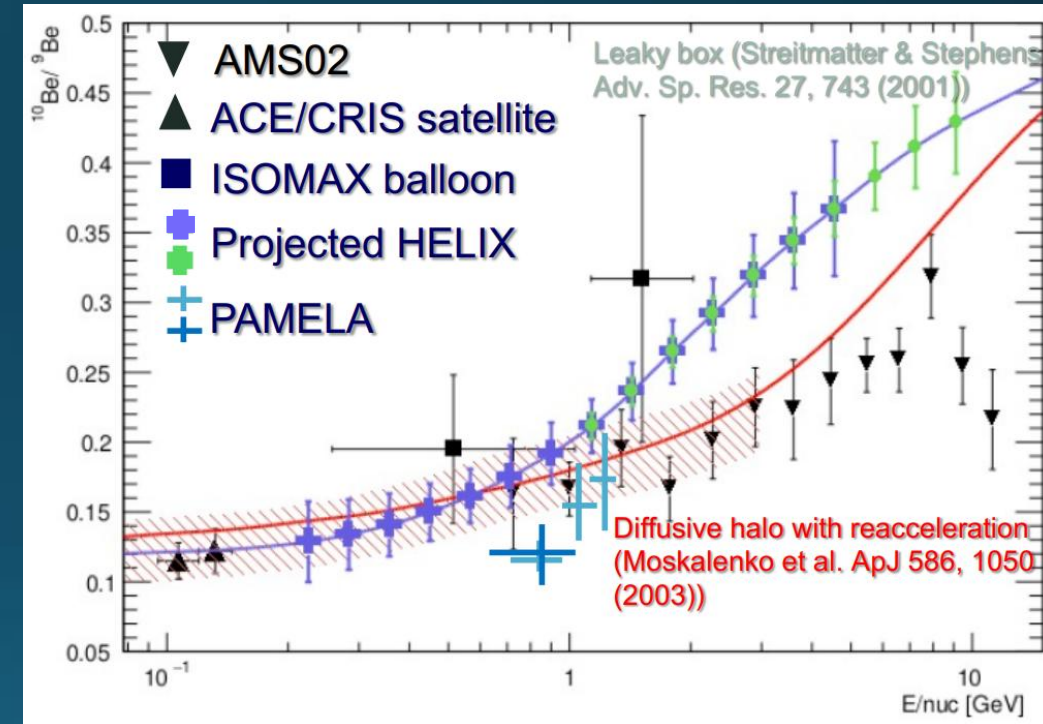
HELIX will significantly improve our understanding of GCR propagation

Conclusions

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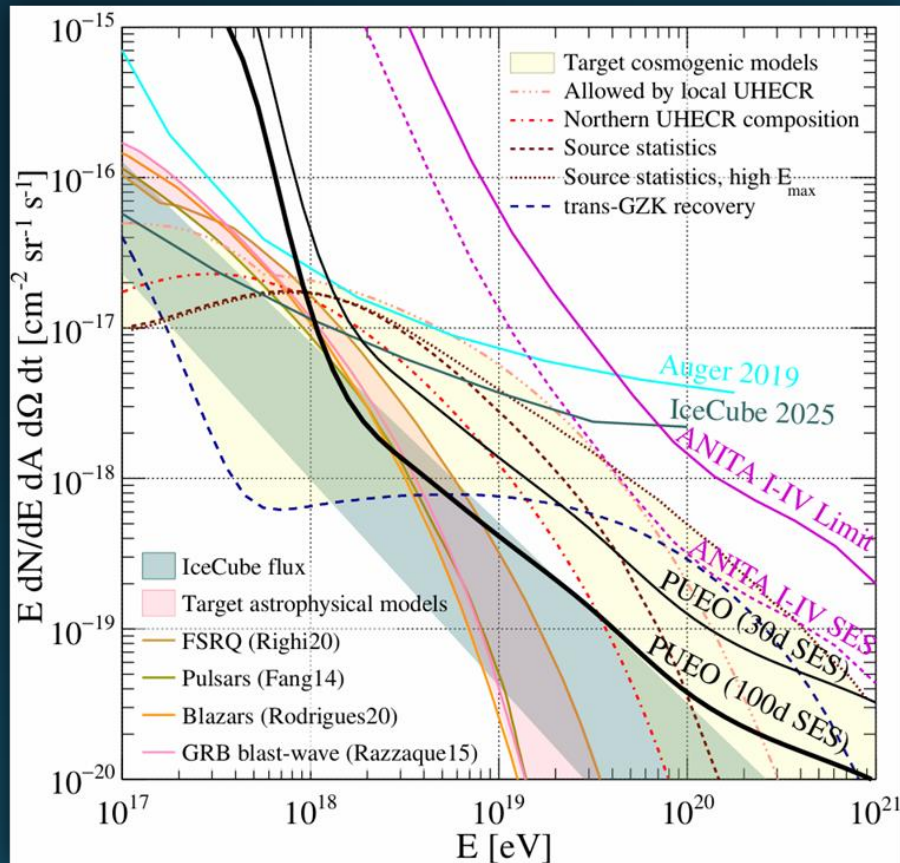
I. Both experiments successfully flown



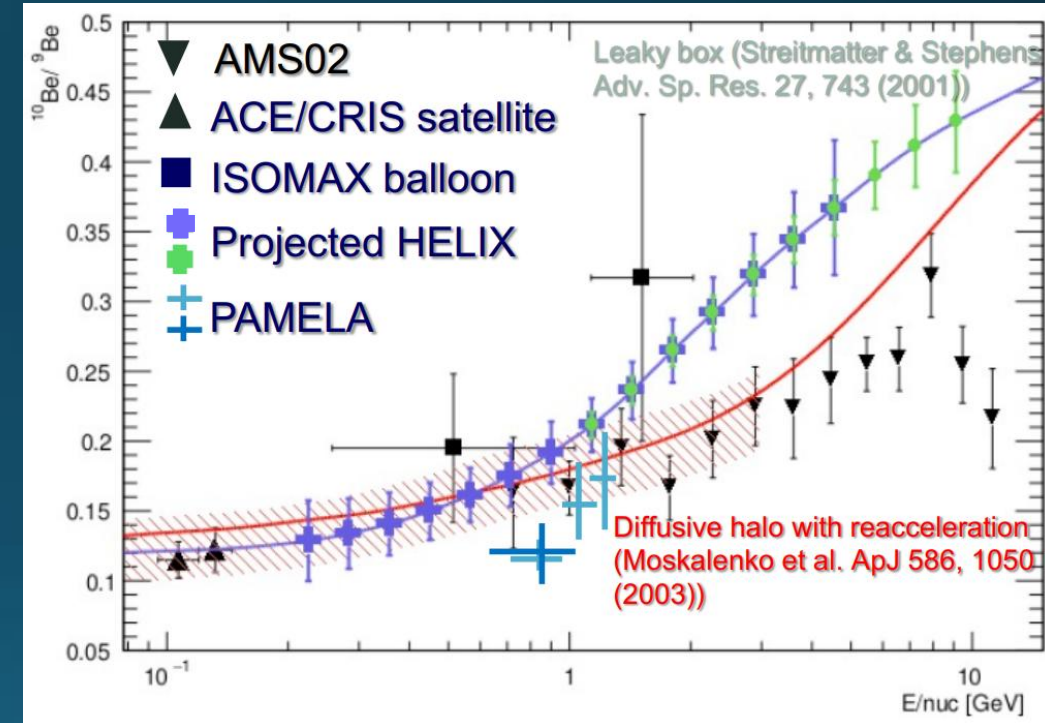
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Conclusions

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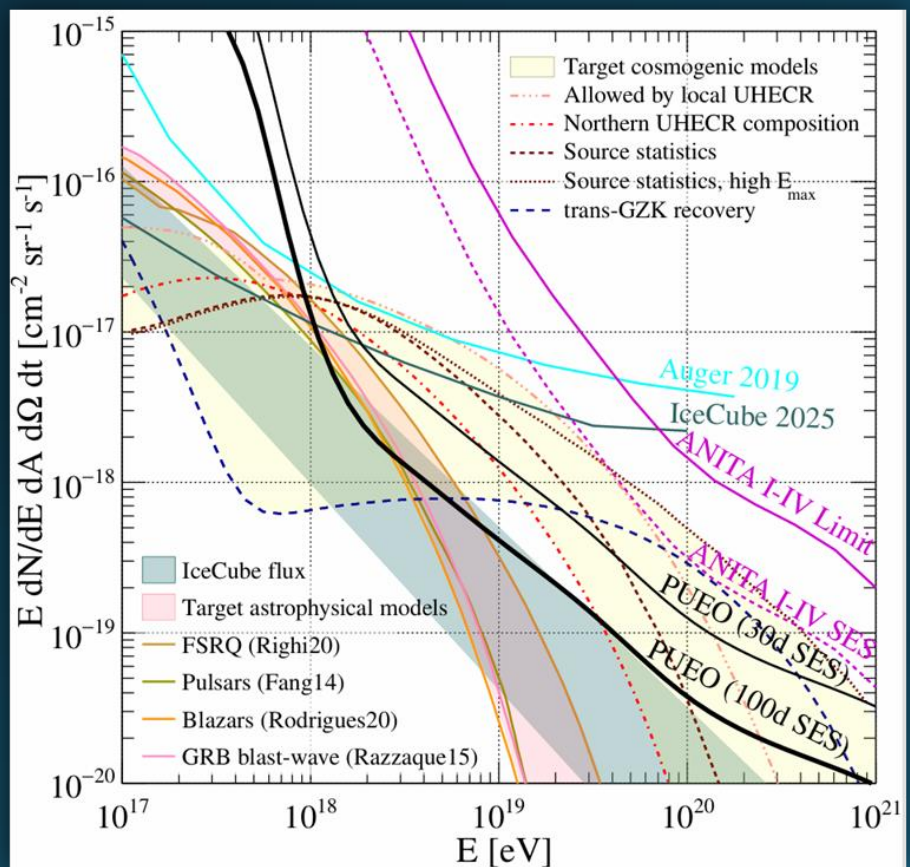
1. Both experiments successfully flown
2. Results coming very soon



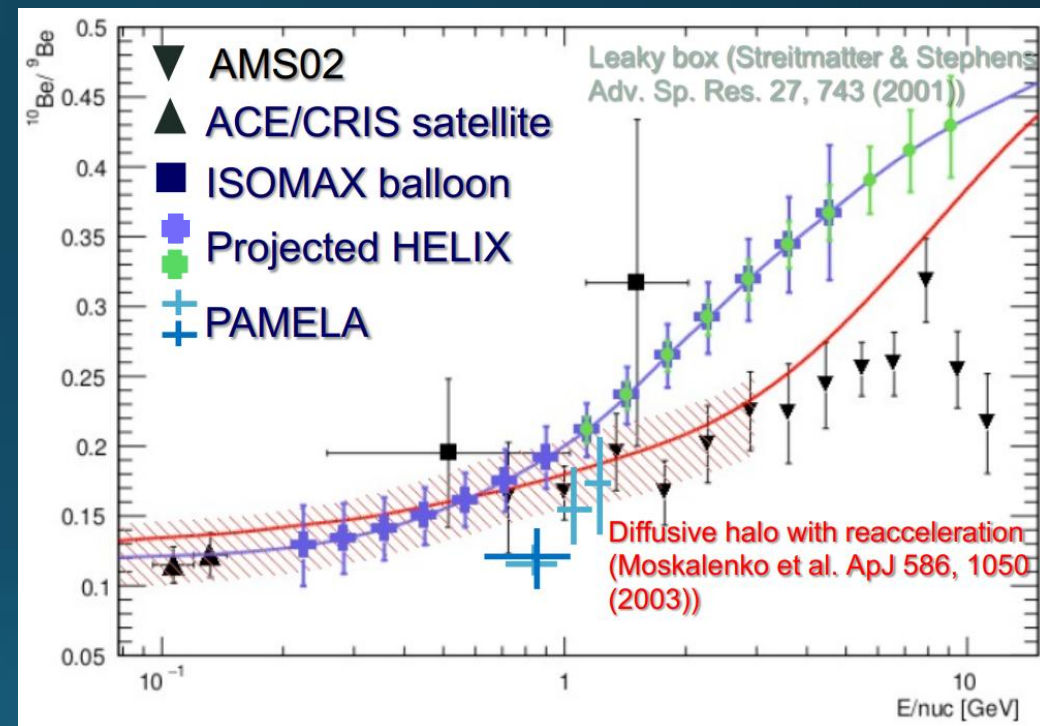
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Conclusions

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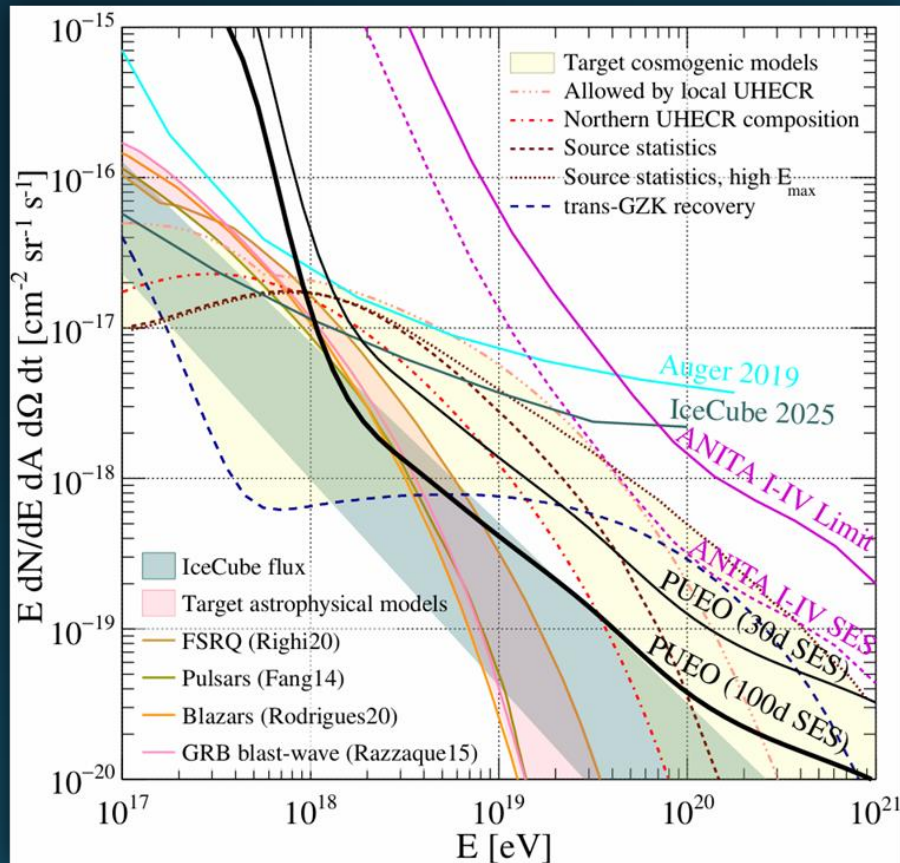
1. Both experiments successfully flown
2. Results coming very soon
3. Recovery completed



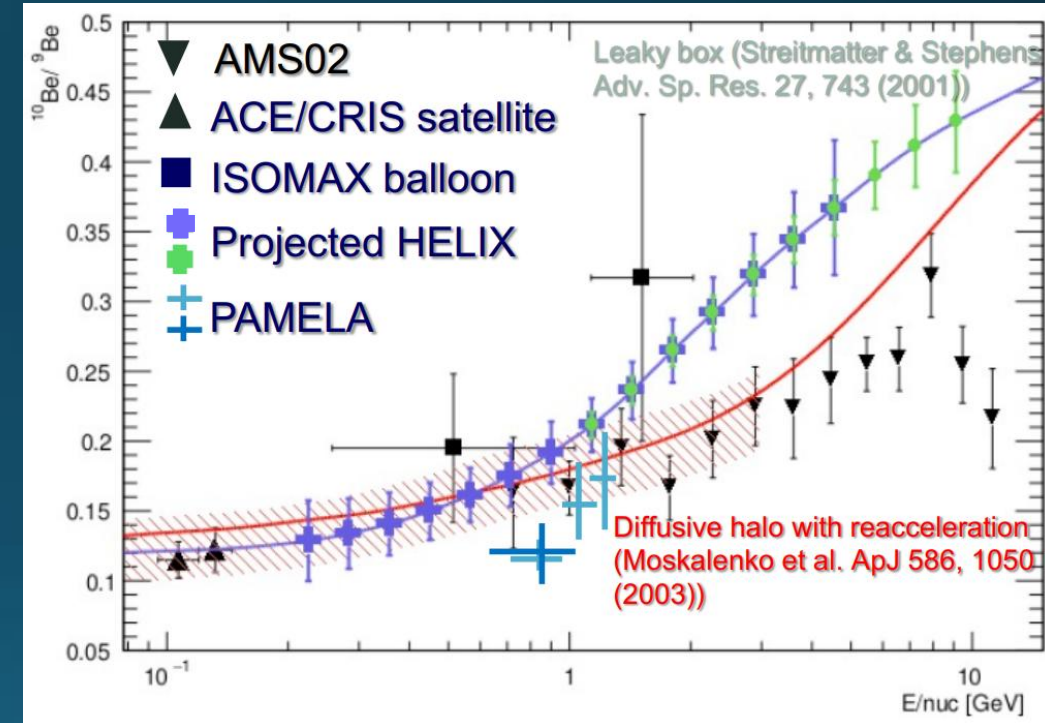
HELIX will significantly improve our understanding of GCR propagation

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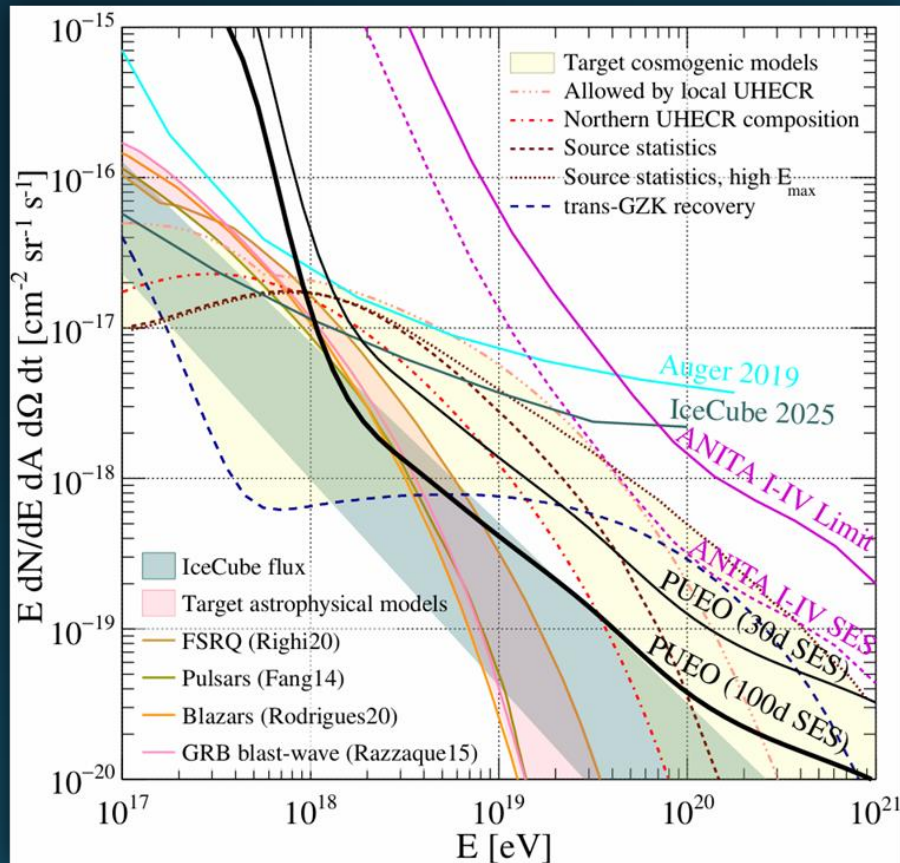
1. Both experiments successfully flown
2. Results coming very soon
3. Recovery completed
4. Refurbishment underway



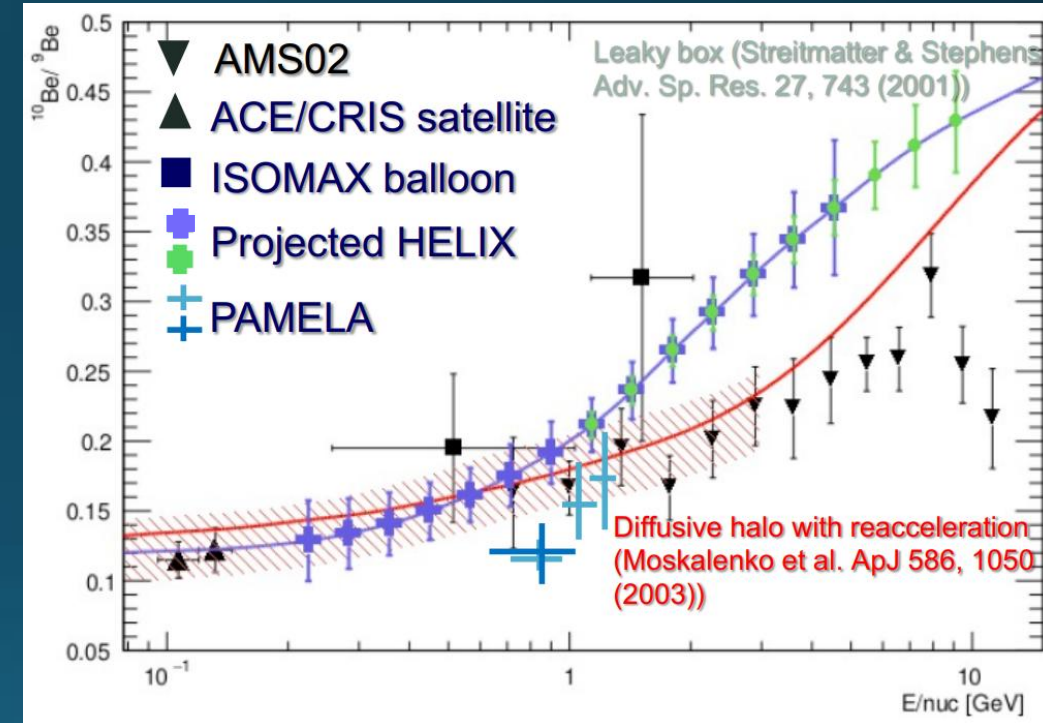
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Conclusions

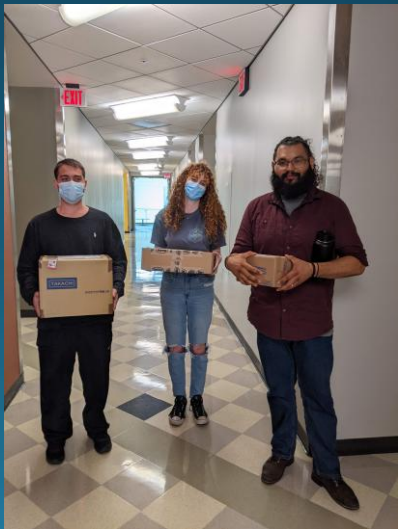
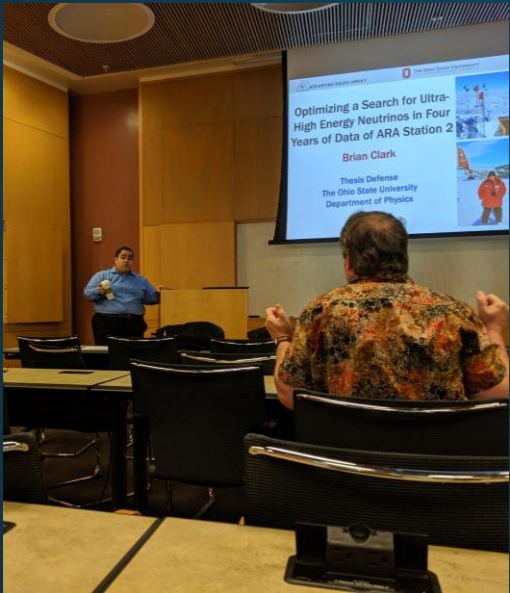
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HELIX will significantly improve our understanding of GCR propagation



Keith McBride - University of Chicago



Thank you!